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Conference Report to Accompany Food Security Act of 1985 H.R. Rep. No. 99-447 (1985)

Part 3 of 6

- Title XIV- Agricultural Research, Extension
And Teaching (pp. 197-222)**
- Title XV- Food Stamp and Related Provisions (pp. 222-255)**
- Title XVI- Marketing (pp. 255-293)**
- Title XVII- Related and Miscellaneous Matters (pp. 293-320)**
- Title XVIII- General Effective Date (pp. 320-324)**

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(b) In conducting the study required under subsection (a), the Farm Credit Administration shall—

(1) consider the advisability of using the revolving funds provided for under section 4.1 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2152) to provide initial capital for the fund referred to in subsection (a); and

(2) estimate the amount and level of future assessments levied on institutions of the Farm Credit System that would be necessary to ensure the long-term liquidity of such fund.

(c) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Farm Credit Administration shall submit a report containing the results of the study required under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

CONTINUATION OF SMALL FARMER TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

SEC. 1328. The Secretary of Agriculture shall, during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1988, maintain at substantially current levels the small farmer training and technical assistance program in the office of the Administrator of the Farmers Home Administration.

STUDY OF FARM AND HOME PLAN

SEC. 1329. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the appropriateness of the Farm and Home Plan (Form FmHA 431-2) used by the Farmers Home Administration in connection with loans made or insured under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.).

(b) After carrying out such study, if the Secretary finds the plan is inappropriate, the Secretary shall—

(1) evaluate other alternative farm plan forms for use in connection with such loans;

(2) evaluate the need to develop a new farm plan form for such use; and

(3) specify the steps that should be taken to improve or replace the current form.

(c) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report the results of the study required under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

TITLE XIV—AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND TEACHING

SUBTITLE A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1401. This title may be cited as the "National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985".

FINDINGS

SEC. 1402. Section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (8)—

- (A) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (N);*
- (B) inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (O); and*
- (C) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:*

"(P) research on new or improved food processing (such as food irradiation) or value-added food technologies;"

(2) in paragraph (10)—

(A) striking out "The research" and all that follows through the colon in the matter preceding the subparagraphs and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The research, extension, and teaching programs must be maintained and constantly adjusted to meet ever-changing challenges. National support of cooperative research, extension, and teaching efforts must be reaffirmed and strengthened to meet major needs and challenges in the following areas:"

(B) redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G) as subparagraphs (C), (D), (F), (G), (H), and (I), respectively;

(C) inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

"(B) AGRICULTURAL POLICY.—The effects of technological, economic, sociological, and environmental developments on the agricultural structure of the United States are strong and continuous. It is critical that emerging agricultural-related technologies, economic changes, and sociological and environmental developments, both national and international, be analyzed on a continuing basis in an interdisciplinary fashion to determine the effect of those forces on the structure of agriculture and to improve agricultural policy decisionmaking."

(D) inserting after subparagraph (D) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) the following new subparagraph:

"(E) COORDINATION OF BIOTECHNOLOGY RESPONSIBILITIES OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—Biotechnology guidelines and regulations must be made consistent throughout the Federal Government so they may promote scientific development and protect the public. The biotechnology risk assessment processes used by various Federal agencies must be standardized."

(E) striking out subparagraph (F) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(F) NATURAL RESOURCES.—Improved management of soil, water, forest, and range resources is vital to maintain the resource base for food, fiber, and wood production. An expanded research program in the areas of soil and water conservation and forest and range production practices is

needed to develop more economical and effective management systems. Key objectives of this research are—

“(i) incorporating water and soil-saving technologies into current and evolving production practices;

“(ii) developing more cost-effective and practical conservation technologies;

“(iii) managing water in stressed environments;

“(iv) protecting the quality of the surface water and groundwater resources of the United States;

“(v) establishing integrated multidisciplinary organic farming research projects, including research on alternative farming systems, that will identify options from which individual farmers may select the production components that are most appropriate for their individual situations;

“(vi) developing better targeted pest management systems; and

“(vii) improving forest and range management technologies that meet demands more efficiently, better protect multisource options, and enhance quality of output.”;

(F) in subparagraph (G) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B))—

(i) striking out “to” before “the economy”; and

(ii) striking out “owner-operated” before “family farms”; and

(G) striking out subparagraph (I) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subparagraph:

“(I) **INTERNATIONAL FOOD AND AGRICULTURE.**—United States agricultural production has proven its ability to produce abundant quantities of food for an expanding world population. Despite rising expectation for improved diets in the world today, there are instances of drought, civil unrest, economic crisis, or other conditions that preclude the local production or distribution of food. There are instances where localized problems impede the ability of farmers to produce needed food products. It is also recognized that many nations have progressive and effective agricultural research programs that produce results of interest and applicability to United States agriculture. The exchange of knowledge and information between nations is essential to the well-being of all nations. A dedicated effort involving the Federal Government, the State cooperative institutions, and other colleges and universities is needed to expand international food and agricultural research, extension, and teaching programs. Improved cooperation and communication by the Department of Agriculture and the cooperators with international agricultural research centers, counterpart agencies, and universities in other nations are necessary to improve food and agricultural progress throughout the world.”;

(3) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and

(4) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(12) the agricultural system of the United States—

"(A) is increasingly dependent on science and technology to maintain and improve productivity levels, manage the resource base, provide high quality products, and protect the environment; and

"(B) requires a constant source of food and agricultural scientific expertise to maintain this dynamic system."

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1403. Section 1404(8) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(8)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (H);

(2) inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (I); and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(J) international food and agricultural issues, such as agricultural development, development of institutions, germ plasm collection and preservation, information exchange and storage, and scientific exchanges;"

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1404. Section 1405 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (10); and

(2) striking out paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(11) coordinate the efforts of States, State cooperative institutions, State extension services, the Joint Council, the Advisory Board, and other appropriate institutions in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies, including biotechnology, to the farming community, with particular emphasis on addressing the unique problems of small- and medium-sized farms in gaining information about those technologies; and

"(12) establish appropriate controls with respect to the development and use of the application of biotechnology to agriculture."

JOINT COUNCIL ON FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

SEC. 1405. (a) Section 1407(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3122(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1407(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the last sentence the following new sentence: "To ensure that the views of food technologists are considered by the Joint Council, one of the members of the Joint Council shall, as determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, be appointed by the Secretary from among distinguished persons who are food technologists from accredited or certi-

fied departments of food technology, as determined by the Secretary."

(c) Section 1407(d)(2) of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (F);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (G) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(H) coordinate with the Secretary in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies to the farming community."

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EXTENSION USERS ADVISORY BOARD

SEC. 1406. (a) Section 1408(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1408(f)(2) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3123(f)(2)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (E);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (F) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(G) coordinating with the Secretary in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies to the farming community."

FEDERAL-STATE PARTNERSHIP

SEC. 1407. (a) The first sentence of section 1409A(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3124a(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4) international agricultural programs under title XII of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2220a et seq.)."

(b) Section 1409A of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(d)(1) To promote research for purposes of developing agricultural policy alternatives, the Secretary is encouraged—

"(A) to designate at least one State cooperative institution to conduct research in an interdisciplinary fashion; and

"(B) to report on a regular basis with respect to the effect of emerging technological, economic, sociological, and environmental developments on the structure of agriculture.

"(2) Support for this effort should include grants to examine the role of various food production, processing, and distribution systems that may primarily benefit small- and medium-sized family farms, such as diversified farm plans, energy, water, and soil conservation

technologies, direct and cooperative marketing, production and processing cooperatives, and rural community resource management.

"(e) To address more effectively the critical need for reducing farm input costs, improving soil, water, and energy conservation on farms and in rural areas, using sustainable agricultural methods, adopting alternative processing and marketing systems, and encouraging rural resources management, the Secretary is encouraged to designate at least one State agricultural experiment station and one Agricultural Research Service facility to examine these issues in an integrated and comprehensive manner, while conducting ongoing pilot projects contributing additional research through the Federal-State partnership."

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1408. Section 1410 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3125) is amended by—

- (1) inserting "and" at the end of paragraph (2);
- (2) striking out "; and" at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and
- (3) striking out paragraph (4).

COMPETITIVE, SPECIAL, AND FACILITIES RESEARCH GRANTS

SEC. 1409. (a)(1) The third sentence of section 2(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the work of the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes", approved August 4, 1965 (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)), is amended by—

(A) inserting ", with emphasis on biotechnology," after "(2) research" in paragraph (2);

(B) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);

(C) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(D) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(7) research to reduce farm input costs through the collection of national and international data and the transfer of appropriate technology relating to sustainable agricultural systems, soil, energy, and water conservation technologies, rural and farm resource management, and the diversification of farm product processing and marketing systems; and

"(8) research to develop new and alternative industrial uses for agricultural crops."

(2) Section 2(b) of such Act is amended by inserting after the fourth sentence the following new sentence: "No grant may be made under this subsection for any purpose for which a grant may be made under subsection (d) or for the planning, repair, rehabilitation, acquisition, or construction of a building or a facility."

(3) Effective October 1, 1985, section 2(b) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentences: "There are authorized to be appropriated, for the purpose of carrying out this subsection, \$70,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990. Four percent of the amount appropriated for each of such fiscal years to carry out this subsection may be retained by the Sec-

retary to pay administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this subsection."

(b)(1) Section 2(c) of such Act is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "No grant may be made under this subsection for any purpose for which a grant may be made under subsection (d) or for the planning, repair, rehabilitation, acquisition, or construction of a building or facility."

(2) Effective October 1, 1985, section 2(c) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Four percent of the amount appropriated for any fiscal year to carry out this subsection may be retained by the Secretary to pay administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this subsection."

(c) Section 2 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to a panel or board created for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this section."

GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

SEC. 1410. Section 1415(c)(1) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3151(c)(1)) is amended by striking out "Four" and inserting in lieu thereof "Five".

RESEARCH FACILITIES

SEC. 1411. (a) The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to assist the States to provide additional facilities for research at the State agricultural experiment stations", approved July 22, 1963 (7 U.S.C. 390), is amended by—

(1) inserting "on a matching funds basis" after "funds";

(2) inserting "and equipment" after "facilities"; and

(3) striking out "an adequate research program" and inserting in lieu thereof "agricultural research and related academic programs".

(b) Section 2 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390a) is amended by—

(1) striking out "which are to become a part of such buildings"; and

(2) inserting "matching" after "means of".

(c) Section 3 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390b) is amended by—

(1) striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph:

"(1) the term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States;" and

(2) in paragraph (2), inserting ", forestry, or veterinary medicine" after "to conduct agricultural".

(d)(1) Effective October 1, 1985, subsection (a) of section 4 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390c(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) There are authorized to be appropriated, for grants to eligible institutions under this Act to be used for the purpose set out in section 2, \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990."

(2) Subsection (b) of section 4 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) No grant may be made under section 2 for an amount exceeding a percentage determined by the Secretary of the cost of the project for which such grant is made. The remaining cost of such project shall be paid with funds from non-Federal sources."

(e) The first sentence of section 5 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390d) is amended by—

(1) striking out "apportioned"; and

(2) striking out ", which are to become part of such buildings";

(f) Section 6 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390e) is repealed.

(g) Section 7 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390f) is amended by—

(1) inserting "equipment and" after "multiple-purpose"; and

(2) inserting "and related programs, including forestry and veterinary medicine," after "research".

(h) Section 8 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390g) is repealed.

(i)(1) The first sentence of section 9(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390h(a)) is amended by—

(A) striking out "authorized to receive" and inserting in lieu thereof "that receives";

(B) striking out "section 4" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2"; and

(C) striking out "section 4(b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 3(2)".

(2) Section 9(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390h(b)) is amended by—

(A) striking out "allotted funds received" and inserting in lieu thereof "funds received under this Act"; and

(B) striking out "allocated or".

(j) Clause (3) of section 10 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390i) is amended to read as follows: "(3) those eligible institutions, if any, that were prevented, because of failure to repay funds as required by section 7(b), from receiving any grant under this Act".

(k) Sections 7, 9, 10, and 11 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390f, 390h, 390i, 390j) are redesignated as sections 6, 7, 8, and 9, respectively.

(l) Such Act (7 U.S.C. 390 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 10. This Act may be cited as the 'Research Facilities Act'."

GRANTS AND FELLOWSHIPS FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES EDUCATION

SEC. 1412. (a) Section 1417(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152(a)) is amended by—

(1) in the second sentence of paragraph (2), striking out "Such grants shall be made without regard to matching funds, but each" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each"; and

(2) striking out the last sentence of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentence:

"Each recipient institution shall have a significant ongoing commitment to the food and agricultural sciences generally and to the specific subject area for which such grant is to be used."

(b) Subsection (d) of section 1417 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated for purposes of carrying out this section \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1982, through September 30, 1990."

(c) Section 1417 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2.) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to a panel or board created for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this section."

FOOD AND HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH AND EXTENSION PROGRAM

SEC. 1413. Sections 1424 and 1427 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3174 and 3177) are repealed.

ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE RESEARCH

SEC. 1414. (a) The first sentence of section 1432(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3194(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) The first sentence of section 1433(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3195(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(c) Section 1434(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3196(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

EXTENSION AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

SEC. 1415. The third sentence of section 1444(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out ", through the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985,"; and

(2) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and related acts pertaining to cooperative extension work at the land-grant institutions identified in the Act of May 8, 1914 (38 Stat. 372, chapter 79; 7 U.S.C. 341 et seq.)."

GRANTS TO UPGRADE 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGE EXTENSION FACILITIES

SEC. 1416. (a) It is the intent of Congress to assist institutions eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 417, chapter 841; 7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee Institute (hereafter in this section referred to as "eligible institutions"), in the acquisition and improvement of extension facilities and equipment so that eligible institutions may participate fully with the State cooperative extension services in a balanced way in meeting the extension needs of the people of their respective States.

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this section \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, such sums to remain available until expended.

(c) Four percent of the sums appropriated under this section shall be available to the Secretary of Agriculture for administration of the grants program under this section. The remaining funds shall be made available for grants to the eligible institutions for the purpose of assisting the institutions in the purchase of equipment and land, and the planning, construction, alteration, or renovation of buildings, to provide adequate facilities to conduct extension work in their respective States.

(d) Grants awarded under this section shall be made in such amounts and under such terms and conditions as the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine necessary for carrying out this section.

(e) Federal funds provided under this section may not be used for the payment of any overhead costs of the eligible institutions.

(f) The Secretary of Agriculture may promulgate such rules and regulations as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this section.

RESEARCH AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

SEC. 1417. (a) Section 1445(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No more than 5 percent of the funds received by an institution in any fiscal year, under this section, may be carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year."

(b) Paragraph (2) of section 1445(g) is amended to read as follows: "(2) If it appears to the Secretary from the annual statement of receipts and expenditures of funds by any eligible institution that an amount in excess of 5 percent of the preceding annual appropriation allotted to that institution under this section remains unexpended, such amount in excess of 5 percent of the preceding annual appropriation allotted to that institution shall be deducted from the next succeeding annual allotment to the institution."

INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EXTENSION

SEC. 1418. Section 1458(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3291(a)) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (3), striking out "the training of" and inserting in lieu thereof "providing technical assistance, training, and advice to"; and

(2) in paragraph (4), inserting "through the development of highly qualified scientists with specialization in international development" after "countries".

INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

SEC. 1419. (a) Effective October 1, 1985, the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) is amended by inserting, after section 1458, the following:

**"GRANTS TO STATES FOR INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT
CENTERS**

"SEC. 1458A. (a) The Secretary shall establish and carry out a program to make grants to States for the establishment and operation of international trade development centers, or the expansion of existing international trade development centers, in the United States to enhance the exportation of agricultural products and related products. Such grants shall be based on a matching formula of 50 per centum Federal and 50 per centum State funding (including funds received by the State from private sources and from units of local government).

"(b) In making grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give preference to States that intend to use, as sites for international trade development centers, land-grant colleges and universities (as defined in section 1404(10) of this Act) that—

"(1) operate agricultural programs;

"(2) have existing international trade programs that use an interdisciplinary approach and are operated jointly with State and Federal agencies to address international trade problems; and

"(3) have an effective and progressive communications system that might be linked on an international basis to conduct conferences or trade negotiations.

"(c) Such centers may—

"(1) through research, establish a permanent data base to address the problems faced by potential exporters, including language barriers, interaction with representatives of foreign governments, transportation of goods and products, insurance and financing within foreign countries, and collecting international marketing data;

"(2) be used to house permanent or temporary exhibits that will stimulate and educate trade delegations from foreign nations with respect to agricultural products and related products produced in the United States and be made available for use by State and regional entities for exhibits, trade seminars, and negotiations involving such products; and

"(3) carry out such other activities relating to the exportation of agricultural products and related products as the Secretary may approve.

"(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section."

(b) Effective October 1, 1985, the table of contents of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 is amended by inserting a new item:

"Sec. 1458A. Grants to States for international trade development centers." after the item

"Sec. 1458. International agricultural research and extension."

AGRICULTURAL INFORMATION EXCHANGE WITH IRELAND

SEC. 1420. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall undertake discussions with representatives of the Government of Ireland that may lead to an agreement that will provide for the development of a pro-

gram between the United States and Ireland whereby there will be—

(1) a greater exchange of—

(A) agricultural scientific and educational information, techniques, and data;

(B) agricultural marketing information, techniques, and data; and

(C) agricultural producer, student, teacher, agribusiness (private and cooperative) personnel; and

(2) the fostering of joint investment ventures, cooperative research, and the expansion of United States trade with Ireland.

(b) The Secretary shall periodically report to the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate to keep such Committees apprised of the progress and accomplishments, and such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate, with regard to the development of such program.

STUDIES

SEC. 1421. Sections 1459, 1460, 1461, and 1462 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3301, 3302, 3303, and 3304) are repealed.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH PROGRAMS

SEC. 1422. (a) Effective October 1, 1985, section 1463(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3311(a)) is amended by striking out "\$505,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$600,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, \$610,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, \$620,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, \$630,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and \$640,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

(b) Effective October 1, 1985, section 1463(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3311(b)) is amended by striking out "\$120,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$270,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, \$280,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, \$290,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, \$300,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and \$310,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR EXTENSION EDUCATION

SEC. 1423. Effective October 1, 1985, section 1464 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3312) is amended by striking out "\$260,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$370,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, \$380,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, \$390,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, \$400,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and \$420,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

CONTRACTS, GRANTS, AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1424. Section 1472 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3318) is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d) as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and

(2) inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

“(b)(1) Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may use a cooperative agreement as the legal instrument reflecting a relationship between the Secretary and a State cooperative institution, State department of agriculture, college, university, other research or educational institution or organization, Federal or private agency or organization, individual, or any other party, if the Secretary determines that—

“(A) the objectives of the agreement will serve a mutual interest of the parties to the agreement in agricultural research, extension, and teaching activities, including statistical reporting; and

“(B) all parties will contribute resources to the accomplishment of those objectives.

“(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any Federal agency may participate in any such cooperative agreement by contributing funds through the appropriate agency of the Department of Agriculture or otherwise if it is mutually agreed that the objectives of the agreement will further the authorized programs of the contributing agency.”

INDIRECT COSTS

SEC. 1425. Section 1473 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: “The prohibition on the use of such funds for the reimbursement of indirect costs shall not apply to funds for international agricultural programs conducted by a State cooperative institution and administered by the Secretary or to funds provided by a Federal agency for such cooperative program or project through a fund transfer, advance, or reimbursement. The Secretary shall limit the amount of such reimbursement to an amount necessary to carry out such program or agreement.”

COST-REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1426. The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1473 (7 U.S.C. 3319) the following new section:

“COST-REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS

“SEC. 1473A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may enter into cost-reimbursable agreements with State cooperative institutions without regard to any requirement for competition, for the acquisition of goods or services, including personal services, to carry out agricultural research, extension, or teaching activities of mutual interest. Reimbursable costs under

such agreements shall include the actual direct costs of performance, as mutually agreed on by the parties, and the indirect costs of performance, not exceeding 10 percent of the direct cost."

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 1427. The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (as amended by section 1425) is amended by inserting after section 1473A the following new sections:

"TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT FOR SMALL- AND MEDIUM-SIZED FARMING OPERATIONS

"SEC. 1473B. It is the sense of Congress that the agricultural research, extension, and teaching activities conducted by the Secretary of Agriculture relating to the development, application, transfer, or delivery of agricultural technology, and, to the greatest extent practicable, any funding that is received by the Secretary of Agriculture for such activities, should be directed to technology that can be used effectively by small- and medium-sized farming operations.

"SPECIAL TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM

"SEC. 1473C. (a) Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may enter into a cooperative agreement with a private agency, organization, or individual to share the cost of a research project, or to allow the use of a Federal facility or service on a cost-sharing or cost reimbursable basis, to develop new agricultural technology to further a research program of the Secretary.

"(b) For each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, not more than \$3,000,000 of the funds appropriated to the Agricultural Research Service for such fiscal year may be used to carry out this section.

"(c)(1) To be eligible to receive a contribution under this section, matching funds in an amount equal to at least 50 percent of such contribution shall be provided from non-Federal sources by the recipient or recipients of such contribution.

"(2) Funds received by the Secretary under this section shall be deposited in a separate account or accounts, to be available until expended. Such funds may be used to pay directly the costs of such research projects and to repay or make advances to appropriations or funds that do or will initially bear all or part of such costs.

"(3) The amount of funds or in kind assistance that may be made available under this section by the Secretary for a particular research project may not exceed—

"(A) an amount of \$50,000 in any fiscal year; or

"(B) a total amount of \$150,000."

SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS

SEC. 1428. The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) (as amended by section 1426) is amended by inserting after section 1473C the following new section:

"SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS

"SEC. 1473D. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the period beginning October 1, 1986, and ending September 30, 1990, the Secretary shall develop and implement a research and pilot project program for the development of supplemental and alternative crops, using such funds as are appropriated to the Secretary each fiscal year under this title.

"(b) The development of supplemental and alternative crops is of critical importance to producers of agricultural commodities whose livelihood is threatened by the decline in demand experienced with respect to certain of their crops due to changes in consumption patterns or other related causes.

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall use such research funding, special or competitive grants, or other means, as the Secretary determines, to further the purposes of this section in the implementation of a comprehensive and integrated program.

"(2) The program developed and implemented by the Secretary shall include—

"(A) an examination of the adaptation of supplemental and alternative crops;

"(B) the establishment and extension of various methods of planting, cultivating, harvesting, and processing supplemental and alternative crops at pilot sites in areas adversely affected by declining demand for crops grown in the area;

"(C) the transfer of such applied research from pilot sites to on-farm practice as soon as practicable;

"(D) the establishment through grants, cooperative agreements, or other means of such processing, storage, and transportation facilities near such pilot sites for supplemental and alternative crops as the Secretary determines will facilitate the achievement of a successful pilot program; and

"(E) the application of such other resources and expertise as the Secretary considers appropriate to support the program.

"(3) The pilot program may include, but shall not be limited to, agreements, grants, and other arrangements—

"(A) to conduct comprehensive resource and infrastructure assessments;

"(B) to develop and introduce supplemental and alternative income-producing crops;

"(C) to develop and expand domestic and export markets for such crops; and

"(D) to provide technical assistance to farm owners and operators, marketing cooperatives, and others.

"(d) The Secretary shall use the expertise and resources of the Agricultural Research Service, the Cooperative State Research Service, the Extension Service, and the land-grant colleges and universities for the purpose of carrying out this section."

AQUACULTURE

SEC. 1429. (a) Section 1475 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3322) is amended by—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (b)—

- (A) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);
 (B) inserting "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (3); and
 (C) inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) nonprofit private research institutions;"

(2) in the last sentence of subsection (b), inserting "(of which amount an in-kind contribution may not exceed 50 percent)" after "matching grant";

(3) in the first sentence of subsection (d), striking out "State agencies" and all that follows through "universities," and inserting in lieu thereof "any of the non-Federal entities specified in subsection (b)";

(4) adding at the end of subsection (d) the following new sentence: "To the extent practicable, the aquaculture research, development, and demonstration centers established under this subsection shall be geographically located so that they are representative of the regional aquaculture opportunities in the United States."; and

(5) in the first sentence of subsection (e), inserting "the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries," after "House Committee on Agriculture,".

(b) Section 1476 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3323) is repealed.

(c) Section 1477 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3324) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 1477. There is authorized to be appropriated \$7,500,000 for each fiscal year beginning after the effective date of this subtitle, and ending with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990."

RANGELAND RESEARCH

SEC. 1430. (a) The first sentence of section 1482(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3335(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1483(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3336(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR FEDERAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITIES

SEC. 1431. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1988, through September 30, 1990, such sums as may be necessary for the planning, construction, acquisition, alteration, and repair of buildings and other public improvements, including the cost of acquiring or obtaining rights to use land, of or used by the Agricultural Research Service, except that—

(1) the cost of planning any one facility shall not exceed \$500,000; and

(2) the total cost of any one facility shall not exceed \$5,000,000.

(b) Not later than 60 days after the end of each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report specifying—

(1) the location of each building, laboratory, research facility, and other public improvement of or to be used by the Agricultural Research Service that is planned, constructed, acquired, repaired, or remodeled, with funds appropriated under subsection (a), in the fiscal year involved; and

(2) with respect to each such building, laboratory, research facility, and improvement—

(A) the amount of such funds obligated in the fiscal year; and

(B) the amount of such funds expended in the fiscal year for such item.

DAIRY GOAT RESEARCH

SEC. 1432. Effective October 1, 1985, section 1432(b)(5) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 3222 note) is amended by striking out "September" the first place it appears and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990".

GRANTS TO UPGRADE 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGE RESEARCH FACILITIES

SEC. 1433. (a) Section 1433(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 3223(a)) is amended by inserting ", including agricultural libraries," after "equipment".

(b) Section 1433(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3223(b)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" after "1985,"; and

(2) inserting "and September 30, 1987," after "1986,".

SOYBEAN RESEARCH ADVISORY INSTITUTE

SEC. 1434. Section 1446 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 2281 note) is repealed.

SMITH-LEVER ACT

SEC. 1435. (a) Section 2 of the Act of May 8, 1914 (38 Stat. 372, chapter 79; 7 U.S.C. 342) (hereafter in this section referred to as the Smith-Lever Act) (7 U.S.C. 342) is amended by—

(1) inserting "development of practical applications of research knowledge and" after "consist of the"; and

(2) inserting "of existing or improved practices or technologies" after "practical demonstrations".

(b) Section 3 of the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 343) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(f)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture may conduct educational, instructional, demonstration, and publication distribution programs through the Federal Extension Service and enter into cooperative agreements with private nonprofit and profit organizations and in-

dividuals to share the cost of such programs through contributions from private sources as provided in this subsection.

"(2) The Secretary may receive contributions under this subsection from private sources for the purposes described in paragraph (1) and provide matching funds in an amount not greater than 50 percent of such contributions.

(c)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine whether any funds that are—

(A) appropriated after the date of the enactment of this Act to carry out the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 341 et seq.), other than section 8 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 347a); and

(B) in excess of the aggregate amount appropriated to carry out the Smith-Lever Act (other than section 8 of such Act) in the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985,
can be allocated more effectively among the States.

(2) Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report summarizing the results of such study and containing the recommendations of the Secretary regarding the allocation of such funds.

(d) This section and the amendments made by this section shall become effective on October 1, 1985.

MARKET EXPANSION RESEARCH

SEC. 1436. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, using available funds, shall increase and intensify research programs conducted by or for the Department of Agriculture that are directed at developing technology to overcome barriers to expanded sales of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof in domestic and foreign markets, including research programs for the development of procedures to meet plant quarantine requirements and improvement in the transportation and handling of perishable agricultural commodities.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a research and development program to formulate new uses for farm and forest products. Such program shall include, but not be limited to, research and development of industrial, new, and value-added products.

(2) To the extent practicable, the Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out the program authorized in this subsection with colleges and universities, private industry, and Federal and State entities through a combination of grants, cooperative agreements, contracts, and interagency agreements.

(3)(A) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the program authorized under this subsection.

(B) In addition, the Secretary may use funds appropriated or made available to the Secretary under provisions of law other than subparagraph (A) to carry out such program.

(C) To the extent requests are made for matching funds under such program, the total amount of funds used by the Secretary to carry out the program under this subsection may not be less than

\$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990.

(4) Funds appropriated under subparagraph (A) or made available under subparagraph (B) may be transferred among appropriation accounts to carry out the purposes of the program authorized under this subsection.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal share of the cost of each research or development project funded under this subsection may not exceed 50 percent of the cost of such project.

PESTICIDE RESISTANCE STUDY

SEC. 1437. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture is encouraged to conduct a study on the detection and management of pesticide resistance and, within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the President and Congress a report on such study.

(b) The study shall include—

(1) a review of existing efforts to examine and identify the mechanisms, genetics, and ecological dynamics of target populations of insect and plant pests developing resistance to pesticides;

(2) a review of existing efforts to monitor current and historical patterns of pesticide resistance; and

(3) a strategy for the establishment of a national pesticide resistance monitoring program, involving Federal, State, and local agencies, as well as the private sector.

EXPANSION OF EDUCATION STUDY

SEC. 1438. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Education are authorized to take such joint action as may be necessary to expand the scope of the study, known as the Study of Agriculture Education on the Secondary Level, currently being conducted by the National Academy of Sciences and sponsored jointly by the Departments of Agriculture and Education to include—

(1) a study of the potential use of modern technology in the teaching of agriculture programs at the secondary school level; and

(2) recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences on how modern technology can be most effectively utilized in the teaching of agricultural programs at the secondary school level.

(b) Any increase in the cost of conducting such study as a result of expanding the scope of such study pursuant to subsection (a) shall be borne by the Secretary of Agriculture out of funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture for research and education or from funds made available to the National Academy of Sciences from private sources to expand the scope of such study.

CRITICAL AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS

SEC. 1439. (a) Section 5(b)(9) of the Critical Agricultural Materials Act (7 U.S.C. 178c(b)(9)) is amended by inserting “, carrying out demonstration projects to promote the development or commercialization of such crops (including projects designed to expand domestic or foreign markets for such crops),” after “purposes,”.

(b) Section 5 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in carrying out a demonstration project referred to in subsection (b)(9), the Secretary may—

"(1) enter into a contract or cooperative agreement with, or provide a grant to, any person, or public or private agency or organization, to participate in, carry out, support, or stimulate such project;

"(2) make available for purposes of clause (1) agricultural commodities or the products thereof acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation under price support operations conducted by the Corporation; or

"(3) use any funds appropriated pursuant to section 16(a), or any funds provided by any person, or public or private agency or organization, to carry out such project or reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for agricultural commodities or products that are utilized in connection with such project."

SPECIAL GRANTS FOR FINANCIALLY STRESSED FARMERS AND DISLOCATED FARMERS

SEC. 1440. (a) Section 502 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) SPECIAL GRANTS FOR FINANCIALLY STRESSED FARMERS AND DISLOCATED FARMERS.—(1)(A) The Secretary shall provide special grants for programs to develop income alternatives for farmers who have been adversely affected by the current farm and rural economic crisis and those displaced from farming.

"(B) Such programs shall consist of educational and counseling services to farmers to—

"(i) assess human and nonhuman resources;

"(ii) assess income earning alternatives;

"(iii) identify resources and opportunities available to the farmer in the local community, county, and State;

"(iv) implement financial planning and management strategies; and

"(v) provide linkages to specific resources and opportunities that are available to the farmer, such as reentering agriculture, new business opportunities, other off-farm jobs, job search programs, and retraining skills.

"(C) The Secretary also may provide support to mental health officials in developing outreach programs in rural areas.

"(2) Grants may be made under paragraph (1) during the period beginning on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 and ending 3 years after such date."

(b) Section 503(c) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2663(c)) is amended by inserting "and section 502(f)" after "section 502(e)" both times it appears.

ANNUAL REPORT ON FAMILY FARMS

SEC. 1441. Section 102(b) of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2266(b)) is amended by—

(1) designating the first and second sentences as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and

(2) amending paragraph (2) (as so designated) to read as follows:

"(2) The Secretary shall also include in each such report—

"(A) information on how existing agricultural and agriculture-related programs are being administered to enhance and strengthen the family farm system of agriculture in the United States;

"(B) an assessment of how tax, credit, and other current Federal income, excise, estate, and other tax laws, and proposed changes in such laws, may affect the structure and organization of, returns to, and investment opportunities by family and non-family farm owners and operators, both foreign and domestic;

"(C) identification and analysis of new food and agricultural production and processing technological developments, especially in the area of biotechnology, and evaluation of the potential effect of such developments on—

"(i) the economic structure of the family farm system;

"(ii) the competitive status of domestically-produced agricultural commodities and foods in foreign markets; and

"(iii) the achievement of Federal agricultural program objectives;

"(D) an assessment of the credit needs of family farms and the extent to which those needs are being met, and an analysis of the effects of the farm credit situation on the economic structure of the family farm system;

"(E) an assessment of how economic policies and trade policies of the United States affect the financial operation of, and prospects for, family farm operations;

"(F) an assessment of the effect of Federal farm programs and policies on family farms and non-family farms that—

"(i) derive the majority of their income from non-farm sources; and

"(ii) derive the majority of their income from farming operations; and

"(G) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate or determines would aid Congress in protecting, preserving, and strengthening the family farm system of agriculture in the United States."

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TABLES OF CONTENTS

SEC. 1442. (a) The table of contents of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-113; 91 Stat. 913) (as amended by sections 1413, 1420, 1425, 1426, 1427, and 1428(b)) is amended by—

(1) striking out the items relating to sections 1424, 1427, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1476;

(2) inserting after the item relating to section 1473 the following new items:

"Sec. 1473A. Cost-reimbursable agreements.

"Sec. 1473B. Technology development for small- and medium-sized farming operations.

"Sec. 1473C. Special technology development research program.

"Sec. 1473D. Supplemental and alternative crops."; and

(3) striking out the item relating to section 1477 and inserting in lieu thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 1477. Authorization for appropriations."

(b) The table of contents of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-98; 95 Stat. 1213) (as amended by section 1433) is amended by striking out the item relating to section 1446.

SUBTITLE B—HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH

FINDINGS

SEC. 1451. Congress finds that—

(1) nutrition and health considerations are important to United States agricultural policy;

(2) section 1405 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121) designates the Department of Agriculture as the lead agency of the Federal Government for human nutrition research (except with respect to the biomedical aspects of human nutrition concerned with diagnosis or treatment of disease);

(3) section 1423 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3173) requires the Secretary of Agriculture to establish research into food and human nutrition as a separate and distinct mission of the Department of Agriculture;

(4) the Secretary has established a nutrition education program; and

(5) nutrition research continues to be of great importance to those involved in agricultural production.

HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH

SEC. 1452. (a) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture (hereafter in this subtitle referred to as the "Secretary") shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a comprehensive plan for implementing a national food and human nutrition research program, including recommendations relating to research directions, educational activities, and funding levels necessary to carry out such plan.

(b) Not later than 1 year after the date of the submission of the plan required under subsection (a), and each year thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to such committees an annual report on the human nutrition research activities conducted by the Secretary.

DIETARY ASSESSMENT AND STUDIES

SEC. 1453. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall jointly conduct an assessment of existing scientific literature and research relating to—

(1) the relationship between dietary cholesterol and blood cholesterol and human health and nutrition; and

(2) dietary calcium and its importance in human health and nutrition.

In conducting the assessments under this subsection, the Secretaries shall consult with agencies of the Federal Government involved in related research. On completion of such assessments, the Secretaries

shall each recommend such further studies as the Secretaries consider useful.

(b) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall each submit to the House Committees on Agriculture and Energy and Commerce and the Senate Committees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and Labor and Human Resources a report that shall include the results of the assessments conducted under subsection (a) and recommendations made under such subsection, for more complete studies of the issues examined under such subsection, including a protocol, feasibility assessment, budget estimates and a timetable for such research as each Secretary shall consider appropriate.

SUBTITLE C—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY RESEARCH

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1461. For purposes of this subtitle:

(1) The term "extension" shall have the same meaning given to such term by section 1404(7) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(7)).

(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(3) The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(4) The term "State agricultural experiment stations" shall have the meaning given to such term by section 1404(13) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101(13)).

FINDINGS

SEC. 1462. Congress finds that—

(1) highly productive and efficient agricultural systems and sound conservation practices are essential to ensure the long-term agricultural viability and profitability of farms and ranches in the United States;

(2) agricultural research and technology transfer activities of the Secretary (including activities of the Extension Service, the Agricultural Research Service, and the Cooperative State Research Service), State cooperative extension services, land-grant and other colleges and universities, and State agricultural experiment stations—

(A) have contributed greatly to innovation in agriculture; and

(B) have a continuing role to play in improving agricultural productivity;

(3) the annual irretrievable loss of billions of tons of precious topsoil through wind and water erosion reduces agricultural productivity;

(4) many farmers and ranchers are highly dependent on machines and energy resources for agricultural production;

(5) public funding of a properly planned and balanced agricultural research program is essential to improving efficiency in agricultural production and conservation practices; and

(6) expanded agricultural research and extension efforts are needed to assist farmers and ranchers to—

(A) improve agricultural productivity; and

(B) implement soil, water, and energy conservation practices.

PURPOSES

SEC. 1463. It is the purpose of this subtitle to—

(1) facilitate and promote scientific investigation in order to—

(A) enhance agricultural productivity;

(B) maintain the productivity of land;

(C) reduce soil erosion and loss of water and plant nutrients; and

(D) conserve energy and natural resources; and

(2) facilitate the conduct of research projects in order to study agricultural production systems that—

(A) are located, to the extent practicable, in areas that possess various soil, climatic, and physical characteristics;

(B) have been, and will continue to be, managed using farm production practices that rely on—

(i) items purchased for the production of an agricultural commodity; and

(ii) a variety of conservation practices; and

(C) are subjected to a change from the practices described in subparagraph (B)(i) to the practices described in subparagraph (B)(ii).

INFORMATION STUDY

SEC. 1464. (a) Subject to section 1468, the Secretary shall inventory and classify by subject matter all studies, reports, and other materials developed by any person or governmental agency with the participation or financial assistance of the Secretary, that could be used to promote the purposes of this subtitle.

(b) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) identify, assess, and classify existing information and research reports that will further the purposes of this subtitle, including information and research relating to legume-crop rotation, the use of green manure, animal manures, and municipal wastes in agricultural production, soil acidity, liming in relation to nutrient release, intercropping, the role of organic matter in soil productivity and erosion control, the effect of topsoil loss on soil productivity, and biological methods of weed, disease, and insect control;

(2) identify which of such reports provide useful information and make such useful reports available to farmers and ranchers; and

(3) identify gaps in such information and carry out a research program to fill such gaps.

RESEARCH PROJECTS

SEC. 1465. (a) Subject to section 1468, in cooperation with Federal and State research agencies and agricultural producers, the Secretary shall conduct such research projects as are needed to obtain data, draw conclusions, and demonstrate technologies necessary to promote the purposes of this subtitle.

(b) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall conduct projects and studies in areas that are broadly representative of United States agricultural production, including production on small farms.

(c) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary may conduct research projects involving crops, soils, production methods, and weed, insect, and disease pests on individual fields or other areas of land.

(d) In the case of a research project conducted under this section that involves the planting of a sequence of crops, the Secretary shall conduct such project for a term of—

(1) at least 5 years; and

(2) to the extent practicable, 12 to 15 years.

(e)(1) In coordination with the Extension Service and State cooperative extension services, the Secretary shall take such steps as are necessary to ensure that farmers and ranchers are aware of projects conducted under this section.

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that such projects are open for public observation at specified times.

(f)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may indemnify an operator of a project conducted under this section for damage incurred or undue losses sustained as a result of a rigid requirement of research or demonstration under such project that is not experienced in normal farming operations.

(2) An indemnity payment under paragraph (1) shall be subject to any agreement between a project grantee and operator entered into prior to the initiation of such project.

COORDINATION

SEC. 1466. The Secretary shall—

(1) establish a panel of experts consisting of representatives of the Agricultural Research Service, Cooperative State Research Service, Soil Conservation Service, Extension Service, State cooperative extension services, State agricultural experiment stations, and other specialists in agricultural research and technology transfer; and

(2) ensure that a research project under this subtitle is designed after taking into consideration the views of such panel.

REPORTS

SEC. 1467. The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate—

(1) not later than 180 days after the effective date of this subtitle, a report describing the design of research projects established in accordance with sections 1465 and 1466;

(2) not later than 15 months after the effective date of this subtitle, a report describing the results of the program carried out under section 1464; and

(3) not later than April 1, 1987, and each April 1 thereafter, a report describing the progress of projects conducted under this subtitle, including—

(A) a summary and analysis of data collected under such projects; and

(B) recommendations based on such data for new basic or applied research.

AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1468. *The Secretary may carry out sections 1464 and 1465 through agreements with land-grant colleges or universities, other universities, State agricultural experiment stations, nonprofit organizations, or Federal or State governmental entities, that have demonstrated appropriate expertise in agricultural research and technology transfer.*

DISSEMINATION OF DATA

SEC. 1469. *The Secretary shall—*

(1) *make available through the Extension Service and State cooperative extension services—*

(A) *the information and research reports identified under section 1464; and*

(B) *the information and conclusions resulting from any research project conducted under section 1465; and*

(2) *otherwise take such steps as are necessary to ensure that such material is made available to the public.*

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1470. *There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this subtitle, to remain available until expended.*

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 1471. *This subtitle shall become effective on October 1, 1985.*

TITLE XV—FOOD STAMP AND RELATED PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Food Stamp Provisions

PUBLICLY OPERATED COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS

SEC. 1501. (a) *Section 3 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012) is amended by—*

(1) *in subsection (f), striking out “which” and all that follows through “providing” and inserting in lieu thereof “, or a publicly operated community mental health center, under part B of title XIX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300x et seq.) to provide”; and*

(2) *inserting “, or a publicly operated community mental health center,” after “private nonprofit institution” in the last sentence of subsection (i).*

(b) Section 10 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2019) is amended by inserting "publicly operated community mental health centers or" after "purchased, and".

DETERMINATION OF FOOD SALES VOLUME

SEC. 1502. Section 3(k) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(k)) is amended by inserting after "food sales volume" in clause (1) the following: "; as determined by visual inspection, sales records, purchase records, or other inventory or accounting record-keeping methods that are customary or reasonable in the retail food industry,".

THRIFTY FOOD PLAN

SEC. 1503. The first sentence of section 3(o) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(o)) is amended by striking out "fifty-four" and inserting in lieu thereof "fifty".

DEFINITIONS OF THE DISABLED

SEC. 1504. Section 3(r) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(r)) is amended by—

(1) inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (2) the following: "; federally or State administered supplemental benefits of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social Security Act if the Secretary determines that such benefits are conditioned on meeting the disability or blindness criteria used under title XVI of the Social Security Act, or federally or State administered supplemental benefits of the type described in section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66 (42 U.S.C. 1382 note)";

(2) inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (3) the following: "or receives disability retirement benefits from a governmental agency because of a disability considered permanent under section 221(i) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 421(i))";

(3) inserting "or non-service-connected" after "service-connected" in paragraph (4)(A);

(4) striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (5);

(5) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(6) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(7) is an individual receiving an annuity under section 2(a)(1)(iv) or 2(a)(1)(v) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231a(a)(1)(iv) or 231a(a)(1)(v)), if the individual's service as an employee under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in the Social Security Act, and if an application for disability benefits had been filed.".

STATE AND LOCAL SALES TAXES

SEC. 1505. (a) Section 4(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2013(a)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: "; except that a State may not participate in the food stamp program if the Secretary determines that

State or local sales taxes are collected within that State on purchases of food made with coupons issued under this Act”.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect with respect to a State beginning on the first day of the fiscal year that commences in the calendar year during which the first regular session of the legislature of such State is convened following the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Upon a showing by a State, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that the application of paragraph (1), without regard to this paragraph, would have an adverse and disruptive effect on the administration of the food stamp program in such State or would provide inadequate time for retail stores to implement changes in sales tax policy required as a result of the amendment made by subsection (a), the Secretary may delay the effective date of subsection (a) with respect to such State to a date not later than October 1, 1987.

RELATION OF FOOD STAMP AND COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS

SEC. 1506. Section 4(b) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)) is amended by—

- (1) striking out the first sentence; and
- (2) striking out “also” in the second sentence.

CATEGORICAL ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 1507. (a)(1) Section 5(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: “Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act except sections 6(b), 6(d)(2), and 6(g) and the third sentence of section 3(i), and during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 and ending on September 30, 1989, households in which each member receives benefits under a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act, or aid to the aged, blind, or disabled under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act, shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program.”.

(2) During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1989, section 5(j) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(j)) shall not apply.

(b) Section 11(i) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(i)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “No household shall have its application to participate in the food stamp program denied nor its benefits under the food stamp program terminated solely on the basis that its application to participate has been denied or its benefits have been terminated under any of the programs carried out under the statutes specified in the second sentence of section 5(a) and without a separate determination by the State agency that the household fails to satisfy the eligibility requirements for participation in the food stamp program.”.

(c) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—

- (1) evaluate the implementation of the second sentence of section 5(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended by subsection (a) of this section; and

(2) submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report summarizing the results of such evaluation.

THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS

SEC. 1508. Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended by—

(1) inserting "except as provided in subsection (k)," after "household," in subsection (d)(1); and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k)(1) For purposes of subsection (d)(1), except as provided in paragraph (2), assistance provided to a third party on behalf of a household by a State or local government shall be considered money payable directly to the household if the assistance is provided in lieu of—

"(A) a regular benefit payable to the household for living expenses under a State plan for aid to families with dependent children approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.); or

"(B) a benefit payable to the household for living expenses under—

"(i) a State or local general assistance program; or

"(ii) another basic assistance program comparable to general assistance (as determined by the Secretary).

"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

"(A) medical assistance;

"(B) child care assistance;

"(C) energy assistance;

"(D) assistance provided by a State or local housing authority; or

"(E) emergency and special assistance, to the extent excluded in regulations prescribed by the Secretary."

EXCLUDED INCOME

SEC. 1509. (a) Section 5(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(d)), as amended by section 1508, is amended by—

(1) inserting "and except as provided in subsection (k)," after the comma at the end of clause (1);

(2) in clause (3)—

(A) striking out "higher education" and inserting in lieu thereof "post-secondary education"; and

(B) adding at the end thereof "and to the extent loans include any origination fees and insurance premiums,";

(3) inserting "no portion of any non-Federal educational loan on which payment is deferred, grant, scholarship, fellowship, veterans' benefits, and the like that are provided for living expenses, and no portion of any Federal educational loan on which payment is deferred, grant, scholarship, fellowship, veterans' benefits, and the like to the extent it provides income assistance beyond that used for tuition and mandatory school fees," in the proviso to clause (5) after "child care expenses,";

(4) inserting “, but household income that otherwise is included under this subsection shall be reduced by the extent that the cost of producing self-employment income exceeds the income derived from self-employment as a farmer” before the comma in clause (9);

(5) inserting “except as otherwise provided in subsection (k) of this section” after “food stamp program” in clause (10).

(b) Section 5(k) of such Act, as added by section 1508, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3) For purposes of subsection (d)(1), educational loans on which payment is deferred, grants, scholarships, fellowships, veterans’ educational benefits, and the like that are provided to a third party on behalf of a household for living expenses shall be treated as money payable directly to the household.”.

(c) Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014), as amended by section 1508, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(l) Notwithstanding section 142(b) of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1552(b)), earnings to individuals participating in on-the-job training programs under section 204(5) of the Job Training Partnership Act shall be considered earned income for purposes of the food stamp program, except for dependents less than 19 years of age.”.

CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS

SEC. 1510. Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014), as amended by sections 1508 and 1509—

(1) in subsection (d) by—

(A) striking out “and” at the end of clause (11); and

(B) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “, and (13) at the option of a State agency and subject to subsection (m), child support payments that are excluded under section 402(a)(8)(A)(vi) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 602(a)(8)(A)(vi))”; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(m) If a State agency excludes payments from income for purposes of the food stamp program under subsection (d)(13), such State agency shall pay to the Federal Government, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary, the cost of any additional benefits provided to households in such State that arise under such program as the result of such exclusion.”.

DEDUCTIONS FROM INCOME

SEC. 1511. Section 5(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)) is amended by—

(1) in the second sentence, striking out “homeownership component” and inserting in lieu thereof “homeowners’ costs and maintenance and repair component”;

(2) effective May 1, 1986, in the third sentence, striking out “18” and inserting in lieu thereof “20”;

(3) effective May 1, 1986, amending the fourth sentence by—

(A) amending the proviso to clause (2) to read as follows: “: Provided, That the amount of such excess shelter expense

deduction shall not exceed \$147 a month in the forty-eight contiguous States and the District of Columbia, and shall not exceed, in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States, \$256, \$210, \$179, and \$109 a month, respectively, adjusted on October 1, 1986, and on each October 1 thereafter, to the nearest lower dollar increment to reflect changes in the shelter (exclusive of homeowners' costs and maintenance and repair component of shelter costs), fuel, and utilities components of housing costs in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, as appropriately adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics after consultation with the Secretary, for the twelve months ending the preceding June 30,"

(B) in clause (1), striking out "the same as" and all that follows through "clause (2) of this subsection", and inserting in lieu thereof "\$160 a month";

(C) striking out ", or (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "and (2)"; and

(D) striking out ", or (3)" and all that follows down to the period at the end thereof; and

(4) after the seventh sentence, inserting the following: "If a State agency elects to use a standard utility allowance that reflects heating or cooling costs, it shall be made available to households receiving a payment, or on behalf of which a payment is made, under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et seq.) or other similar energy assistance program, provided that the household still incurs out-of-pocket heating or cooling expenses. A State agency may use a separate standard utility allowance for households on behalf of which such payment is made, but may not be required to do so. A State agency not electing to use a separate allowance, and making a single standard utility allowance available to households incurring heating or cooling expenses (other than households described in the sixth sentence of this subsection) may not be required to reduce such allowance due to the provision (direct or indirect) of assistance under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981. For purposes of the food stamp program, assistance provided under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 shall be considered to be prorated over the entire heating or cooling season for which it was provided. A State agency shall allow a household to switch between any standard utility allowance and a deduction based on its actual utility costs at the end of any certification period and up to one additional time during each twelve-month period."

INCOME FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT

SEC. 1512. Section 5(f)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(f)(1)(A)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if the averaged amount does not accurately reflect the household's actual monthly circumstances because the household has experienced a substantial

increase or decrease in business earnings, the State agency shall calculate the self-employment income based on anticipated earnings."

RETROSPECTIVE BUDGETING AND MONTHLY REPORTING
SIMPLIFICATION

SEC. 1513. (a) Section 5(f)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(f)(2)) is amended by—

(1) amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

"(A) Household income for—

"(i) migrant farmworker households, and

"(ii) households—

"(I) that have no earned income, and

"(II) in which all adult members are elderly or disabled members,

shall be calculated on a prospective basis, as provided in paragraph (3)(A).";

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) striking out "(i)";

(B) inserting "the first sentence of" after "under" the first place it appears; and

(C) striking out "(ii)" and all that follows through "this Act,"; and

(3) striking out subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (A) and (B), household income for households that have earned income and for households that include any member who has recent work history shall be calculated on a retrospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(B).

"(D) Household income for all other households may be calculated, at the option of the State agency, on a prospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(A) or on a retrospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(B)."

(b) Section 6(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(c)(1)) is amended by—

(1) amending the first sentence to read as follows: "State agencies shall require households with respect to which household income is determined on a retrospective basis under section 5(f)(2)(C) of this Act to file periodic reports of household circumstances in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, except that a State agency may, with the prior approval of the Secretary, select categories of households (including all such households) that may report at specified less frequent intervals on a showing by the State agency, which is satisfactory to the Secretary, that to require households in such categories to report monthly would result in unwarranted expenditures for administration of this subsection."; and

(2) inserting after the second sentence the following: "State agencies may require households, other than households with respect to which household income is required by section 5(f)(2)(A) to be calculated on a prospective basis, to file periodic reports of household circumstances in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Secretary under the preceding provisions of this paragraph."

RESOURCES LIMITATION

SEC. 1514. Section 5(g) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)) is amended by—

(1) effective May 1, 1986, in the first sentence, striking out "\$1,500, or, in the case of a household consisting of two or more persons, one of whom is age 60 or over, if its resources exceed \$3,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$2,000, or, in the case of a household which consists of or includes a member who is 60 years of age or older, if its resources exceed \$3,000";

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) inserting "and inaccessible resources" after "relating to licensed vehicles"; and

(B) after "physically disabled household member" inserting "and any other property, real or personal, to the extent that it is directly related to the maintenance or use of such vehicle"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary shall exclude from financial resources the value of a burial plot for each member of a household."

DISASTER TASK FORCE

SEC. 1515. Section 5(h)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(h)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) The Secretary shall—

"(A) establish a Food Stamp Disaster Task Force to assist States in implementing and operating the disaster program and the regular food stamp program in the disaster area; and

"(B) if the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion, determines that it is cost-effective to send members of the Task Force to the disaster area, the Secretary shall send them to such area as soon as possible after the disaster occurs to provide direct assistance to State and local officials."

ELIGIBILITY DISQUALIFICATIONS

SEC. 1516. Section 6 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015) is amended by—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (d)(1)—

(A) striking out "no household shall be eligible for assistance under this Act if it includes a" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A) no person shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program who is";

(B) by striking out "eighteen" in the matter preceding clause (i) of the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "sixteen";

(C) striking out all that follows "(iii)" through "days; or (iv)"; and

(D) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and (B) no household shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program (i) if the head of the household is a physically and mentally fit person between the ages of sixteen and sixty and such individual refuses to do any of those acts described in clause (A) of this sentence, or (ii) if the head of the household voluntarily quits any job

without good cause, but, in such case, the period of ineligibility shall be ninety days”;

(2) adding at the end of subsection (d)(1) the following: “Any period of ineligibility for violations under this paragraph shall end when the household member who committed the violation complies with the requirement that has been violated. If the household member who committed the violation leaves the household during the period of ineligibility, such household shall no longer be subject to sanction for such violation and, if it is otherwise eligible, may resume participation in the food stamp program, but any other household of which such person thereafter becomes the head of the household shall be ineligible for the balance of the period of ineligibility.”;

(3) in subsection (d)(2) by—

(A) striking out “or” at end of clause (D);

(B) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “; or (F) a person between the ages of sixteen and eighteen who is not a head of a household or who is attending school, or enrolled in an employment training program, on at least a half-time basis”; and

(4) inserting at the end of clause (2) of subsection (e) the following: “or is an individual who is not assigned to or placed in an institution of higher learning through a program under the Job Training Partnership Act.”; and

(5) in clause (2) of subsection (f)—

(A) striking out “section 203(a)(7)” and “(8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7))” in subclause (D) and inserting in lieu thereof “sections 207 and 208” and “(8 U.S.C. 1157 and 1158)”, respectively;

(B) striking out “because of persecution” and all that follows through “natural calamity” in subclause (D);

(C) striking out “because of the judgment of the Attorney General” and all that follows in subclause (F) through “political opinion”.

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING PROGRAM

SEC. 1517. (a) Section 6(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(d)) is amended by—

(1) amending clause (A)(ii) of paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(ii) refuses without good cause to participate in an employment and training program under paragraph (4), to the extent required under paragraph (4), including any reasonable employment requirements as are prescribed by the State agency in accordance with paragraph (4), and the period of ineligibility shall be two months.”; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

“(4)(A) Not later than April 1, 1987, each State agency shall implement an employment and training program designed by the State agency and approved by the Secretary for the purpose of assisting members of households participating in the food stamp program in gaining skills, training, or experience that will increase their ability to obtain regular employment.

"(B) For purposes of this Act, an 'employment and training program' means a program that contains one or more of the following components:

"(i) Job search programs with terms and conditions comparable to those prescribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 402(a)(35) of part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, except that the State agency shall have no obligation to incur costs exceeding \$25 per participant per month, as provided in subparagraph (B)(vi), and the State agency shall retain the option to apply employment requirements prescribed under this clause to program applicants at the time of application.

"(ii) Job search training programs that include, to the extent determined appropriate by the State agency, reasonable job search training and support activities that may consist of jobs skills assessments, job finding clubs, training in techniques for employability, job placement services, or other direct training or support activities, including educational programs, determined by the State agency to expand the job search abilities or employability of those subject to the program.

"(iii) Workfare programs operated under section 20.

"(iv) Programs designed to improve the employability of household members through actual work experience or training, or both, and to enable individuals employed or trained under such programs to move promptly into regular public or private employment. An employment or training experience program established under this clause shall—

"(I) limit employment experience assignments to projects that serve a useful public purpose in fields such as health, social services, environmental protection, urban and rural development and redevelopment, welfare, recreation, public facilities, public safety, and day care;

"(II) to the extent possible, use the prior training, experience, and skills of the participating member in making appropriate employment or training experience assignments;

"(III) not provide any work that has the effect of replacing the employment of an individual not participating in the employment or training experience program; and

"(IV) provide the same benefits and working conditions that are provided at the job site to employees performing comparable work for comparable hours.

"(v) As approved by the Secretary, other programs, projects, and experiments, such as a supported work program, aimed at accomplishing the purpose of the employment and training program.

"(C) The State agency may provide that participation in an employment and training program may supplement or supplant other employment-related requirements imposed on those subject to the program.

"(D)(i) Each State agency may exempt from any requirement for participation in any program under this paragraph categories of household members to which the application of such participation requirement is impracticable as applied to such categories due to factors such as the availability of work opportunities and the cost-effectiveness of the employment requirements. In making such a de-

termination, the State agency may designate a category consisting of all such household members residing in a specific area of the State. Each State may exempt, with the approval of the Secretary, members of households that have participated in the food stamp program 30 days or less.

"(ii) Each State agency may exempt from any requirement for participation individual household members not included in any category designated as exempt under clause (i) but with respect to whom such participation is impracticable because of personal circumstances such as lack of job readiness and employability, the remote location of work opportunities, and unavailability of child care.

"(iii) Any exemption of a category or individual under this subparagraph shall be periodically evaluated to determine whether, on the basis of the factors used to make a determination under clauses (i) or (ii), the exemption continues to be valid. Such evaluations shall occur no less often than at each certification or recertification in the case of exemptions under clause (ii).

"(E) Each State agency shall establish requirements for participation by individuals not exempt under subparagraph (D) in one or more employment and training programs under this paragraph, including the extent to which any individual is required to participate. Such requirements may vary among participants.

"(F)(i) The total hours of work in an employment and training program carried out under this paragraph required of members of a household, together with the hours of work of such members in any program carried out under section 20, in any month collectively may not exceed a number of hours equal to the household's allotment for such month divided by the higher of the applicable State minimum wage or Federal minimum hourly rate under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

"(ii) The total hours of participation in such program required of any member of a household, individually, in any month, together with any hours worked in another program carried out under section 20 and any hours worked for compensation (in cash or in kind) in any other capacity, shall not exceed one hundred and twenty hours per month.

"(G)(i) The State agency may operate any program component under this paragraph in which individuals elect to participate.

"(ii) The State agency shall permit, to the extent it determines practicable, individuals not subject to requirements imposed under subparagraph (E) or who have complied, or are in the process of complying, with such requirements to participate in any program under this paragraph.

"(H) The State agency shall reimburse participants in programs carried out under this paragraph, including those participating under subparagraph (G), for the actual costs of transportation, and other actual costs, that are reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in the program, except that the State agency may limit such reimbursement to each participant to \$25 per month.

"(I) The Secretary shall promulgate guidelines that (i) enable State agencies, to the maximum extent practicable, to design and operate an employment and training program that is compatible and consistent with similar programs operated within the State, and (ii)

ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that employment and training programs are provided for Indians on reservations.

"(J)(i) For any fiscal year, the Secretary shall establish performance standards for each State that, in the case of persons who are subject to employment requirements under this section and who are not exempt under subparagraph (D), designate the minimum percentages (not to exceed 50 percent through September 30, 1989) of such persons that State agencies shall place in programs under this paragraph. Such standards need not be uniform for all the States, but may vary among the several States. The Secretary shall consider the cost to the States in setting performance standards and the degree of participation in programs under this paragraph by exempt persons.

"(ii) In making any determination as to whether a State agency has met a performance standard under clause (i), the Secretary shall—

"(I) consider the extent to which persons have elected to participate in programs under this paragraph;

"(II) consider such factors as placement in unsubsidized employment, increases in earnings, and reduction in the number of persons participating in the food stamp program; and

"(III) consider other factors determined by the Secretary to be related to employment and training.

"(iii) The Secretary shall vary the performance standards established under clause (i) according to differences in the characteristics of persons required to participate and the type of program to which the standard is applied.

"(iv) The Secretary may delay establishing performance standards for up to 18 months after national implementation of the provisions of this paragraph, in order to base performance standards on State agency experience in implementing this paragraph.

"(K)(i) The Secretary shall ensure that State agencies comply with the requirements of this paragraph and section 11(e)(22).

"(ii) If the Secretary determines that a State agency has failed, without good cause, to comply with such a requirement, including any failure to meet a performance standard under subparagraph (J), the Secretary may withhold from such State, in accordance with section 16(a), (c), and (h), such funds as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, subject to administrative and judicial review under section 14.

"(L) The facilities of the State public employment offices and agencies operating programs under the Job Training Partnership Act may be used to find employment and training opportunities for household members under the programs under this paragraph."

(b) Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (20);

(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (21) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(22) the plans of the State agency for carrying out employment and training programs under section 6(d)(4), including the nature and extent of such programs, the geographic areas and households to be covered under such program, and the basis, in-

cluding any cost information, for exemptions of categories and individuals and for the choice of employment and training program components reflected in the plans."

(c) Section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(h)(1) The Secretary shall allocate among the State agencies in each fiscal year, from funds appropriated for such fiscal year under section 18(a)(1), the amount of \$40,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, \$50,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, \$60,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, and \$75,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1989 and September 30, 1990, to carry out the employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), except as provided in paragraph (3), during such fiscal year.

"(2) If, in carrying out such program during such fiscal year, a State agency incurs costs that exceed the amount allocated to the State agency under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall pay such State agency an amount equal to 50 per centum of such additional costs, subject to the first limitation in paragraph (3).

"(3) The Secretary shall also reimburse each State agency in an amount equal to 50 per centum of the total amount of payments made or costs incurred by the State agency in connection with transportation costs and other expenses reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in an employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), except that such total amount shall not exceed an amount representing \$25 per participant per month and such reimbursement shall not be made out of funds allocated under paragraph (1).

"(4) Funds provided to a State agency under this subsection may be used only for operating an employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), and may not be used for carrying out other provisions of the Act.

"(5)(A) The Secretary shall monitor the employment and training programs carried out by State agencies under section 6(d)(4) to measure their effectiveness in terms of the increase in the numbers of household members who obtain employment and the numbers of such members who retain such employment as a result of their participation in such employment and training programs.

"(B) The Secretary shall, not later than January 1, 1989, report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the effectiveness of such employment and training programs."

(d) Subsection (b) of section 20 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2029(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) A household member shall be exempt from workfare requirements imposed under this section if such member is—

"(A) exempt from section 6(d)(1) as the result of clause (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of section 6(d)(2);

"(B) at the option of the operating agency, subject to and currently actively and satisfactorily participating at least 20 hours a week in a work training program required under title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);

"(C) mentally or physically unfit;

"(D) under sixteen years of age;

"(E) sixty years of age or older; or

"(F) a parent or other caretaker of a child in a household in which another member is subject to the requirements of this section or is employed fulltime.

"(2)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), in the case of a household that is exempt from work requirements imposed under this Act as the result of participation in a community work experience program established under section 409 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 609), the maximum number of hours in a month for which all members of such household may be required to participate in such program shall equal the result obtained by dividing—

"(i) the amount of assistance paid to such household for such month under title IV of such Act, together with the value of the food stamp allotment of such household for such month; by

"(ii) the higher of the Federal or State minimum wage in effect for such month.

"(B) In no event may any such member be required to participate in such program more than 120 hours per month.

"(C) For the purpose of subparagraph (A)(i), the value of the food stamp allotment of a household for a month shall be determined in accordance with regulations governing the issuance of an allotment to a household that contains more members than the number of members in an assistance unit established under title IV of such Act."

STAGGERING OF COUPON ISSUANCE

SEC. 1518. Section 7 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2016) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(h)(1) The State agency may implement a procedure for staggering the issuance of coupons to eligible households throughout the entire month: Provided, That the procedure ensures that, in the transition period from other issuance procedures, no eligible household experiences an interval between coupon issuances of more than 40 days, either through regular issuances by the State agency or through supplemental issuances.

"(2) For any eligible household that applies for participation in the food stamp program during the last fifteen days of a month and is issued benefits within that period, coupons shall be issued for the first full month of participation by the the eighth day of the first full month of participation."

ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COUPON ISSUANCE

¹ SEC. 1519. Section 7(g)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2016(g)(1)) is amended by striking out "may" in the matter preceding clause (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "shall".

SIMPLIFIED APPLICATIONS AND STANDARDIZED BENEFITS

SEC. 1520. Section 8 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2017) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e)(1) The Secretary may permit not more than five statewide projects (upon the request of a State) and not more than five projects in political subdivisions of States (upon the request of a State or po-

litical subdivision) to operate a program under which a household shall be considered to have satisfied the application requirements prescribed under section 5(a) and the income and resource requirements prescribed under subsections (d) through (g) of section 5 if such household—

“(A) includes one or more members who are recipients of—

“(i) aid to families with dependent children under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);

“(ii) supplemental security income under title XVI of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.); or

“(iii) medical assistance under title XIX of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.); and

“(B) has an income that does not exceed the applicable income standard of eligibility described in section 5(c).

“(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), a State or political subdivision that elects to operate a program under this subsection shall base the value of an allotment provided to a household under subsection (a) on—

“(A)(i) the size of the household; and

“(ii)(I) benefits paid to such household under a State plan for aid to families with dependent children approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act; or

“(II) the income standard of eligibility for medical assistance under title XIX of such Act; or

“(B) at the option of the State or political subdivision, the standard of need for such size household under the programs referred to in clause (A)(ii).

“(3) The Secretary shall adjust the value of allotments received by households under a program operated under this subsection to ensure that the average allotment by household size for households participating in such program and receiving such aid to families with dependent children, such supplemental security income, or such medical assistance, as the case may be, is not less than the average allotment that would have been provided under this Act but for the operation of this subsection, for each category of households, respectively, in a State or political subdivision, for any period during which such program is in operation.

“(4) The Secretary shall evaluate the impact of programs operated under this subsection on recipient households, administrative costs, and error rates.

“(5) The administrative costs of such programs shall be shared in accordance with section 16.

“(6) In implementing this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services to ensure that to the extent practicable, in the case of households participating in such programs, the processing of applications for, and determinations of eligibility to receive, food stamp benefits are simplified and are unified with the processing of applications for, and determinations of eligibility to receive, benefits under such titles of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).”

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY RETAIL STORES

SEC. 1521. Section 9(c) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2018(c)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence the following: “, except that such information may be disclosed to and used by State agencies that administer the special supplemental food program for women, infants and children, authorized under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, for purposes of administering the provisions of that Act and the regulations issued under that Act”.

CREDIT UNIONS

SEC. 1522. Section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2019), as amended by section 1501, is amended by—

(1) inserting “, or which are insured under the Federal Credit Union Act and have retail food stores or wholesale food concerns in their field of membership” after “Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation” the first place it appears; and

(2) inserting “or the Federal Credit Union Act” after “Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation” the second place it appears.

CHARGES FOR REDEMPTION OF COUPONS

SEC. 1523. (a) Section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2019), as amended by sections 1501 and 1522, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “No financial institution may impose on or collect from a retail food store a fee or other charge for the redemption of coupons that are submitted to the financial institution in a manner consistent with the requirements, other than any requirements relating to cancellation of coupons, for the presentation of coupons by financial institutions to the Federal Reserve banks.”.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, shall issue regulations implementing the amendment made by subsection (a).

HOURS OF OPERATION

SEC. 1524. Section 16(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(b)(1)) is amended by inserting “, including standards for the periodic review of the hours that food stamp offices are open during the day, week, or month to ensure that employed individuals are adequately served by the food stamp program,” after “States”.

CERTIFICATION OF INFORMATION

SEC. 1525. Section 11(e)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(2)) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “One adult member of a household that is applying for a coupon allotment shall be required to certify in writing, under penalty of perjury, the truth of the information contained in the application for the allotment;”.

FRAUD DETECTION

SEC. 1526. Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)), as amended by section 1517 and 1525, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(23) in a project area in which 5,000 or more households participate in the food stamp program, for the establishment and operation of a unit for the detection of fraud in the food stamp program, including the investigation, and assistance in the prosecution, of such fraud; and".

VERIFICATION

SEC. 1527. Section 11(e)(3) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(3)) is amended by—

- (1) striking out "only" after "verification";
- (2) inserting "; household size (in any case such size is questionable)," after "Act"; and
- (3) striking out "any factors" and all that follows through "by the Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "such other eligibility factors as the State agency determines are necessary".

PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION CARDS

SEC. 1528. Section 11(e)(16) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(16)) is amended by—

- (1) striking out "last sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "fourth sentence";
- (2) inserting "and would be cost effective" after "integrity";
- (3) striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and
- (4) adding at the end thereof the following: "The State agency may permit a member of a household to comply with this paragraph by presenting a photographic identification card used to receive assistance under a welfare or public assistance program;"

ELIGIBILITY OF THE HOMELESS

SEC. 1529. Section 11(e)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(2)), as amended by section 1525, is amended by—

- (1) striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and
- (2) adding at the end thereof the following: "The State agency shall provide a method of certifying and issuing coupons to eligible households that do not reside in permanent dwellings or who do not have fixed mailing addresses. In carrying out the preceding sentence, the State agency shall take such steps as are necessary to ensure that participation in the food stamp program is limited to eligible households."

EXPANDED FOOD AND NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAM

SEC. 1530. Section 11(f) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(f)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "State agencies shall encourage food stamp program participants to participate in the expanded food and nutrition education program

conducted under section 3(d) of the Act of May 8, 1914 (7 U.S.C. 343(d)), commonly known as the Smith-Lever Act and any program established under sections 1584 through 1588 of the Food Security Act of 1985. At the request of personnel of such education program, State agencies, wherever practicable, shall allow personnel and information materials of such education program to be placed in food stamp offices."

**FOOD STAMP PROGRAM INFORMATION AND SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION
AT SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION OFFICES**

SEC. 1531. (a) Effective October 1, 1986, clause (2) of the first sentence of section 11(i) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(i)), as amended by section 1531, is amended by—

- (1) inserting "applicants for or" after "members are";
- (2) striking out "permitted" and all that follows through "office", and inserting in lieu thereof "informed of the availability of benefits under the food stamp program and be assisted in making a simple application to participate in such program at the social security office".

(b) Effective October 1, 1986, section 11(j) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(j)) is amended to read as follows:

"(j)(1) Any individual who is an applicant for or recipient of social security benefits (under regulations prescribed by the Secretary in conjunction with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) shall be informed of the availability of benefits under the food stamp program and informed of the availability of a simple application to participate in such program at the social security office.

"(2) The Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall revise the memorandum of understanding in effect on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, regarding services to be provided in social security offices under this subsection and subsection (i), in a manner to ensure that—

"(A) applicants for and recipients of social security benefits are adequately notified in social security offices that assistance may be available to them under this Act;

"(B) applications for assistance under this Act from households in which all members are applicants for or recipients of supplemental security income will be forwarded immediately to the State agency in an efficient and timely manner; and

"(C) the Secretary of Health and Human Services receives from the Secretary reimbursement for costs incurred to provide such services."

(c) Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit a report, to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, describing the nature and extent of the costs being incurred by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to comply with subsections (i) and (j) of section 11 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended by subsections (a) and (b).

RETAIL FOOD STORES AND WHOLESALE FOOD CONCERNS

SEC. 1532. (a) Section 12 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2021) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(e)(1) In the event any retail food store or wholesale food concern that has been disqualified under subsection (a) is sold or the ownership thereof is otherwise transferred to a purchaser or transferee, the person or persons who sell or otherwise transfer ownership of the retail food store or wholesale food concern shall be subjected to a civil money penalty in an amount established by the Secretary through regulations to reflect that portion of the disqualification period that has not yet expired. If the retail food store or wholesale food concern has been disqualified permanently, the civil money penalty shall be double the penalty for a ten-year disqualification period, as calculated under regulations issued by the Secretary. The disqualification period imposed under subsection (b) shall continue in effect as to the person or persons who sell or otherwise transfer ownership of the retail food store or wholesale food concern notwithstanding the imposition of a civil money penalty under this subsection.”

“(2) At any time after a civil money penalty imposed under paragraph (1) has become final under the provisions of section 14(a), the Secretary may request the Attorney General to institute a civil action against the person or persons subject to the penalty in a district court of the United States for any district in which such person or persons are found, reside, or transact business to collect the penalty and such court shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide such action. In such action, the validity and amount of such penalty shall not be subject to review.”

(b) Section 9(b) of of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2018(b)) is amended by—

(1) inserting “(1)” after the subsection designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(2)(A) A buyer or transferee (other than a bona fide buyer or transferee) of a retail food store or wholesale food concern that has been disqualified under section 12(a) may not accept or redeem coupons until the Secretary receives full payment of any penalty imposed on such store or concern.

“(B) A buyer or transferee may not, as a result of the sale or transfer of such store or concern, be required to furnish a bond under section 12(d).”

LIABILITY FOR OVERISSUANCE OF COUPONS

SEC. 1533. Section 13(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022(a)) is amended by—

(1) inserting “(1)” after the subsection designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(2) Each adult member of a household shall be jointly and severally liable for the value of any overissuance of coupons.”

COLLECTION OF CLAIMS

SEC. 1534. Section 13(b)(1)(B) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022(b)(1)(B)) is amended by—

(1) striking out “may” and inserting in lieu thereof “shall”; and

(2) inserting “, unless the State agency demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such other means are not cost effective” before the period at the end thereof.

FOOD STAMP INTERCEPT OF UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEC. 1535. (a) Section 13 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(c)(1) As used in this subsection, the term ‘uncollected overissuance’ means the amount of an overissuance of coupons, as determined under subsection (b)(1), that has not been recovered pursuant to subsection (b)(1).

“(2) A State agency may determine on a periodic basis, from information supplied pursuant to section 3(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49b(b)), whether an individual receiving compensation under the State’s unemployment compensation law (including amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under a Federal unemployment compensation law) owes an uncollected overissuance.

“(3) A State agency may recover an uncollected overissuance—

“(A) by—

“(i) entering into an agreement with an individual described in paragraph (2) under which specified amounts will be withheld from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to the individual; and

“(ii) furnishing a copy of the agreement to the State agency administering the unemployment compensation law;

or

“(B) in the absence of an agreement, by obtaining a writ, order, summons, or other similar process in the nature of garnishment from a court of competent jurisdiction to require the withholding of amounts from the unemployment compensation.”.

(b)(1) Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)), as amended by section 1526, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(24) at the option of the State, for procedures necessary to obtain payment of uncollected overissuance of coupons from unemployment compensation pursuant to section 13(c).”.

(2) Section 3(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49b(b)) is amended by—

(A) striking out “or” the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof a comma; and

(B) inserting after “such Act,” the following: “or of a State agency charged with the administration of the food stamp program in a State under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.).”.

(3) Section 303(d) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 503(d)) is amended by—

(A) redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

(B) inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'unemployment compensation' means any unemployment compensation payable under the State law (including amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under a Federal unemployment compensation law).

"(B) The State agency charged with the administration of the State law—

"(i) may require each new applicant for unemployment compensation to disclose whether the applicant owes an uncollected overissuance (as defined in section 13(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977) of food stamp coupons,

"(ii) may notify the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed that the applicant has been determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation if the applicant discloses under clause (i) that the applicant owes an uncollected overissuance and the applicant is determined to be so eligible,

"(iii) may deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual—

"(I) the amount specified by the individual to the State agency to be deducted and withheld under this clause,

"(II) the amount (if any) determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the State food stamp agency under section 13(c)(3)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, or

"(III) any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from the unemployment compensation pursuant to section 13(c)(3)(B) of such Act, and

"(iv) shall pay any amount deducted and withheld under clause (iii) to the appropriate State food stamp agency.

"(C) Any amount deducted and withheld under subparagraph (B)(iii) shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed as repayment of the individual's uncollected overissuance.

"(D) A State food stamp agency to which an uncollected overissuance is owed shall reimburse the State agency charged with the administration of the State unemployment compensation law for the administrative costs incurred by the State agency under this paragraph that are attributable to repayment of uncollected overissuance to the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed."

(c)(1) The proviso of the first sentence of section 16(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(a)) is amended by striking out "section 13(b)(1) of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (b)(1) and (c) of section 13".

(2) The first sentence of section 18(e) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2027(e)) is amended by striking out "section 13(b) of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (b) and (c) of section 13".

ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 1536. The last sentence of section 14(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2023(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "an application" and inserting in lieu thereof "on application"; and

(2) striking out "showing of irreparable injury" and inserting in lieu thereof "consideration by the court of the applicant's likelihood of prevailing on the merits and of irreparable injury".

STATE AGENCY LIABILITY, QUALITY CONTROL, AND AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING

SEC. 1537. (a) Effective with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1985, and each fiscal year thereafter, section 16(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (2)(A), inserting before the period at the end thereof the following:

"less any amount payable as a result of the use by the State agency of correctly processed information received from an automatic information exchange system made available by any Federal department or agency"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(6) To facilitate the implementation of paragraphs (2) and (3), each State agency shall submit to the Secretary expeditiously data regarding its operations in each fiscal year sufficient for the Secretary to establish the payment error rate for the State agency for such fiscal year and determine the amount for which the State agency will be liable for such fiscal year under paragraphs (2) and (3). The Secretary shall make a determination for a fiscal year, and notify the State agency of such determination, within nine months following the end of each fiscal year. The Secretary shall initiate efforts to collect the amount owed by the State agency as a claim established under paragraphs (2) and (3) for a fiscal year, subject to the conclusion of any formal or informal appeal procedure and administrative or judicial review under section 14 (as provided for in paragraph (5)), before the end of the fiscal year following such fiscal year."

(b) Section 11 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall develop, after consultation with, and with the assistance of, an advisory group of State agencies appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, a model plan for the comprehensive automation of data processing and computerization of information systems under the food stamp program. The plan shall be developed and made available for public comment through publication of the proposed plan in the Federal Register not later than October 1, 1986. The Secretary shall complete the plan, taking into consideration public comments received, not later than February 1, 1987. The elements of the plan may include intake procedures, eligibility determinations and calculation of benefits, verification procedures, coordination with related Federal and State programs, the issuance of benefits, reconciliation procedures, the generation of notices, and program reporting. In developing the plan, the Secretary shall take into account automated data processing and information systems already in existence in States and shall provide for consistency with such systems."

"(2) Not later than October 1, 1987, each State agency shall develop and submit to the Secretary for approval a plan for the use of an automated data processing and information retrieval system to administer the food stamp program in such State. The State plan shall take into consideration the model plan developed by the Secretary under paragraph (1) and shall provide time frames for completion of various phases of the State plan. If a State agency already has a sufficient automated data processing and information retrieval system, the State plan may, subject to the Secretary's approval, reflect the existing State system.

"(3) Not later than April 1, 1988, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to Congress an evaluation of the degree and sufficiency of each State's automated data processing and computerized information systems for the administration of the food stamp program, including State plans submitted under paragraph (2). Such report shall include an analysis of additional steps needed for States to achieve effective and cost-efficient data processing and information systems. The Secretary, thereafter, shall periodically update such report.

"(4) Based on the Secretary's findings in such report submitted under paragraph (3), the Secretary may require a State agency, as necessary to rectify identified shortcomings in the administration of the food stamp program in the State, except where such direction would displace State initiatives already under way, to take specified steps to automate data processing systems or computerize information systems for the administration of the food stamp program in the State if the Secretary finds that, in the absence of such systems, there will be program accountability or integrity problems that will substantially affect the administration of the food stamp program in the State.

"(5)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), in the case of a plan for an automated data processing and information retrieval system submitted by a State agency to the Secretary under paragraph (2), such State agency shall—

"(i) commence implementation of its plan not later than October 1, 1988; and

"(ii) meet the time frames set forth in the plan.

"(B) The Secretary shall extend a deadline imposed under subparagraph (A) to the extent the Secretary deems appropriate based on the Secretary's finding of a good faith effort of a State agency to implement its plan in accordance with subparagraph (A)."

(c) Section 11(g) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(g)) is amended by—

(1) inserting "the State plan for automated data processing submitted pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section," after "pursuant to subsection (d) of this section," and

(2) striking out "16(a) and 16(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "16(a), 16(c), and 16(g)".

QUALITY CONTROL STUDIES AND PENALTY MORATORIUM

SEC. 1538. (a)(1)(A) The Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall conduct a study of

the quality control system used for the food stamp program established under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.).

(B) The study shall—

(i) examine how best to operate such system in order to obtain information that will allow the State agencies to improve the quality of administration; and

(ii) provide reasonable data on the basis of which Federal funding may be withheld for State agencies with excessive levels of erroneous payments.

(2)(A) The Secretary shall also contract with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a concurrent independent study for the purpose described in paragraph (1).

(B) For purposes of such study, the Secretary shall provide to the National Academy of Sciences any relevant data available to the Secretary at the onset of the study and on an ongoing basis.

(3) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the National Academy of Sciences shall report the results of their respective studies to the Congress.

(b)(1) During the 6-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "moratorium period"), the Secretary shall not impose any reductions in payments to State agencies pursuant to section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025).

(2) During the moratorium period, the Secretary and the State agencies shall continue to—

(A) operate the quality control systems in effect under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; and

(B) calculate error rates under section 16 of such Act.

(c)(1) Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish regulations that shall—

(A) restructure the quality control system used under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 to the extent the Secretary determines to be appropriate, taking into account the studies conducted under subsection (a); and

(B) establish, taking into account the studies conducted under subsection (a), criteria for adjusting the reductions that shall be made for quarters prior to the implementation of the restructured quality control system so as to eliminate reductions for those quarters that would not be required if the restructured quality control system had been in effect during those quarters.

(2) Beginning 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act the Secretary shall—

(A) implement the restructured quality control system; and

(B) reduce payments to State agencies—

(i) for quarters after implementation of such system in accordance with the restructured quality control system; and

(ii) for quarters before implementation of such system, as provided under the regulations described in paragraph (1)(B)."

GEOGRAPHICAL ERROR-PRONE PROFILES

SEC. 1539. Section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i)(1) The Department of Agriculture may use quality control information made available under this section to determine which project areas have payment error rates (as defined in subsection (d)(1)) that impair the integrity of the food stamp program.

"(2) The Secretary may require a State agency to carry out new or modified procedures for the certification of households in areas identified under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines such procedures would improve the integrity of the food stamp program and be cost effective.

"(3) Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, and each 12 months thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that lists project areas identified under paragraph (1) and describes any procedures required to be carried out under paragraph (2)."

PILOT PROJECTS

SEC. 1540. (a) Section 17(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "December 31, 1985" the last place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990".

(b) Section 17(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 is repealed.

(c) Section 17 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2226) is amended by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (d) and (e).

AUTHORIZATION CEILING; AUTHORITY TO REDUCE BENEFITS

SEC. 1541. Section 18 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2027) is amended by—

(1) inserting, after the first sentence of subsection (a)(1), the following:

"To carry out the provisions of this Act, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated not in excess of \$13,037,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; not in excess of \$13,936,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; not in excess of \$14,741,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988; not in excess of \$15,435,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989; and not in excess of \$15,970,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990."; and

(2) in the second sentence of subsection (b), striking out "the limitation set herein," and inserting in lieu thereof "the appropriation amount authorized in subsection (a)(1)."

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

SEC. 1542. (a) Section 18 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2027) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) No funds appropriated to carry out this Act may be transferred to the Office of the Inspector General, or the Office of the General Counsel, of the Department of Agriculture."

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective on October 1, 1986.

PUERTO RICO BLOCK GRANT

SEC. 1543. Section 19 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028) is amended by—

(1) striking out "for each fiscal year" in subsection (a)(1)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, \$852,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, \$879,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, \$908,250,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and \$936,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990,";

(2) striking out "noncash" in subsection (a)(1)(A); and

(3) striking out "a single agency which shall be" in clause (i) of subsection (b)(1)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "the agency or agencies directly."

Subtitle B—Commodity Distribution Provisions

TRANSFER OF SECTION 32 COMMODITIES

SEC. 1561. Section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A public or private nonprofit organization that receives agricultural commodities or the products thereof under clause (2) of the second sentence may transfer such commodities or products to another public or private nonprofit organization that agrees to use such commodities or products to provide, without cost or waste, nutrition assistance to individuals in low-income groups."

COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS

SEC. 1562. (a) Section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1982, 1983, 1984, and 1985" in the first sentence of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, and 1990"; and

(2) in subsection (b), striking out "under 18 years of age" and inserting in lieu thereof "18 years of age and under".

(b) Section 5(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out ", which projects shall operate no longer than two years, and" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon;

(2) striking out "1982 through 1985" in clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "1986 through 1990".

(c) Section 5 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(f) The Secretary shall, in any fiscal year, approve applications of additional sites for the program in areas in which the program currently does not operate to the full extent that this can be done within the appropriations available for the program for the fiscal year and without reducing actual participation levels (including participation of elderly persons under subsection (g)) in areas in which the program is in effect.

"(g) If a local agency that administers the commodity supplemental food program determines that the amount of funds made available to the agency to carry out this section exceeds the amount of funds necessary to provide assistance under such program to women, infants, and children, the agency, with the approval of the Secretary, may permit low-income elderly persons (as defined by the Secretary) to participate in and be served by such program."

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in implementing the commodity supplemental food program under section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973, the Secretary of Agriculture shall allow agencies distributing agricultural commodities to low-income elderly people under such programs on the date of enactment of this Act to continue such distribution at levels no lower than existing caseloads.

(e)(1) Section 209 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is repealed; and

(2) clause (2) of section 5(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking out "amount appropriated for the provision of commodities to State agencies" and inserting in lieu thereof "sum of (A) the amount appropriated for the commodity supplemental food program and (B) the value of all additional commodities donated by the Secretary to State and local agencies that are provided without charge or credit for distribution to program participants".

EMERGENCY FEEDING ORGANIZATIONS—DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1563. Section 201A of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by inserting, before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (1), the following: "(including the activities and projects of charitable institutions, food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar public or private non-profit eligible recipient agencies) hereinafter in this title referred to as 'emergency feeding organizations'".

TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

SEC. 1564. (a) Section 202 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(c) In addition to any commodities described in subsection (a), in carrying out this Act, the Secretary may use agricultural commodities and the products thereof made available under clause (2) of the second sentence of section 32 of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes', approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c).

"(d) Commodities made available under this Act shall include, but not be limited to, dairy products, wheat or the products thereof, rice, honey, and cornmeal.

"(e) Effective April 1, 1986, the Secretary shall submit semiannually to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report on the types and amounts of commodities made available for distribution under this Act."

(b) Section 212 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1973 is amended to read as follows:

"PROGRAM TERMINATION

"SEC. 212. Except for section 207, this Act shall terminate on September 30, 1987."

REPEAL OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE FOOD SECURITY WHEAT RESERVE

SEC. 1565. (a) Section 202 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out the subsection designation for subsection (a); and

(2) striking out subsection (b).

(b) The second sentence of section 203A of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking out ", except that wheat from the Food Security Wheat Reserve may not be used to pay such costs".

REPORT ON COMMODITY DISPLACEMENT

SEC. 1566. Section 203C(a) of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary shall submit to Congress each year a report as to whether and to what extent such displacements or substitutions are occurring."

DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS COMMODITIES TO SPECIAL NUTRITION PROJECTS; PROCESSING AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1567. (a) Section 1114(a) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1431e) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Commodities made available under this section shall include, but not be limited to, dairy products, wheat or the products thereof, rice, honey, and cornmeal."

(b) Section 1114(a) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1431e) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after "(a)";

(2) adding, at the end thereof, the following:

"(2)(A) Effective through June 30, 1987, whenever a commodity is made available without charge or credit under any nutrition program administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary shall encourage consumption of such commodity through agreements with private companies under which the commodity is reprocessed into end-food products for use by eligible recipient agencies. The expense of reprocessing shall be paid by such eligible recipient agencies."

"(B) To maintain eligibility to enter into, and to continue, any agreement with the Secretary of Agriculture under subparagraph (A), a private company shall annually settle all accounts with the Secretary and any appropriate State agency regarding commodities processed under such agreements."

(c) Section 203 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is repealed.

STATE COOPERATION

SEC. 1568. (a) Section 203B(b) of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Each State agency shall encourage distribution of such commodities in rural areas."

(b) Section 203B of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) Each State agency receiving commodities under this title may—

"(1) enter into cooperative agreements with State agencies of other States for joint provision of such commodities to an emergency feeding organization that serves needy persons in a single geographical area part of which is situated in each of such States; or

"(2) transfer such commodities to any such emergency feeding organization in the other State under such agreement."

AUTHORIZATION FOR FUNDING AND RELATED PROVISIONS

SEC. 1569. (a) Section 204 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) after subsection (b), inserting the following:

"(c)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, and September 30, 1987, for the Secretary to make available to the States for State and local payments for costs associated with the distribution of commodities by emergency feeding organizations under this title. Funds appropriated under this paragraph for any fiscal year shall be allocated to the States on an advance basis, dividing such funds among the States in the same proportions as the commodities distributed under this title for such fiscal year are divided among the States. If a State agency is unable to use all of the funds so allocated to it, the Secretary shall reallocate such unused funds among the other States.

"(2) Each State shall make available to emergency feeding organizations in the State not less than 20 per centum of the funds provided as authorized in paragraph (1) that it has been allocated for a fiscal year, as necessary to pay for, or provide advance payments to cover, the direct expenses of the emergency feeding organizations for distributing commodities to needy persons, but only to the extent such expenses are actually so incurred by such organizations. As used in this paragraph, the term 'direct expenses' includes costs of transporting, storing, handling, and distributing commodities incurred after they are received by the organization; costs associated

with determinations of eligibility, verification, and documentation; costs involved in publishing announcements of times and locations of distribution; and costs of recordkeeping, auditing, and other administrative procedures required for participation in the program under this title. If a State makes a payment, using State funds, to cover direct expenses of emergency feeding organizations, the amount of such payment shall be counted toward the amount a State must make available for direct expenses of emergency feeding organizations under this paragraph.

"(3) States to which funds are allocated for a fiscal year under this subsection shall submit financial reports to the Secretary, on a regular basis, as to the use of such funds. No such funds may be used by States or emergency feeding organizations for costs other than those involved in covering the expenses related to the distribution of commodities by emergency feeding organizations.

"(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), effective January 1, 1987, to be eligible to receive funds under this subsection, a State shall provide in cash or in kind (according to procedures approved by the Secretary for certifying these in-kind contributions) from non-Federal sources a contribution equal to the difference between—

"(i) the amount of such funds so received; and

"(ii) any part of the amount allocated to the State and paid by the State—

"(I) to emergency feeding organizations; or

"(II) for the direct expenses of such organizations;

for use in carrying out this title.

"(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), subparagraph (A) shall apply to States beginning on January 1, 1987.

"(ii) If the legislature of a State does not convene in regular session before January 1, 1987, paragraph (1) shall apply to such State beginning on October 1, 1987.

"(C) Funds allocated to a State under this section may, upon State request, be allocated before States satisfy the matching requirement specified in subparagraph (A), based on the estimated contribution required. The Secretary shall periodically reconcile estimated and actual contributions and adjust allocations to the State to correct for overpayments and underpayments.

"(5) States may not charge for commodities made available to emergency feeding organizations, and may not pass on to such organizations the cost of any matching requirements, under this Act."

REAUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 1570. Section 210 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) striking out "the fiscal years ending September 30, 1984, and September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "the period beginning October 1, 1983, and ending September 30, 1987";

(B) striking out "prior to the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof

"as early as feasible but not later than the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987"; and

(C) striking out "second twelve months" and inserting in lieu thereof "such fiscal year"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) The regulations issued by the Secretary under this section shall include provisions that set standards with respect to liability for commodity losses under the program under this title in situations in which there is no evidence of negligence or fraud, and conditions for payment to cover such losses. Such provisions shall take into consideration the special needs and circumstances of emergency feeding organizations".

REPORT

SEC. 1571. Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary of Agriculture shall report to Congress on the activities of the program conducted under the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983. Such report shall include information on—

(1) the volume and types of commodities distributed under the program;

(2) the types of State and local agencies receiving commodities for distribution under the program;

(3) the populations served under the program and their characteristics;

(4) the Federal, State, and local costs of commodity distribution operations under the program (including transportation, storage, refrigeration, handling, distribution, and administrative costs); and

(5) the amount of Federal funds provided to cover State and local costs under the program.

Subtitle C—Nutrition and Miscellaneous Provisions

SCHOOL LUNCH PILOT PROJECT

SEC. 1581. (a) As used in this section, the term "eligible school district" means a school district that on the date of enactment of this Act, is participating in the pilot project study provided for under the last proviso of the paragraph under the heading "CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS" in title III of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1981, and for other purposes", approved December 15, 1980 (Public Law 96-258; 94 Stat. 3113).

(b) Effective through the school year ending June 30, 1987, the Secretary shall permit an eligible school district to receive assistance to carry out the school lunch program operated in the district in the form of, in lieu of commodities, all cash assistance or all commodity letters of credit assistance.

(c) If an eligible school district elects to receive assistance in the form of all cash assistance or all commodity letters of credit assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide bonus commodities to the district only in the form of commodities, to the same

extent as bonus commodities are provided to other school districts participating in the school lunch program.

GLEANNING OF FIELDS

SEC. 1582. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) food banks, soup kitchens, and other emergency food providers help needy persons seeking food assistance at no cost to the Government;

(2) gleanng is a partnership between food producers and nonprofit organizations through which food producers permit members of such organizations to collect grain, vegetables, and fruit which have not been harvested and distribute such items to programs which provide food to needy individuals;

(3) support of gleanng to supply food to the poor is part of the Judeo-Christian heritage as set out in the Book of Leviticus: "When you reap the harvests of your land, do not reap to the very edges of your field or gather the gleanings of your harvest. Do not go over your vineyard a second time or pick up the grapes that have fallen. Leave them for the poor and the alien.";

(4) a 1977 General Accounting Office analysis estimated that during the 1974 harvest 60,000,000 tons of grain, vegetables, and fruit, valued at \$5,000,000,000, were unharvested;

(5) the diets of millions of people in the United States could have been supplemented with such lost grain, vegetables, and fruit;

(6) a number of State and local governments have enacted "Good Samaritan" laws which limit the liability of food donors and provide an incentive for food contributions; and

(7) numerous civil, religious, charitable, and other nonprofit organizations throughout the country have begun gleanng programs to harvest such food items and channel them to the needy in the United States.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) food producers who permit gleanng of their fields and civic, religious, charitable, and other nonprofit organizations which glean fields and distribute the resulting harvest to help the needy should be commended for their efforts; and

(2) State and local governments should be encouraged to enact tax and other incentives designed to increase the number of food producers who permit gleanng of their fields and the number of shippers who donate, or charge reduced rates for, transportation of gleaned produce.

ISSUANCE OF RULES

SEC. 1583. Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary shall issue rules to carry out the amendments made by this title.

NUTRITION EDUCATION FINDINGS

SEC. 1584. Congress finds that individuals in households eligible to participate in programs under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 and other low-income individuals, including those residing in rural areas, should have greater access to nutrition and consumer educa-

tion to enable them to use their food budgets, including food assistance, effectively and to select and prepare foods that satisfy their nutritional needs and improve their diets.

PURPOSE

SEC. 1585. The purpose of the program provided for under section 1584 through 1588 is to expand effective food, nutrition, and consumer education services to the greatest practicable number of low-income individuals, including those participating in or eligible to participate in the programs under the Food Stamp Act of 1977, to assist them to—

- (1) increase their ability to manage their food budgets, including food stamps and other food assistance;
- (2) increase their ability to buy food that satisfies nutritional needs and promotes good health; and
- (3) improve their food preparation, storage, safety, preservation, and sanitation practices.

PROGRAM

SEC. 1586. The cooperative extension services of the States shall, with funds made available under this subtitle, carry out an expanded program of food, nutrition, and consumer education for low-income individuals in a manner designed to achieve the purpose set forth in section 1585. In operating the program, the cooperative extension services may use the expanded food and nutrition education program, and other food, nutrition, and consumer education activities of the cooperative extension services or similar activities carried out by them in collaboration with other public or private nonprofit agencies or organizations. In carrying out their responsibilities under the program, the cooperative extension services are encouraged to—

- (1) provide effective and meaningful food, nutrition, and consumer education services to as many low-income individuals as possible;
- (2) employ educational methodologies, including innovative approaches, that accomplish the purpose set forth in section 1585; and
- (3) to the extent practicable, coordinate activities carried out under the program with the delivery to low-income individuals of benefits under food assistance programs.

ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 1587. (a) The program provided for under section 1586 shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture through the Extension Service, in consultation with the Food and Nutrition Service and the Human Nutrition Information Service. The Secretary shall ensure that the Extension Service coordinates activities carried out under this subtitle with the ongoing food, nutrition, and consumer education activities of other agencies of the Department of Agriculture.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture, not later than April 1, 1989, shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forest-

ry of the Senate a report evaluating the effectiveness of the program provided for under section 1586.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1588. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out sections 1584 through 1588 \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; and \$8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1988, September 30, 1989, and September 30, 1990.

(b) Any funds appropriated under this section for a fiscal year shall be allocated in the manner specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 1425(c)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977.

(c) Any funds appropriated to carry out sections 1584 through 1588 shall supplement any other funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture for use by the Department and the cooperative extension services of the States for food, nutrition, and consumer education for low-income households.

NUTRITION MONITORING

SEC. 1589. The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) in conducting the Department of Agriculture's continuing survey of food intakes of individuals and any nationwide food consumption survey, include a sample that is representative of low-income individuals and, to the extent practicable, the collection of information on food purchases and other household expenditures by such individuals;

(2) to the extent practicable, continue to maintain the nutrient data base established by the Department of Agriculture; and

(3) encourage research by public and private entities relating to effective standards, methodologies, and technologies for accurate assessment of the nutritional and dietary status of individuals.

TITLE XVI—MARKETING

Subtitle A—Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985

AMENDMENT TO BEEF RESEARCH AND INFORMATION ACT

SEC. 1601. (a) This section may be cited as the "Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985".

(b) Sections 2 through 20 of the Beef Research and Information Act (7 U.S.C. 2901-2918) are amended to read as follows:

"CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

"SEC. 2. (a) Congress finds that—

"(1) beef and beef products are basic foods that are a valuable part of human diet;

"(2) the production of beef and beef products plays a significant role in the Nation's economy, beef and beef products are produced by thousands of beef producers and processed by numerous processing entities, and beef and beef products are con-

sumed by millions of people throughout the United States and foreign countries;

"(3) beef and beef products should be readily available and marketed efficiently to ensure that the people of the United States receive adequate nourishment;

"(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets for beef and beef products are vital to the welfare of beef producers and those concerned with marketing, using, and producing beef products, as well as to the general economy of the Nation;

"(5) there exist established State and national organizations conducting beef promotion, research, and consumer education programs that are invaluable to the efforts of promoting the consumption of beef and beef products; and

"(6) beef and beef products move in interstate and foreign commerce, and beef and beef products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce of beef and beef products.

"(b) It, therefore, is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the establishment, through the exercise of the powers provided herein, of an orderly procedure for financing (through assessments on all cattle sold in the United States and on cattle, beef, and beef products imported into the United States) and carrying out a coordinated program of promotion and research designed to strengthen the beef industry's position in the marketplace and to maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for beef and beef products. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the right of individual producers to raise cattle.

"DEFINITIONS

"SEC. 3. For purposes of this Act—

"(1) the term 'beef' means flesh of cattle;

"(2) the term 'beef products' means edible products produced in whole or in part from beef, exclusive of milk and products made therefrom;

"(3) the term 'Board' means the Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board established under section 5(1);

"(4) the term 'cattle' means live domesticated bovine animals regardless of age;

"(5) the term 'Committee' means the Beef Promotion Operating Committee established under section 5(4);

"(6) the term 'consumer information' means nutritional data and other information that will assist consumers and other persons in making evaluations and decisions regarding the purchasing, preparing, and use of beef and beef products;

"(7) the term 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture;

"(8) the term 'importer' means any person who imports cattle, beef, or beef products from outside the United States;

"(9) the term 'industry information' means information and programs that will lead to the development of new markets, marketing strategies, increased efficiency, and activities to enhance the image of the cattle industry;

"(10) the term 'order' means a beef promotion and research order issued under section 4;

"(11) the term 'person' means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other entity;

"(12) the term 'producer' means any person who owns or acquires ownership of cattle, except that a person shall not be considered to be a producer if the person's only share in the proceeds of a sale of cattle or beef is a sales commission, handling fee, or other service fee;

"(13) the term 'promotion' means any action, including paid advertising, to advance the image and desirability of beef and beef products with the express intent of improving the competitive position and stimulating sales of beef and beef products in the marketplace;

"(14) the term 'qualified State beef council' means a beef promotion entity that is authorized by State statute or is organized and operating within a State, that receives voluntary contributions and conducts beef promotion, research, and consumer information programs, and that is recognized by the Board as the beef promotion entity within such State;

"(15) the term 'research' means studies testing the effectiveness of market development and promotion efforts, studies relating to the nutritional value of beef and beef products, other related food science research, and new product development;

"(16) the term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture;

"(17) the term 'State' means each of the 50 States; and

"(18) the term 'United States' means the several States and the District of Columbia.

"ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

"SEC. 4. (a) During the period beginning on the effective date of this section and ending thirty days after receipt of a proposal for a beef promotion and research order, the Secretary shall publish such proposed order and give due notice and opportunity for public comment on such proposed order. Such proposal may be submitted by any organization meeting the requirements for certification under section 6 or any interested person, including the Secretary.

"(b) After notice and opportunity for public comment are given, as provided for in subsection (a), the Secretary shall issue a beef promotion and research order. The order shall become effective not later than one hundred and twenty days following publication of the proposed order.

"REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS

"SEC. 5. An order issued under section 4(b) shall contain the following terms and conditions:

"(1) The order shall provide for the establishment and selection of a Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board. Members of the Board shall be cattle producers and importers appointed by the Secretary from (A) nominations submitted by eligible State organizations certified under section 6 (or, if the Secretary determines that there is no eligible State organization

in a State, the Secretary may provide for nominations from such State to be made in a different manner), and (B) nominations submitted by importers under such procedures as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining geographic representation for cattle producers on the Board, whole States shall be considered as a unit. Each State that has a total cattle inventory greater than five hundred thousand head shall be entitled to at least one representative on the Board. A State that has a total inventory of fewer than 500,000 cattle shall be grouped, as far as practicable, with other States each of which has a combined total inventory of not less than 500,000 cattle, into geographically contiguous units in a manner prescribed in the order. A unit may be represented on the Board by more than one member. For each additional million head of cattle within a unit, such unit shall be entitled to an additional member on the Board. The Board may recommend a change in the level of inventory per unit necessary for representation on the Board and, on such recommendation, the Secretary may change the level necessary for representation on the Board. The number of members on the Board that represent importers shall be determined by the Secretary on a proportional basis, by converting the volume of imported beef and beef products into live animal equivalencies.

"(2) The order shall define the powers and duties of the Board, which shall be exercised at an annual meeting, and shall include only the following powers:

"(A) To administer the order in accordance with its terms and provisions.

"(B) To make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order.

"(C) To elect members of the Board to serve on the Committee.

"(D) To approve or disapprove budgets submitted by the Committee.

"(E) To receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order.

"(F) To recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order.

In addition, the order shall determine the circumstances under which special meetings of the Board may be held.

"(3) The order shall provide that the term of appointment to the Board shall be three years with no member serving more than two consecutive terms, except that initial appointments shall be proportionately for one-year, two-year, and three-year terms; and that Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Board.

"(4)(A) The order shall provide that the Board shall elect from its membership ten members to serve on the Beef Promotion Operating Committee, which shall be composed of ten members of the Board and ten producers elected by a federation that includes as members the qualified State beef councils. The producers elected by the federation shall be certified by the Sec-

retary as producers that are directors of a qualified State beef council. The Secretary also shall certify that such directors are duly elected by the federation as representatives to the Committee.

"(B) The Committee shall develop plans or projects of promotion and advertising, research, consumer information, and industry information, which shall be paid for with assessments collected by the Board. In developing plans or projects, the Committee shall—

"(i) to the extent practicable, take into account similarities and differences between certain beef, beef products, and veal; and

"(ii) ensure that segments of the beef industry that enjoy a unique consumer identity receive equitable and fair treatment under this Act.

"(C) The Committee shall be responsible for developing and submitting to the Board, for its approval, budgets on a fiscal year basis of its anticipated expenses and disbursements, including probable costs of advertising and promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information projects. The Board shall approve or disapprove such budgets and, if approved, shall submit such budget to the Secretary for the Secretary's approval.

"(D) The total costs of collection of assessments and administrative staff incurred by the Board during any fiscal year shall not exceed 5 per centum of the projected total assessments to be collected by the Board for such fiscal year. The Board shall use, to the extent possible, the resources, staffs, and facilities of existing organizations.

"(5) The order shall provide that terms of appointment to the Committee shall be one year, and that no person may serve on the Committee for more than six consecutive terms. Committee members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Committee. The Committee may utilize the resources, staffs, and facilities of the Board and industry organizations. An employee of an industry organization may not receive compensation for work performed for the Committee, but shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for reasonable expenses incurred in performing such work.

"(6) The order shall provide that, to ensure coordination and efficient use of funds, the Committee shall enter into contracts or agreements for implementing and carrying out the activities authorized by this Act with established national nonprofit industry-governed organizations, including the federation referred to in paragraph (4), to implement programs of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information. Any such contract or agreement shall provide that—

"(A) the person entering the contract or agreement shall develop and submit to the Committee a plan or project together with a budget or budgets that shows estimated costs to be incurred for the plan or project;

"(B) the plan or project shall become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

"(C) the person entering the contract or agreement shall keep accurate records of all of its transactions, account for funds received and expended, and make periodic reports to the Committee of activities conducted, and such other reports as the Secretary, the Board, or the Committee may require.

"(7) The order shall require the Board and the Committee to—

"(A) maintain such books and records, which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit, as the Secretary may prescribe;

"(B) prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe; and

"(C) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to them.

"(8)(A) The order shall provide that each person making payment to a producer for cattle purchased from the producer shall, in the manner prescribed by the order, collect an assessment and remit the assessment to the Board. The Board shall use qualified State beef councils to collect such assessments.

"(B) If an appropriate qualified State beef council does not exist to collect an assessment in accordance with paragraph (1), such assessment shall be collected by the Board.

"(C) The order also shall provide that each importer of cattle, beef, or beef products shall pay an assessment, in the manner prescribed by the order, to the Board. The assessments shall be used for payment of the costs of plans and projects, as provided for in paragraph (4), and expenses in administering the order, including more administrative costs incurred by the Secretary after the order has been promulgated under this Act, and to establish a reasonable reserve. The rate of assessment prescribed by the order shall be one dollar per head of cattle, or the equivalent thereof in the case of imported beef and beef products. A producer who can establish that the producer is participating in a program of an established qualified State beef council shall receive credit, in determining the assessment due from such producer, for contributions to such program of up to 50 cents per head of cattle or the equivalent thereof. There shall be only one qualified State beef council in each State. Any person marketing from beef from cattle of the person's own production shall remit the assessment to the Board in the manner prescribed by the order.

"(9) The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may invest, pending disbursement, funds collected through assessments only in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, in general obligations of any State or any political subdivision thereof, in any interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System, or in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

"(10) The order shall prohibit any funds collected by the Board under the order from being used in any manner for the

purpose of influencing governmental action or policy, with the exception of recommending amendments to the order.

"(11) The order shall require that each person making payment to a producer, any person marketing beef from cattle of the person's own production directly to consumers, and any importer of cattle, beef, or beef products maintain and make available for inspection such books and records as may be required by the order and file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order. Such information shall be made available to the Secretary as is appropriate to the administration or enforcement of this Act, the order, or any regulation issued under this Act. In addition, the Secretary shall authorize the use of information regarding persons paying producers that is accumulated under a law or regulation other than this Act or regulations under this Act.

"All information so obtained shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department, and only such information so obtained as the Secretary deems relevant may be disclosed by them and then only in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the request of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and involving the order. Nothing in this paragraph may be deemed to prohibit—

"(A) the issuance of general statements, based on the reports, of the number of persons subject to the order or statistical data collected therefrom, which statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

"(B) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating the order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by the person.

"No information obtained under the authority of this Act may be made available to any agency or officer of the United States for any purpose other than the implementation of this Act and any investigatory or enforcement act necessary for the implementation of this Act. Any person violating the provisions of this paragraph shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000, or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and if an officer or employee of the Board or the Department, shall be removed from office.

"(12) The order shall contain terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as necessary to effectuate the provisions of the order.

"CERTIFICATION OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NOMINATE

"SEC. 6. (a) The eligibility of any State organization to represent producers and to participate in the making of nominations under section 5(1) shall be certified by the Secretary. The Secretary shall certify any State organization that the Secretary determines meets the eligibility criteria established under subsection (b) and such determination as to eligibility shall be final.

"(b) A State cattle association or State general farm organization may be certified as described in subsection (a) if such association or organization meets all of the following eligibility criteria:

"(1) The association or organization's total paid membership is comprised of at least a majority of cattle producers or the association or organization's total paid membership represents at least a majority of the cattle producers in the State.

"(2) The association or organization represents a substantial number of producers that produce a substantial number of cattle in the State.

"(3) The association or organization has a history of stability and permanency.

"(4) A primary or overriding purpose of the association or organization is to promote the economic welfare of cattle producers.

"(c) Certification of State cattle associations and State general farm organizations shall be based on a factual report submitted by the association or organization involved.

"(d) If more than one State organization is certified in a State (or in a unit referred to in section 5(1)), such organizations may caucus to determine any of such State's (or such unit's) nominations under section 5(1).

"REQUIREMENT OF REFERENDUM

"SEC. 7. (a) For the purpose of determining whether the initial order shall be continued, not later than 22 months after the issuance of the order (or any earlier date recommended by the Board), the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among persons who have been producers or importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary. The order shall be continued only if the Secretary determines that it has been approved by not less than a majority of the producers voting in the referendum who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of cattle. If continuation of the order is not approved by a majority of those voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that continuation of the order is not favored by a majority voting in the referendum and shall terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination.

"(b) After the initial referendum, the Secretary may conduct a referendum on the request of a representative group comprising 10 per centum or more of the number of cattle producers to determine whether cattle producers favor the termination or suspension of the order. The Secretary shall suspend or terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of cattle and shall terminate or suspend the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination.

"(c) The Department shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred by the Department in connection with conducting any referendum under this section, except for the salaries of Government employees. Any referendum conducted under this section shall be conducted on a date established by the Secretary, whereby producers shall certify that they were engaged in the production of cattle during the representative period and, on the same day, shall be provided an opportunity to vote in the referendum. Each referendum shall be conducted at county extension offices, and there shall be provision for an absentee mail ballot on request.

"REFUNDS

"SEC. 8. (a) During the period prior to the approval of the continuation of an order pursuant to the referendum required under section 7(a), subject to subsection (f), the Board shall—

"(1) establish an escrow account to be used for assessment refunds;

"(2) place funds in such account in accordance with subsection (b); and

"(3) refund assessments to persons in accordance with this section.

"(b) Subject to subsection (f), the Board shall place in such account, from assessments collected under section 7 during the period referred to in subsection (a), an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(1) the total amount of assessments collected under section 7 during such period; by

"(2) the greater of—

"(A) the average rate of assessment refunds provided to producers under State beef promotion, research, and consumer information programs financed through producer assessments, as determined by the Board; or

"(B) 15 percent.

"(c) Subject to subsections (d), (e), and (f) and notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, any person shall have the right to demand and receive from the Board a one-time refund of all assessments collected under section 7 from such person during the period referred to in subsection (a) if such person—

"(1) is responsible for paying such assessment; and

"(2) does not support the program established under this Act.

"(d) Such demand shall be made in accordance with regulations, on a form, and within a time period prescribed by the Board.

"(e) Such refund shall be made on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer, person, or importer—

"(1) paid the assessment for which refund is sought; and

"(2) did not collect such assessment from another producer, person, or importer.

"(f)(1) If the amount in the escrow account required to be established by subsection (a) is not sufficient to refund the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible persons under this section and the continuation of an order is approved pursuant to the referendum required under section 10(a), the Board shall—

"(A) continue to place in such account, from assessments collected under section 5, the amount required under subsection (b), until such time as the Board is able to comply with subparagraph (B); and

"(B) provide to all eligible persons the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible producers.

"(2) If the amount in the escrow account required to be established by subsection (a) is not sufficient to refund the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible persons under this section and the continuation of an order is not approved pursuant to the referendum required under section 7(a), the Board shall prorate the amount of such refunds among all eligible persons who demand such refund.

"ENFORCEMENT

"SEC. 9. (a) If the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this Act or an order would be adequately served by such procedure, following an opportunity for an administrative hearing on the record, the Secretary may—

"(1) issue an order to restrain or prevent a person from violating an order; and

"(2) assess a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for violation of such order.

"(b) The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain a person from violating, an order or regulation made or issued under this Act.

"(c) A civil action authorized to be brought under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action.

"INVESTIGATIONS; POWER TO SUBPOENA AND TAKE OATHS AND AFFIRMATIONS; AID OF COURTS

"SEC. 10. The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary for the effective administration of this Act or to determine whether any person subject to this Act has engaged or is about to engage in any act that constitutes or will constitute a violation of this Act, the order, or any rule or regulation issued under this Act. For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of the person and the production of records. The court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony regarding the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. Process in any such case may be

served in the judicial district in which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found.

"ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

"SEC. 11. (a) Nothing in this Act may be construed to preempt or supersede any other program relating to beef promotion organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State.

"(b) The provisions of this Act applicable to the order shall be applicable to amendments to the order.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 12. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act. Sums appropriated to carry out this Act shall not be available for payment of the expenses or expenditures of the Board or the Committee in administering any provisions of the order issued under section 4(b) of this Act."

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 1986.

Subtitle B—Pork Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1611. This subtitle may be cited as the "Pork Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information Act of 1985".

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF PURPOSE

SEC. 1612. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) pork and pork products are basic foods that are a valuable and healthy part of the human diet;

(2) the production of pork and pork products plays a significant role in the economy of the United States because pork and pork products are—

(A) produced by thousands of producers, including many small- and medium-sized producers; and

(B) consumed by millions of people throughout the United States on a daily basis;

(3) pork and pork products must be available readily and marketed efficiently to ensure that the people of the United States receive adequate nourishment;

(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets, and development of new markets, for pork and pork products are vital to—

(A) the welfare of pork producers and persons concerned with producing and marketing of pork and pork products; and

(B) the general economy of the United States;

(5) pork and pork products move in interstate and foreign commerce;

(6) pork and pork products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce in pork and pork products; and

(7) in recent years, increasing quantities of low-cost, imported pork and pork products have been brought into the United

States and replaced domestic pork and pork products in normal channels of trade.

(b)(1) It is the purpose of this subtitle to authorize the establishment of an orderly procedure for financing, through adequate assessments, and carrying out an effective and coordinated program of promotion, research, and consumer information designed to—

(A) strengthen the position of the pork industry in the marketplace; and

(B) maintain, develop, and expand markets for pork and pork products.

(2) Such procedure shall be implemented, and such program shall be conducted, at no cost to the Federal Government.

(3) Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to—

(A) permit or require the imposition of quality standards for pork or pork products;

(B) provide for control of the production of pork or pork products; or

(C) otherwise limit the right of an individual pork producer to produce pork and pork products.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1613. For purposes of this subtitle:

(1) The term "Board" means the National Pork Board established under section 1619.

(2) The term "consumer information" means an activity intended to broaden the understanding of sound nutritional attributes of pork or pork products, including the role of pork or pork products in a balanced, healthy diet.

(3) The term "Delegate Body" means the National Pork Producers Delegate Body established under section 1617.

(4) The term "imported" means entered, or withdrawn from a warehouse for consumption, in the customs territory of the United States.

(5) The term "importer" means a person who imports porcine animals, pork, or pork products into the United States.

(6) The term "order" means a pork and pork products promotion, research, and consumer information order issued under section 1614.

(7) The term "person" means an individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, organization, cooperative, or other entity.

(8) The term "porcine animal" means a swine raised for—

(A) feeder pigs;

(B) seedstock; or

(C) slaughter.

(9) The term "pork" means the flesh of a porcine animal.

(10) The term "pork product" means a product produced or processed in whole or in part from pork.

(11) The term "producer" means a person who produces porcine animals in the United States for sale in commerce.

(12) The term "promotion" means an action, including paid advertising, taken to present a favorable image for porcine animals, pork, or pork products to the public with the intent of im-

proving the competitive position and stimulating sales of porcine animals, pork, or pork products.

(13) The term "research" means—

(A) research designed to advance, expand, or improve the image, desirability, nutritional value, usage, marketability, production, or quality of porcine animals, pork, or pork products; or

(B) dissemination to a person of the results of such research.

(14) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(15) The term "State" means each of the 50 States.

(16) The term "State association" means—

(A) the single organization of pork producers in a State that is—

(i) organized under the laws of the State in which such association operates; and

(ii) recognized by the chief executive officer of such State as representing the pork producers of such State; or

(B) if such organization does not exist on the effective date of this subtitle, an organization that represents not fewer than 50 pork producers who market annually, in the aggregate, not less than 10 percent of the volume (measured in pounds) of porcine animals marketed in such State.

(17) The term "to market" means to sell or to otherwise dispose of a porcine animal, pork, or pork product in commerce.

PORK AND PORK PRODUCT ORDERS

SEC. 1614. (a) To carry out this subtitle, the Secretary shall, in accordance with this subtitle, issue and, from time to time, amend orders applicable to persons engaged in—

(1) the production and sale of porcine animals, pork, and pork products in the United States; and

(2) the importation of porcine animals, pork, or pork products into the United States.

(b) The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

NOTICE AND HEARING

SEC. 1615. During the period beginning on the effective date of this subtitle and ending 30 days after receipt of a proposal for an initial order submitted by any person affected by this subtitle, the Secretary shall—

(1) publish such proposed order; and

(2) give due notice of and opportunity for public comment on such proposed order.

FINDINGS AND ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

SEC. 1616. (a) After notice and opportunity for public comment have been provided in accordance with section 1615, the Secretary shall issue and publish an order if the Secretary finds, and sets forth in such order, that the issuance of such order and all terms and conditions thereof will assist in carrying out this subtitle.

(b) Not more than one order may be in effect at a time.

(c) An order shall become effective on a date that is not more than 90 days following the publication of such order.

(d) An order shall contain such terms and conditions as are required in sections 1617 through 1620 and, except as provided in section 1621, no others.

NATIONAL PORK PRODUCERS DELEGATE BODY

SEC. 1617. (a) The order shall provide for the establishment and appointment by the Secretary, not later than 60 days after the effective date of such order, of a National Pork Producers Delegate Body.

(b)(1) The Delegate Body shall consist of—

(A) producers, as appointed by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (2), from nominees submitted as follows:

(i) in the case of the initial Delegate Body appointed by each State in accordance with section 1618.

(ii) in the case of each succeeding Delegate Body, each State association shall submit nominations selected by such association pursuant to a selection process that—

(I) is approved by the Secretary;

(II) requires public notice of the process to be given at least one week in advance by publication in a newspaper or newspaper of general circulation in such State and in pork production and agriculture trade publications; and

(III) that provides complete and equal access to the nominating process to every producer who has paid all assessments due under section 1620 and not demanded a refund under section 1624,

or pursuant to an election of nominees conducted in accordance with section 1618.

(iii) In the case of a State that has a State association that does not submit nominations or that does not have a State association, such State shall submit nominations in a manner prescribed by the Secretary; and

(B) importers, as appointed by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (3).

(2) The number of producer members appointed to the Delegate Body from each State shall equal at least two members, and additional members, allocated as follows:

(A) Shares shall be assigned to each State—

(i) for the 1986 calendar year, on the basis of one share for each \$400,000 of farm market value of porcine animals marketed from such State (as determined by the Secretary based on the annual average of farm market value in the most recent 3 calendar years preceding such year), rounded to the nearest \$400,000; and

(ii) for each calendar year thereafter, on the basis of one share for each \$1,000 of the aggregate amount of assessments collected (minus refunds under section 1624) in such State from persons described in section 1620(a)(1) (A) and (B), rounded to the nearest \$1,000.

(B) If during a calendar year the number of such shares of a State is—

(i) less than 301, the State shall receive a total of two producer members;

(ii) more than 300 but less than 601, the State shall receive a total of three producer members;

(iii) more than 600 but less than 1,001, the State shall receive a total of four producer members; and

(iv) more than 1,000, the State shall receive four producer members, plus one additional member for each 300 additional shares in excess of 1,000 shares, rounded to the nearest 300.

(3) The number of importer members appointed to the Delegate Body shall be determined as follows:

(A) Shares shall be assigned to importers—

(i) for the 1986 calendar year, on the basis of one share for each \$575,000 of market value of marketed porcine animals, pork, or pork products (as determined by the Secretary based on the annual average of imports in the most recent 3 calendar years preceding such year), rounded to the nearest \$575,000; and

(ii) for each calendar year thereafter, on the basis of one share for each \$1,000 of the aggregate amount of assessments collected (minus refunds under section 1624) from importers, rounded to the nearest \$1,000.

(B) The number of importer members appointed to the Delegate Body shall equal a total of—

(i) three members for the first 1,000 such shares; and

(ii) one additional member for each 300 additional shares in excess of 1,000 shares, rounded to the nearest 300.

(c)(1) A producer member of the Delegate Body may, in a vote conducted by the Delegate Body for which the member is present, cast a number of votes equal to—

(A) the number of shares attributable to the State of the member; divided by

(B) the number of producer members from such State.

(2) An importer member of the Delegate Body may, in a vote conducted by the Delegate Body for which the member is present, cast a number of votes equal to—

(A) the number of shares allocated to importers; divided by

(B) the number of importer members.

(3) Members entitled to cast a majority of the votes (including fractions thereof) on the Delegate Body shall constitute a quorum.

(4) A majority of the votes (including fractions thereof) cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be decisive of a motion or election presented to the Delegate Body for a vote.

(d) A member of the Delegate Body shall serve for a term of 1 year, except that the term of a member of the Delegate Body shall continue until the successor of such member, if any, is appointed in accordance with subsection (b)(1).

(e)(1) At the first annual meeting, the Delegate Body shall select a Chairman by a majority vote.

(2) At each annual meeting thereafter, the President of the Board shall serve as the Chairman of the Delegate Body.

(f) A member of the Delegate Body shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed by the Board from assessments collected under section 1620 for transportation expenses incurred in performing duties as a member of the Delegate Body.

(g)(1) The Delegate Body shall—

(A) nominate—

(i) not less than 23 persons for appointment to the Board, for the first year for which nominations are made; and

(ii) not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ persons (rounded up to the nearest person) for each vacancy in the Board that requires nominations thereafter; and

(B) submit such nominations to the Secretary.

(2) The Delegate Body shall meet annually to make such nominations.

(3) A majority of the Delegate Body shall vote in person in order to nominate members to the Board.

(h) The Delegate Body shall—

(1) recommend the rate of assessment prescribed by the initial order and any increase in such rate pursuant to section 1620(5); and

(2) determine the percentage of the aggregate amount of assessments collected in a State that each State association shall receive under section 1620(c)(1).

SELECTION OF DELEGATE BODY

SEC. 1618. (a)(1) Not later than 30 days after the effective date of the order, the Secretary shall call for the nomination within each State of candidates for appointment as producer members of the initial Delegate Body.

(2) Each State association may nominate producers who are residents of such State to serve as such candidates.

(3)(A) Additional producers who are residents of a State may be nominated as candidates of such State by written petition signed by 100 producers or 5 percent of the pork producers in such State, whichever is less.

The Secretary shall establish and publicize the procedures governing the time and place for filing petitions.

(b)(1) After the Secretary has received the nominations required under subsection (a) and not later than 45 days after the effective date of the order, the Secretary shall call for an election within each State of persons for appointment as producer members of the initial Delegate Body.

(2) To be eligible to vote in an election held in a State, a person must be a producer who is a resident of such State.

(3)(A) Notice of each such election shall be given by the Secretary—

(i) by publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in each State, and in pork production and agriculture trade publications, at least 1 week prior to the election; and

(ii) in any other reasonable manner determined by the Secretary.

(B) The notice shall set forth the period of time and places for voting and such other information as the Secretary considers necessary.

(4) Each State shall nominate to the Delegate Body the number of producer members required under section 1617(b)(2)(B).

(5) The producers who receive the highest number of votes in each State shall be nominated for appointment as members of the Delegate Body from such State.

(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), after the election of the producer members of the initial Delegate Body, the Board shall administer all subsequent nominations and elections of the producer members to be nominated for appointment as members of the Delegate Body, with the assistance of the Secretary and in accordance with subsections (a)(3) and (b).

(2) The Board shall determine the timing of an election referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) To be eligible to vote in such an election in a State, a person must—

(A) be a producer who is a resident of such State;

(B) have paid all assessments due under section 1620; and

(C) not demanded a refund of an assessment under section 1624.

(d)(1) Prior to the expiration of the term of any producer member of the Delegate Body, the Board shall appoint a nominating committee of producers who are residents of the State represented by such member.

(2) Such committee shall nominate producers of such State as candidates to fill the position for which an election is to be held.

(3) Additional producers who are residents of a State may be nominated to fill such positions in accordance with subsection (a)(3).

NATIONAL PORK BOARD

SEC. 1619. (a)(1) The order shall provide for the establishment and appointment by the Secretary of a 15-member National Pork Board.

(2) The Board shall consist of producers representing at least 12 States and importers appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted under section 1617(g).

(3) The Board shall consist of producers or importers appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted under section 1617(g).

(4) A member of the Board shall serve for a 3-year term, with no such member serving more than two consecutive 3-year terms, except that initial appointments to the Board shall be staggered with an equal number of members appointed, to the maximum extent possible, to 1-year, 2-year, and 3-year terms, except that the term of a member of the Board shall continue until the successor of such member, if any, is appointed in accordance with paragraph (2).

(5) The Board shall select its President by a majority vote.

(6)(A) A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of the Board.

(B) A majority of votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall determine a motion or election.

(7) A member of the Board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed by the Board from assessments collected under

section 1620 for reasonable expenses incurred in performing duties as a member of the Board.

(b)(1) The Board shall—

(A) develop, at the initiative of the Board or other person, proposals for promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects;

(B) submit such plans and projects to the Secretary for approval;

(C) administer the order, in accordance with the order and this subtitle;

(D) prescribe such rules as are necessary to carry out such order;

(E) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of such order;

(F) make recommendations to the Secretary with respect to amendments to such order; and

(G) employ a staff and conduct routine business.

(2) The Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary, for the approval of the Secretary, a budget for each fiscal year of anticipated expenses and disbursements of the Board in the administration of the order, including the projected cost of—

(A) any promotion, research or consumer information plan or project to be conducted by the Board directly or by way of contract or agreement; and

(B) the budgets, plans, or projects for which State associations are to receive funds pursuant to section 1620(c)(1).

(3) No plan, project, or budget referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) may become effective unless approved by the Secretary.

(4)(A) The Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may enter into contracts or agreements with a person for—

(i) the development and conduct of activities authorized under an order; and

(ii) the payment of the cost thereof with funds collected through assessments under such order.

(B) Such contract or agreement shall require that—

(i) the contracting party develop and submit to the Board a plan or project, together with a budget or budgets that include the estimated cost to be incurred under such plan or project;

(ii) such plan or project become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

(iii) the contracting party—

(I) keep accurate records of all relevant transactions of the party;

(II) make periodic reports to the Board of—

(aa) relevant activities the party has conducted; and

(bb) an accounting for funds received and expended under such contract; and

(III) make such other reports as the Secretary or Board may require.

ASSESSMENTS

SEC. 1620. (a)(1) The order shall provide that, not later than 30 days after the effective date of the order under section 1616(c) an as-

assessment shall be paid, in the manner prescribed in the order. Upon the appointment of the Board, the assessments held in escrow shall be distributed to the Board. Except as provided in paragraph (3), assessments shall be payable by—

(A) each producer for each porcine animal described in subparagraph (A) or (C) of section 1613(8) produced in the United States that is sold or slaughtered for sale;

(B) each producer for each porcine animal described in subsection 1613(8)(B) that is sold; and

(C) each importer for each porcine animal, pork, or pork product that is imported into the United States.

(2) Such assessment shall be collected and remitted to the Board once it is appointed pursuant to section 1619, but, until that time, to the Secretary, who shall promptly proceed to distribute the funds received by him in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c), except that the Secretary shall retain the funds to be received by the Board until such time as the Board is appointed pursuant to section 1619, by—

(A) in the case of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the purchaser of the porcine animal referred to in such subparagraph;

(B) in the case of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), the producer of the porcine animal referred to in such subparagraph; and

(C) in the case of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1), the importer referred to in such subparagraph.

(3) A person is not required to pay an assessment for a porcine animal, pork, or pork product under paragraph (1) if such person proves to the Board that an assessment was paid previously under such paragraph by a person for such porcine animal (of the same category described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 1613(8)), pork, or pork product.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the rate of assessment prescribed by the initial order shall be the lesser of—

(A) 0.25 percent of the market value of the porcine animal, pork, or pork product sold or imported; or

(B) an amount established by the Secretary based on a recommendation of the Delegate Body.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the rate of assessment in the initial order may be increased by not more than 0.1 percent per year on recommendation of the Delegate Body.

(3) The rate of assessment may not exceed 0.50 percent of such market value unless—

(A) after the initial referendum required under section 1622(a), the Delegate Body recommends an increase in such rate above 0.50 percent; and

(B) such increase is approved in a referendum conducted under section 1622(b).

(4)(A) Pork or pork products imported into the United States shall be assessed based on the equivalent value of the live porcine animal from which such pork or pork products were produced, as determined by the Secretary.

(B) The Secretary may waive the collection of assessments on a type of such imported pork or pork products if the Secretary determines that such collection is not practicable.

(c) Funds collected by the Board from assessments collected under this section shall be distributed and used in the following manner:

(1)(A) Each State association, shall receive an amount of funds equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

(i) the aggregate amount of assessments attributable to porcine animals produced in such State by persons described in subsection (a)(1)(A) and (B) minus that State's share of refunds determined pursuant to paragraph (4) by such persons pursuant to section 1624; and

(ii) a percentage applicable to such State association determined by the Delegate Body, but in no event less than sixteen and one-half percent, or

(B) in the case of a State association that was conducting a pork promotion program in the period from July 1, 1984, to June 30, 1985, if greater than (A) an amount of funds equal to the amount of funds that would have been collected in such State pursuant to the pork promotion program in existence in such State from July 1, 1984, to June 30, 1985, had the porcine animals, subject to assessment and to which no refund was received in such State in each year following the enactment of this Act, been produced from July 1, 1984, to June 30, 1985, and been subject to the rates of assessments then in effect and the rate of return then in effect from each State to the Council described in paragraph (2)(A), and other national entities involved in pork promotion, research and consumer information.

(C) A State association shall use such funds and any proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing—

(i) promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects, and

(ii) administrative expenses incurred in connection with such plans and projects.

(2)(A) The National Pork Producers Council, a nonprofit corporation of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and incorporated in the State of Iowa, shall receive an amount of funds equal to—

(i) 37½ percent of the aggregate amount of assessments collected under this section throughout the United States from the date assessment commences pursuant to subsection (a)(1) until the first day of the month following the month in which the Board is appointed pursuant to section 1619.

(ii) 35 percent thereafter until the referendum is conducted pursuant to section 1622,

(iii) 25 percent until twelve months after the referendum is conducted, and

(iv) no funds thereafter except in so far as it obtains such funds from the Board pursuant to section 1619 or 1620, each of which amounts determined under (i), (ii), and (iii) shall be less the Council's share of refunds determined pursuant to paragraph (4).

(B) The Council shall use such funds and proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing—

(i) promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects, and

(ii) administrative expenses of the Council.

(3)(A) The Board shall receive the amount of funds that remain after the distribution required under paragraphs (1) and (2).

(B) The Board shall use such funds and any proceeds from the investment of such funds pursuant to subsection (g) for—

(i) financing promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects in accordance with this title;

(ii) such expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board as may be authorized by the Secretary;

(iii) accumulation of a reasonable reserve to permit an effective promotion, research, and consumer information program to continue in years when the amount of assessments may be reduced; and

(iv) administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this title, including any expenses incurred for the conduct of a referendum under this title.

(4)(A) Each State's share of refunds shall be determined by multiplying the aggregate amount of refunds received by producers in such State by the percentage applicable to such State pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii).

(B) The National Pork Producers' Council's share of refunds shall be determined by multiplying its applicable percent of the aggregate amount of assessments by the product of—

(i) subtracting from the aggregate amount of refunds received by all producers the aggregate amount of State share or refunds in every State determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), and

(ii) adding to that sum the aggregate amount of refunds received by importers.

(d) No promotion funded with assessments collected under this subtitle may make—

(1) a false or misleading claim on behalf of pork or a pork product; or

(2) a false or misleading statement with respect to an attribute or use of a competing product.

(e) No funds collected through assessments authorized by this section may, in any manner, be used for the purpose of influencing legislation, as defined in sections 4911 (d) and (e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

(f) The Board shall—

(1) maintain such books and records, and prepare and submit to the Secretary such reports from time to time, as may be required by the Secretary for appropriate accounting of the receipt and disbursement of funds entrusted to the Board or a State association, as the case may be; and

(2) cause a complete audit report to be submitted to the Secretary at the end of each fiscal year.

(g) The Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may invest funds collected through assessments authorized under this section, pending disbursement for a plan or project, only in—

(1) an obligation of the United States, or of a State or political subdivision thereof;

(2) an interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System; or

(3) an obligation fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

PERMISSIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 1621. (a) On the recommendation of the Board, and with the approval of the Secretary, an order may contain one or more of the following provisions:

(1) Each person purchasing a porcine animal from a producer for commercial use, and each importer, shall—

(A) maintain and make available for inspection such books and records as may be required by the order; and

(B) file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order,

including documentation of the State of origin of a purchased porcine animal or the place of origin of an imported porcine animal, pork, or pork product.

(2) A term or condition—

(A) incidental to, and not inconsistent with, the terms and conditions specified in this subtitle; and

(B) necessary to effectuate the other provisions of such order.

(b)(1) Information referred to in subsection (a)(1) shall be made available to the Secretary and the Board as is appropriate or necessary for the effectuation, administration, or enforcement of this subtitle or an order.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), information obtained under subsection (a)(1) shall be kept confidential by officers or employees of the Department of Agriculture or the Board.

(B) Such information may be disclosed only—

(i) in a suit or administrative hearing involving the order with respect to which the information was furnished or acquired—

(I) brought at the direction or on the request of the Secretary; or

(II) to which the Secretary or an officer of the United States is a party; and

(ii) if the Secretary considers such information to be relevant to such suit or hearing.

(C) Nothing in this section prohibits—

(i) the issuance of a general statement based on the reports of a number of persons subject to an order, or statistical data collected therefrom, if such statement or data does not identify the information furnished by any person; or

(ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of a person violating an order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by such person.

(c) A person who willfully violates subsection (a)(1) or (b) shall, on conviction, be—

(1) subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both; and

(2) if such person is an employee of the Department of Agriculture or the Board, removed from office.

REFERENDUM

SEC. 1622. (a) For the purpose of determining whether an order then in effect shall be continued during the period beginning not earlier than 24 months after the issuance of the order and ending not later than 30 months after the issuance of the order, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among persons who have been pork producers and importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary.

(b)(1) Such order shall be continued only if the Secretary determines that such order has been approved by not less than a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum.

(2) If the continuation of such order is not approved by a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate—

(A) collection of assessments under the order not later than 6 months after the date of such determination; and

(B) the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the date of such determination.

(c) The Secretary shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred in connection with a referendum conducted under this section or section 1623.

(d) A referendum shall be conducted in such manner as prescribed by the Secretary.

(e) A referendum to amend the initial order shall be conducted pursuant to this section.

SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF ORDERS

SEC. 1623. (a) If after the initial referendum provided for in section 1622(a) the Secretary determines that an order, or a provision of the order, obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall terminate or suspend the operation of such order or provision.

(b)(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), after the initial referendum provided for in section 1622(a), on the request of a number of persons equal to at least 15 percent of persons who have been producers and importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum to determine whether the producers and importers favor the termination or suspension of the order.

(B) The Secretary shall—

(i) suspend or terminate collection of assessments under the order not later than 6 months after the date the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum; and

(ii) terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the date of such determination.

(2) Except with respect to a referendum required to be conducted under section 1622, the Secretary shall not be required by paragraph

(1) to conduct more than one referendum under this subtitle in a 2-year period.

(c) The termination or suspension of an order, or a provision of an order, shall not be considered an order within the meaning of this subtitle.

REFUNDS

SEC. 1624. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, prior to the approval of the continuation of an order pursuant to the referendum required under section 1622(a), any person shall have the right to demand and receive from the Board a refund of an assessment collected under section 1620 if such person—

(1) is responsible for paying such assessment; and

(2) does not support the program established under this subtitle.

(b) Such demand shall be made in accordance with regulations, on a form, and within a time period prescribed by the Board and approved by the Secretary, but not later than 30 days after the end of the month in which the assessment was paid.

(c) Such refund shall be made not later than 30 days after demand is received therefore on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer, person, or importer—

(1) paid the assessment for which refund is sought; and

(2) did not collect such assessment from another producer, person, or importer.

PETITION AND REVIEW

SEC. 1625. (a)(1) A person subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition—

(A) stating that such order, a provision of such order, or an obligation imposed in connection with such order is not in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of such order or an exemption from such order.

(2) Such person shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(3) After such hearing, the Secretary shall make a determination granting or denying such petition.

(b)(1) A district court of the United States in the district in which such person resides or does business shall have jurisdiction to review such determination if a complaint for such purpose is filed not later than 20 days after the date such person receives notice of such determination.

(2) Service of process in such proceeding may be made on the Secretary by delivering a copy of the complaint to the Secretary.

(3) If a court determines that such determination is not in accordance with law, the court shall remand such proceedings to the Secretary with directions to—

(A) make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law; or

(B) take such further proceedings as, in the opinion of the court, the law requires.

ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 1626. (a)(1) A district court of the United States shall have jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain a person from violating an order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(2) A civil action authorized to be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary is not required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this subtitle if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by providing a suitable written notice or warning to a person who committed such violation or by administrative action under subsection (b).

(b)(1)(A) A person who willfully violates an order, rule, or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle may be assessed—

(i) a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than \$1,000 for each such violation; and

(ii) in the case of a willful failure to pay, collect, or remit an assessment as required by an order, an additional penalty equal to the amount of such assessment.

(B) Each such violation shall be a separate offense.

(C) In addition to or in lieu of such civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring such person to cease and desist from violating such order, rule, or regulation.

(D) No penalty may be assessed or cease-and-desist order issued unless the Secretary gives such person notice and opportunity for a hearing on the record with respect to such violation.

(E) An order issued under this paragraph by the Secretary shall be final and conclusive unless such person files an appeal from such order with the appropriate United States court of appeals not later than 30 days after such person receives notice of such order.

(2)(A) A person against whom an order is issued under paragraph (1) may obtain review of such order in the court of appeals of the United States for the circuit in which such person resides or does business, or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, by—

(i) filing a notice of appeal in such court not later than 30 days after the date of such order; and

(ii) simultaneously sending a copy of such notice by certified mail to the Secretary.

(B) The Secretary shall file promptly in such court a certified copy of the record on which such violation was found.

(C) A finding of the Secretary shall be set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(3)(A) A person who fails to obey a valid cease-and-desist order issued under paragraph (1) by the Secretary, after an opportunity for a hearing, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary of not more than \$500 for each offense.

(B) Each day during which such failure continues shall be considered a separate violation of such order.

(4)(A) If a person fails to pay a valid civil penalty imposed under this subsection by the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter

to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in an appropriate district court of the United States.

(B) In such action, the validity and appropriateness of the order imposing such civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

(c) The remedies provided in subsections (a) and (b) shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

INVESTIGATIONS

SEC. 1627. (a) The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary—

(1) for the effective administration of this subtitle; or

(2) to determine whether a person subject to this subtitle has engaged, or is about to engage, in an act that constitutes, or will constitute, a violation of this subtitle or an order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b)(1) For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry.

(2) Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such records may be required from any place in the United States.

(c)(1) In the case of contumacy, or refusal to obey a subpoena, by a person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of a court of the United States with jurisdiction over such investigation or proceeding, or where such person resides or does business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of such person and the production of such records.

(2) The court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation.

(3) A failure to obey an order issued under this section by the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

(4) Process in such case may be served in the judicial district in which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found.

PREEMPTION

SEC. 1628. (a) This subtitle is intended to occupy the field of—

(1) promotion and consumer education involving pork and pork products; and

(2) obtaining funds therefor from pork producers.

(b) The regulation of such activity (other than a regulation or requirement relating to a matter of public health or the provision of State or local funds for such activity) that is in addition to or different from this subtitle may not be imposed by a State.

(c) This section shall apply only during a period beginning on the date of the commencement of the collection of assessments under section 1620 and ending on the date of the termination of the collection of assessments under section 1622(a)(3) or 1622(b)(1)(B).

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

SEC. 1629. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to orders shall be applicable to amendments to orders.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1630. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the Secretary to carry out this subtitle, subject to reimbursement from the Board under section 1620(c)(3)(B)(iv).

(b) Sums appropriated to carry out this subtitle shall not be available for payment of an expense or expenditure incurred by the Board in administering an order.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 1631. This subtitle shall become effective on January 1, 1986.

Subtitle C—Watermelon Research and Promotion Act

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1641. This subtitle may be cited as the "Watermelon Research and Promotion Act".

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 1642. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) the per capita consumption of watermelons in the United States has declined steadily in recent years;

(2) watermelons are an important cash crop to many farmers in the United States and are an economical, enjoyable, and healthful food for consumers;

(3) approximately 2,607,600,000 pounds of watermelons with a farm value of \$158,923,000 were produced in 1981 in the United States;

(4) watermelons move in the channels of interstate commerce, and watermelons that do not move in such channels directly affect interstate commerce;

(5) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets and the establishment of new or improved markets and uses for watermelons are vital to the welfare of watermelon growers and those concerned with marketing, using, and handling watermelons, as well as the general economic welfare of the Nation; and

(6) the development and implementation of coordinated programs of research, development, advertising, and promotion are necessary to maintain and expand existing markets and establish new or improved markets and uses for watermelons.

(b) It is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is essential in the public interest, through the exercise of the powers provided herein, to authorize the establishment of an orderly procedure for the development, financing (through adequate assessments on watermelons harvested in the United States for commercial use), and carrying out of an effective, continuous, and coordinated program of research, development, advertising, and promotion designed to strengthen the watermelon's competitive position in the marketplace, and establish, maintain, and expand domestic and foreign

markets for watermelons produced in the United States. The purpose of this subtitle is to so authorize the establishment of such procedure and the development, financing, and carrying out of such program. Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to dictate quality standards nor provide for the control of production or otherwise limit the right of individual watermelon producers to produce watermelons.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1643. As used in this subtitle—

(1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture;

(2) the term "person" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or other entity;

(3) the term "watermelon" means all varieties of watermelon grown by producers in the forty-eight contiguous States of the United States;

(4) the term "handler" means any person (except a common or contract carrier of watermelons owned by another person) who handles watermelons in a manner specified in a plan issued under this subtitle or in regulations promulgated thereunder;

(5) the term "producer" means any person engaged in the growing of five or more acres of watermelons;

(6) the term "promotion" means any action taken by the Board, under this subtitle, to present a favorable image for watermelons to the public with the express intent of improving the competitive position of watermelons in the marketplace and stimulating sales of watermelons, and shall include, but not be limited to, paid advertising; and

(7) the term "Board" means the National Watermelon Promotion Board provided for in section 1644.

ISSUANCE OF PLANS

SEC. 1644. To effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall, under the provisions of this subtitle, issue, and from time to time may amend, orders (applicable to producers and handlers of watermelons) authorizing the collection of assessments on watermelons under this subtitle and the use of such funds to cover the costs of research, development, advertising, and promotion with respect to watermelons under this subtitle. Any order issued by the Secretary under this subtitle shall hereinafter in this subtitle be referred to as a "plan". Any plan shall be applicable to watermelons produced in the forty-eight contiguous States of the United States.

NOTICE AND HEARINGS

SEC. 1645. (a) When sufficient evidence, as determined by the Secretary, is presented to the Secretary by watermelon producers and handlers, or whenever the Secretary has reason to believe that a plan will tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall give due notice and opportunity for a hearing on a proposed plan. Such hearing may be requested by watermelon producers or handlers or by any other interested person, including the

Secretary, when the request for such hearing is accompanied by a proposal for a plan.

(b) After notice and opportunity for hearing as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall issue a plan if the Secretary finds, and sets forth in such plan, on the evidence introduced at the hearing that the issuance of the plan and all the terms and conditions thereof will tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle.

REGULATIONS

SEC. 1646. The Secretary may issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle and the powers vested in the Secretary under this subtitle.

REQUIRED TERMS IN PLANS

SEC. 1647. (a) Any plan issued under this subtitle shall contain the terms and provisions described in this section.

(b) The plan shall provide for the establishment by the Secretary of the National Watermelon Promotion Board and for defining its powers and duties, which shall include the powers to—

(1) administer the plan in accordance with its terms and conditions;

(2) make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and conditions of the plan;

(3) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the plan; and

(4) recommend to the Secretary amendments to the plan.

(c) The plan shall provide that the Board shall be composed of representatives of producers and handlers, and one representative of the public, appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted in accordance with this subsection. An equal number of representatives of producers and handlers shall be nominated by producers and handlers, and the representative of the public shall be nominated by the producer and handler members of the Board, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary. If producers and handlers fail to select nominees for appointment to the Board, the Secretary may appoint persons on the basis of representation as provided for in the plan. If the Board fails to nominate a public representative, the Secretary shall choose such representative for appointment.

(d) The plan shall provide that all Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Board.

(e) The plan shall provide that the Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary for the Secretary's approval a budget, on a fiscal period basis, of its anticipated expenses and disbursements in the administration of the plan, including probable costs of research, development, advertising, and promotion.

(f) The plan shall provide for the fixing by the Secretary of assessments to cover costs incurred under the budgets provided for in subsection (e), and under section 1648(f), based on the Board's recommendation as to the appropriate rate of assessment, and for the collection of the assessments by the Board.

(g) The plan shall provide that—

(1) funds collected by the Board shall be used for research, development, advertising, or promotion of watermelons and such other expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board as may be authorized by the Secretary, including any referendum and administrative costs incurred by the Department of Agriculture under this subtitle;

(2) no advertising or sales promotion program under this subtitle shall make any reference to private brand names nor use false or unwarranted claims in behalf of watermelons or their products or false or unwarranted statements with respect to attributes or use of any competing products;

(3) no funds collected by the Board shall in any manner be used for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action, except as provided by subsections (b)(4) and (f); and

(4) assessments shall be made on watermelons produced by producers and watermelons handled by handlers, and the rate of such assessments shall be the same, on a per-unit basis, for producers and handlers. If a person performs both producing and handling functions, both assessments shall be paid by such person.

(h) The plan shall provide that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this subtitle, any watermelon producer or handler against whose watermelons an assessment is made and collected under this subtitle and who is not in favor of supporting the research, development, advertising, and promotion program provided for under this subtitle shall have the right to demand a refund of the assessment from the Board, under regulations, and on a form and within a time period (not less than 90 days), prescribed by the Board and approved by the Secretary. A producer or handler who timely makes demand in accord with the regulations, on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer or handler paid the assessment for which the refund is sought, shall receive such refund within 60 days after demand therefor.

(i) The plan shall provide that the Board, subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), and (g), shall develop and submit to the Secretary, for the Secretary's approval, any research, development, advertising, or promotion program or project, and that a program or project must be approved by the Secretary before becoming effective.

(j) The plan shall provide the Board with authority to enter into contracts or agreements, with the approval of the Secretary, for the development and carrying out of research, development, advertising, or promotion programs or projects, and the payment of the cost thereof with funds collected under this subtitle.

(k) The plan shall provide that the Board shall (1) maintain books and records, (2) prepare and submit to the Secretary such reports from time to time as may be prescribed for appropriate accounting with respect to the receipt and disbursement of funds entrusted to it, and (3) cause a complete audit report to be submitted to the Secretary at the end of each fiscal period.

PERMISSIVE TERMS IN PLANS

SEC. 1648. (a) Any plan issued under this subtitle may contain one or more of the terms and provisions described in this section, but except as provided in section 1647 no others.

(b) The plan may provide for the exemption, from the provisions of the plan, of watermelons used for nonfood uses, and authority for the Board to establish satisfactory safeguards against improper use of such exemption.

(c) The plan may provide for the designation of different handler payment and reporting schedules with respect to assessments, as provided for in sections 1647 and 1649, to recognize differences in marketing practices and procedures used in different production areas.

(d) The plan may provide for the establishment, issuance, effectuation, and administration of appropriate programs or projects for the advertising and other sales promotion of watermelons and for the disbursement of necessary funds for such purposes. Any such program or project shall be directed toward increasing the general demand for watermelons, and promotional activities shall comply with the provisions of section 1647(g).

(e) The plan may provide for establishing and carrying out research and development projects and studies to the end that the marketing and use of watermelons may be encouraged, expanded, improved, or made more efficient, and for the disbursement of necessary funds for such purposes.

(f) The plan may provide authority for the accumulation of reserve funds from assessments collected under this subtitle, to permit an effective and continuous coordinated program of research, development, advertising, and promotion in years when watermelon production and assessment income may be reduced, except that the total reserve fund may not exceed the amount budgeted for two years operation.

(g) The plan may provide for the use of funds from assessments collected under this subtitle, with the approval of the Secretary, for the development and expansion of sales of watermelons in foreign markets.

(h) The plan may contain terms and conditions incidental to and not inconsistent with the terms and conditions specified in this subtitle and necessary to effectuate the other provisions of the plan.

ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

SEC. 1649. (a) Each handler required to pay assessments under a plan, as provided for under section 1647(f), shall be responsible for payment to the Board, as it may direct, of the assessments. A handler also shall collect from any producer, or shall deduct from the proceeds paid to any producer, on whose watermelons a producer assessment is made, the assessments required to be paid by the producer. The handler shall remit producer assessments to the Board as the Board directs. Such handler shall maintain a separate record with respect to each producer for whom watermelons were handled. Such records shall indicate the total quantity of watermelons handled by the handler, including those handled for producers and for the handler, the total quantity of watermelons handled by the handler that are included under the terms of the plan, as well as those

that are exempt under the plan, and such other information as may be prescribed by the Board. To facilitate the collection and payment of assessments, the Board may designate different handlers or classes of handlers to recognize differences in marketing practices or procedures used in any State or area. The handler shall be assessed an equal amount as the producer. No more than one assessment on a producer nor more than one assessment on a handler shall be made on any watermelons.

(b) Handlers responsible for payment of assessments under subsection (a) shall maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary such books and records as required by the plan and file reports at the times, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the plan, to the end that information and data shall be made available to the Board and to the Secretary that is appropriate or necessary to the effectuation, administration, or enforcement of this subtitle or of any plan or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(c) All information obtained under subsections (a) and (b) shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture and of the Board, and only such information so furnished or acquired as the Secretary deems relevant shall be disclosed by them, and then only in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the direction, or on the request, of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and involving the plan with reference to which the information to be disclosed was furnished or acquired. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to prohibit—

(1) the issuance of general statements based on the reports of a number of handlers subject to a plan if such statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

(2) the publication by direction of the Secretary of the name of any person violating any plan together with a statement of the particular provisions of the plan violated by such person.

Any such officer or employee violating the provisions of this subsection shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and shall be removed from office.

PETITION AND REVIEW

SEC. 1650. (a) Any person subject to a plan may file a written petition with the Secretary, stating that the plan or any provision of the plan, or any obligation imposed in connection therewith, is not in accordance with law and praying for a modification thereof or to be exempted therefrom. The person shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary. After the hearing, the Secretary shall make a ruling on the petition, which shall be final if in accordance with the law.

(b) The district courts of the United States in any district in which the person is an inhabitant, or in which the person's principal place of business is located, are hereby vested with jurisdiction to review such ruling, provided that a complaint for that purpose is filed within twenty days from the date of the entry of the ruling.

Service of process in such proceedings may be had on the Secretary by delivering to the Secretary a copy of the complaint. If the court determines that the ruling is not in accordance with law, it shall remand the proceedings to the Secretary with directions either to (1) make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law, or (2) take such further proceedings as, in its opinion, the law requires. The pendency of proceedings instituted under subsection (a) shall not impede or delay the United States or the Secretary from obtaining relief under section 1851(a).

ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 1651. (a) The several district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, any plan or regulation made or issued under this subtitle. The facts relating to any civil action that may be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as requiring the Secretary to refer to the Attorney General violations of this subtitle whenever the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of the plan or regulation would be adequately served by administrative action under subsection (b) or suitable written notice or warning to any person committing the violations.

(b)(1) Any person who violates any provision of any plan or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle, or who fails or refuses to pay, collect, or remit any assessment or fee required of the person thereunder, may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 for each violation. Each violation shall be a separate offense. In addition to or in lieu of such civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring the person to cease and desist from continuing the violation. No penalty shall be assessed nor cease and desist order issued unless the person is given notice and opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary with respect to the violation. The order of the Secretary assessing a penalty or imposing a cease and desist order shall be final and conclusive unless the person affected by the order files an appeal from the Secretary's order with the appropriate United States court of appeals.

(2) Any person against whom a violation is found and a civil penalty assessed or cease and desist order issued under paragraph (1) may obtain review in the court of appeals of the United States for the circuit in which such person resides or carries on business or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit by filing a notice of appeal in such court within thirty days after the date of the order and by simultaneously sending a copy of the notice by certified mail to the Secretary. The Secretary shall promptly file in such court a certified copy of the record on which the violation was found. The findings of the Secretary shall be set aside only if found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(3) Any person who fails to obey a cease and desist order after it has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate court of appeals has entered a final judgment in favor of the Secretary, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary, after opportu-

nity for a hearing and for judicial review under the procedures specified in paragraphs (1) and (2), of not more than \$500 for each offense. Each day during which the failure continues shall be deemed a separate offense.

(4) If any person fails to pay an assessment of a civil penalty after it has become a final and unappealable order, or after the appropriate court of appeals has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in any appropriate district court of the United States. In such action, the validity and appropriateness of the final order imposing the civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

INVESTIGATION AND POWER TO SUBPOENA

SEC. 1652. (a) The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out effectively the Secretary's responsibilities under this subtitle or to determine whether a handler or any other person has engaged or is engaging in any acts or practices that constitute a violation of any provision of this subtitle, or of any plan or regulation issued under this subtitle. For the purpose of an investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, and documents that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, including a handler, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents; and such court may issue an order requiring the person to appear before the Secretary, there to produce records, if so ordered, or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt thereof. All process in any such case may be served in the judicial district in which the person is an inhabitant or wherever the person may be found. The site of any hearing held under this subsection shall be within the judicial district in which the handler or other person is an inhabitant or in which the person's principal place of business is located.

(b) No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, and documents before the Secretary, or in obedience to the subpoena of the Secretary, or in any cause or proceeding, criminal or otherwise, based on, or growing out of, any alleged violation of this subtitle, or of any plan or regulation issued thereunder, on the grounds that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of the person may tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty or forfeiture. However, no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which the person is compelled, after having claimed the person's privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence,

documentary or otherwise, except that any individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

REQUIREMENT OF REFERENDUM

SEC. 1653. The Secretary shall conduct a referendum among producers and handlers not exempt under sections 1643(5) and 1648(b) who, during a representative period determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production or handling of watermelons, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the issuance of a plan is approved or favored by producers and handlers. The referendum shall be conducted at the county extension offices. No plan issued under this subtitle shall be effective unless the Secretary determines that the issuance of the plan is approved or favored by not less than two-thirds of the producers and handlers voting in such referendum, or by the producers and handlers of not less than two-thirds of the watermelons produced and handled during the representative period by producers and handlers voting in such referendum, and by not less than a majority of the producers and a majority of the handlers voting in the referendum. The ballots and other information or reports that reveal or tend to reveal the vote of any producer or handler or the person's volume of watermelons produced or handled shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed. Any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture violating the provisions hereof shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 1649(c) of this subtitle.

SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF PLANS

SEC. 1654. (a) Whenever the Secretary finds that a plan or any provision thereof obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall terminate or suspend the operation of the plan or provision.

(b) The Secretary may conduct a referendum at any time, and shall hold a referendum on request of the Board or 10 per centum or more of the watermelon producers and handlers eligible to vote in a referendum, to determine if watermelon producers and handlers favor the termination or suspension of the plan. The Secretary shall terminate or suspend the plan at the end of the marketing year whenever the Secretary determines that the termination or suspension is favored by a majority of those voting in the referendum, and who produce or handle more than 50 per centum of the volume of the watermelons produced by the producers or handled by the handlers voting in the referendum. Any such referendum shall be conducted at county extension offices.

AMENDMENT PROCEDURE

SEC. 1655. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to plans shall be applicable to amendments to plans.

SEPARABILITY

SEC. 1656. If any provision of this subtitle or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this subtitle and the application of such provi-

sion to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1657. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle, except that the funds so appropriated shall not be available for the payment of any expenses or expenditures of the Board in administering any provision of any plan issued under authority of this subtitle.

Subtitle D—Marketing Orders

MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR ORDER VIOLATIONS

SEC. 1661. (a) Section 8c(14) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(14)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by striking out "\$500" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$5,000".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to any violation described in section 8c(14) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act occurring before the date of the enactment of this Act.

LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE MARKETING ORDERS

SEC. 1662. (a) Section 8c(16) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(16)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) striking out "The Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary"; and

(B) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(ii) The Secretary may not terminate any order issued under this section for a commodity for which there is no Federal program established to support the price of such commodity unless the Secretary gives notice of, and a statement of the reasons relied upon by the Secretary for, the proposed termination of such order to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives not later than 60 days before the date such order will be terminated."; and

(2) in subparagraph (C), striking out "The termination" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as otherwise provided in this subsection with respect to the termination of an order issued under this section, the termination".

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture may not terminate any marketing order under section 8c(16) of the of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(16)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, if such termination becomes effective before January 16, 1986.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

SEC. 1663. Section 8d(2) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608d(2)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by—

(1) inserting in the first sentence after “pursuant to this section” the following: “, as well as information for marketing order programs that is categorized as trade secrets and commercial or financial information exempt under section 552(b)(4) of title 5 of the United States Code from disclosure under section 552 of such title,”; and

(2) inserting after the first sentence the following: “Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any such information relating to a marketing agreement or order applicable to milk may be released upon the authorization of any regulated milk handler to whom such information pertains. The Secretary shall notify the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives not later than 10 legislative days before the contemplated release under law, of the names and addresses of producers participating in such marketing agreements and orders, and shall include in such notice a statement of reasons relied upon by the Secretary in making the determination to release such names and addresses.”.

Subtitle E—Grain Inspection

GRAIN STANDARDS

SEC. 1671. Section 4 of the United States Grain Standards Act (7 U.S.C. 76) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(c) If the Government of any country requests that moisture content remain a criterion in the official grade designations of grain, such criterion shall be included in determining the official grade designation of grain shipped to such country.”.

NEW GRAIN CLASSIFICATIONS

SEC. 1672. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall direct the Federal Grain Inspection Service and the Agricultural Research Service to cooperate in developing new means of establishing grain classifications taking into account characteristics other than those visually evident.

(b) The Secretary shall report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, semiannually, with the first report due not later than December 31, 1985, on the status of cooperative efforts required under subsection (a), as such efforts relate to more accurately classifying types of wheat and other grains currently in use.

STUDY OF GRAIN STANDARDS

SEC. 1673. (a)(1) The Office of Technology Assessment shall conduct a study of United States grain export quality standards and grain handling practices.

(2) The Office of Technology Assessment shall conduct such study—

(A) in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(B) in accordance with Section 3(d) of Technology Assessment Act of 1972 (2 U.S.C. 472(d)).

(b) In conducting such study, the Office of Technology Assessment shall—

(1) evaluate the competitive problems the United States faces in international grain markets that may be attributed to grain quality standards and handling practices rather than price;

(2) identify the extent to which United States grain export quality standards and handling practices have contributed toward the recent decline in United States grain exports; and

(3) perform a comparative analysis between—

(A) the grain quality standards and practices of the United States and the major grain export competitors of the United States;

(B) the grain handling technology of the United States and the major grain export competitors of the United States;

(4) evaluate the consequences on United States export grain sales, the cost of exporting grain, and the prices received by farmers should United States export grain elevators be subject, by law or regulation, to requirements that—

(A) no dockage or foreign material (including but not limited to dust or particles of whatever origin) once removed from grain shall be recombined with any grain if there is a possibility that the recombined product may be exported from the United States;

(B) no dockage or foreign material of any origin may be added to any grain that may be exported if the result will be to reduce the grade or quality of the grain or to reduce the ability of the grain to resist spoilage; and

(C) no blending of grain with a similar grain of different moisture content may be permitted if the difference between the moisture contents of the grains being blended is more than 1 percent; and

(5) evaluate the current method of establishing grain classification, the feasibility of utilizing new technology to correctly classify grains, and the impact of new seed varieties on exports and users of grain.

(c) Not later than December 1, 1986, the Office of Technology Assessment shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report containing the results of the study required under this section, together with such comments and recommendations for the improvement of United States grain export quality standards and handling practices as the Office of Technology Assessment considers appropriate.

TITLE XVII—RELATED AND MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS

Subtitle A—Processing, Inspection, and Labeling

POULTRY INSPECTION

SEC. 1701. (a) Section 17 of the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 466) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all poultry, or parts or products thereof, capable of use as human food offered for importation into the United States shall—

"(A) be subject to the same inspection, sanitary, quality, species verification, and residue standards applied to products produced in the United States; and

"(B) have been processed in facilities and under conditions that are the same as those under which similar products are processed in the United States.

"(2) Any such imported poultry article that does not meet such standards shall not be permitted entry into the United States.

"(3) The Secretary shall enforce this subsection through—

"(A) random inspections for such species verification and for residues; and

"(B) random sampling and testing of internal organs and fat of carcasses for residues at the point of slaughter by the exporting country, in accordance with methods approved by the Secretary."

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

INSPECTION AND OTHER STANDARDS FOR IMPORTED MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS

SEC. 1702. (a) Section 20(f) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 620(f)) is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Each foreign country from which such meat articles are offered for importation into the United States shall obtain a certification issued by the Secretary stating that the country maintains a program using reliable analytical methods to ensure compliance with the United States standards for residues in such meat articles. No such meat article shall be permitted entry into the United States from a country for which the Secretary has not issued such certification. The Secretary shall periodically review such certifications and shall revoke any certification if the Secretary determines that the country involved is not maintaining a program that uses reliable analytical methods to ensure compliance with United States standards for residues in such meat articles. The consideration of any application for a certification under this subsection and the review of any such certification, by the Secretary, shall include the inspection of individual establishments to ensure that the inspection program of the foreign country involved is meeting such United States standards."

(b) Section 20 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 620) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(g) The Secretary may prescribe terms and conditions under which cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules, and other equines that have been administered an animal drug or antibiotic banned for use in the United States may be imported for slaughter and human consumption. No person shall enter cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules, and other equines into the United States in violation of any order issued under this subsection by the Secretary."

EXAMINATION AND REPORT OF LABELING AND SANITATION STANDARDS
FOR IMPORTATION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

SEC. 1703. (a)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of Department of Health and Human Services and Department of Agriculture product purity and inspection requirements and regulations currently in effect for imported food products and agricultural commodities. The study shall evaluate the effectiveness of Federal regulations and inspection procedures to detect prohibited chemical residues and foreign matter in or on food or raw agricultural commodities in processed or unprocessed form.

(2) The study shall include a review of Federal regulations and inspection procedures currently in effect to detect in imported live animals chemicals and chemical residues the use of which is prohibited in the production of domestic live animals.

(3) The study shall include recommendations regarding the feasibility of requiring that quality control reports relating to product purity and inspection procedures be submitted from processing plants certified by the Secretary of Agriculture as eligible to export meat and meat food products to the United States.

(4) The study shall include recommendations on the adequacy of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Agriculture to prescribe and enforce food sanitation requirements and chemical and chemical residue standards for imported agricultural commodities and food products.

(b) The study also shall evaluate the feasibility of requiring all imported meat and meat food products, agricultural commodities, and products of such commodities to bear a label stating the country of origin of such commodities and products. The study shall include an evaluation of the feasibility of requiring any person owning or operating an eating establishment that serves any meat or meat food product required to be marked or labeled under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 7(c) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 607(c)) to inform individuals purchasing food from such establishment that meat or meat food products served at the establishment may be imported articles—

(1) by displaying a sign indicating that imported meat is served in such establishment; or

(2) by providing the information specified in paragraph (1) of such section 7(c) on the menus offered to such individuals.

(c) The Secretary shall submit the results of the study conducted under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

POTATO INSPECTION

SEC. 1704. The Secretary of Agriculture shall perform random spot checks of potatoes entering through ports of entry in the north-eastern United States. The Secretary of Agriculture shall report to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives the results of such spot checks.

*Subtitle B—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation
Committees*

LOCAL COMMITTEES

SEC. 1711. (a) The fifth paragraph of section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"There shall be 3 local administrative areas in each county, except that, in counties with less than one hundred and fifty farmers, the county committee selected as hereinafter provided may reduce the number of local administrative areas to one, and except that the Secretary may include more than one county or parts of different counties in a local administrative area when the Secretary determines that there are insufficient farmers in an area to establish a slate of candidates for a community committee and hold an election.

(2) by striking out "annually" in the fourth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section);

(3) by inserting after the fourth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) the following new sentences: "Each member of a local committee shall be elected for a term of 3 years. Each local committee shall meet (A) once each year and shall receive compensation for such meeting by the Secretary at not less than the level in effect on December 31, 1985, and (B) at the direction of the county committee and with the approval of the State committee, such additional times during the year as may be necessary to carry out this section without compensation. The meetings of a local committee shall be held on different days of the year."; and

(4) by inserting after the eighth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) the following new sentences: "The local committees in each county shall (A) in a county in which there is more than one local committee, serve as advisors and consultants to the county committee; (B) periodically meet with the county committee and State committee to be informed on farm program issues; (C) communicate with producers within their communities on issues or concerns regarding farm programs; (D) report to the county committee, the State committee, and other interested persons on changes to, or modifications of, farm programs recommended by producers in their communities; and (E) perform such other functions as are required by law or as the Secretary may specify. The Secretary shall ensure that information concerning changes in Federal

laws in effect with respect to agricultural programs and the administration of such laws are communicated in a timely manner to local committees in areas that contain agricultural producers who might be affected by such changes."

(b)(1) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1986, except that the amendments made by clauses (2) and (3) of subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to the term of office of any member of a local committee elected before January 1, 1986.

(2) If the number of local administrative areas and local committees in a county increases as a result of a change in the number of local administrative areas in the county under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (as amended by subsection (a)(1)), any member of a local committee in such county elected before January 1, 1986, shall serve the unexpired portion of any term commenced before the date of such increase as a member of the local committee for the administrative area in which such member resides.

COUNTY COMMITTEES

SEC. 1712. The first sentence of the fifth paragraph of section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "and as otherwise directed by law with respect to other programs and functions," after "Alaska,"; and

(2) by inserting a semicolon and "and the Secretary may use the services of such committees in carrying out other programs and functions of the Department of Agriculture" before the period at the end thereof.

SALARY AND TRAVEL EXPENSES

SEC. 1713. (a) Section 388(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1388(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall provide compensation to members of such county committees (at not less than the level in effect on December 31, 1985 for county committees) for work actually performed by such persons in cooperating in carrying out the Acts in connection with which such committees are used.

"(B) The rate of compensation received by such persons for such work on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 shall be increased at the discretion of the Secretary."

(b) Section 388 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall make payments to members of local, county, and State committees to cover expenses for travel incurred by such persons (including, in the case of a member of a local or county committee, travel between the home of such member and the local county office of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service) in cooperating in carrying out the Acts in connection with which such Committees are used.

"(2) Such travel expenses shall be paid in the manner authorized under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for the payment of expenses and allowances for individuals employed intermittently in the Federal Government service."

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1986.

Subtitle C—National Agricultural Policy Commission Act of 1985

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1721. This subtitle may be cited as the "National Agricultural Policy Commission Act of 1985".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1722. As used in this subtitle—

(1) the term "Commission" means the National Commission on Agricultural Policy established under section 1723;

(2) the term "Governor" means the chief executive officer of a State; and

(3) the term "State" means the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION

SEC. 1723. (a) There is established a National Commission on Agricultural Policy to conduct a study of—

(A) the structure, procedures, and methods of formulating and administering agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States; and

(B) conditions in rural areas of the United States and the manner in which such conditions relate to the provision of public services by Federal, State, and local governments.

(b) In addition to the members specified in subsection (c), the Commission shall be composed of fifteen members appointed by the President and selected as follows:

(1) The President shall request Governors of States to nominate members representing individuals and industries directly affected by agricultural policies, including—

(A) producers of major agricultural commodities or the products thereof in the United States;

(B) processors or refiners of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof;

(C) exporters, transporters, or shippers of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof;

(D) suppliers of agricultural equipment or materials to United States farmers;

(E) providers of financing or credit for agricultural purposes; and

(F) consumers of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof.

(2) The Governor of a State may submit to the President a list of not less than two, nor more than four, nominees to serve on

the Commission who represent individuals and industries referred to in paragraph (1).

(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the President shall appoint 15 individuals from a total of, to the extent practicable, not less than sixty individuals nominated by States under paragraph (2) to serve on the Commission.

(B) The President may appoint to the Commission not more than—

- (i) one individual nominated by a particular State; and
- (ii) seven individuals of the same political party.

(C) If the President determines that the individuals nominated by States under paragraph (2) are not broadly representative of the individuals and industries referred to in paragraph (1), the President may substitute no more than three other individuals to serve on the Commission who represent such individuals and industries.

(c)(1) The chairmen and ranking minority members of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate shall—

(A) serve as *ex officio* members of the Commission; and

(B) have the same voting rights as the members of the Commission selected and appointed under subsection (b).

(2) The chairmen and ranking minority members may designate other members of the respective committees to serve in their stead as members of the Commission.

(d) A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(e) The Commission shall elect a chairman from among the members of the Commission who are selected and appointed under the provisions of subsection (b).

(f) The Commission shall meet at the call of the chairman or a majority of the Commission.

CONDUCT OF STUDY

SEC. 1724. The Commission shall study—

(1) the structure, procedures, and methods of formulating and administering agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States, including—

(A) the effectiveness of existing agricultural programs in improving farm income;

(B) the manner in which the programs may be improved to retain a family-farm system of agricultural production;

(C) the effect of legislative and administrative changes in agricultural policy on planning and long-term profitability of farmers;

(D) the effect on farmers of the existing system and structure of formulating and implementing agriculture policy;

(E) the effect of national and international economic trends on United States agricultural production;

(F) the means of adjusting the agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States to meet changing economic conditions;

(G) potential areas of conflict and compatibility between the structure of making agricultural policy and long-term stability in policy and practices;

(H) changing demographic trends and the manner in which such trends affect agriculture and agricultural policy consistency; and

(I) the role of State and local governments in future agricultural policy; and

(2) conditions in rural areas of the United States and the manner in which such conditions relate to the provision of public services by Federal, State, and local governments, including an analysis of—

(A) conditions that reflect the declining rural economy, including economic and demographic trends, rural and agricultural income and debt, and other appropriate social and economic indicators of such conditions;

(B) trends and fiscal conditions of rural local governments;

(C) trends and patterns in the delivery of rural public services;

(D) the impact of the deregulation of transportation, telecommunications, and banking on the rural economy and delivery of public services; and

(E) trends and patterns of Federal, State, and local government financing, delivery, and regulation of public services in rural areas of the United States.

REPORTS

SEC. 1725. Not later than twelve months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and each twelve months thereafter during the existence of the Commission, the Commission shall submit an annual report to the President and Congress containing the findings and recommendations of the Commission with respect to the matters referred to in section 1724. The Commission may not comment on legislation pending before Congress unless specifically requested to do so by the Chairman of an appropriate committee.

ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 1726. (a) The heads of executive agencies, the General Accounting Office, the International Trade Commission, and the Congressional Budget Office, to the extent permitted by law, shall provide the Commission with such information as the Commission may require in carrying out the duties and functions of the Commission.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), members of the Commission shall serve without any additional compensation for work performed on the Commission.

(2) Such members who are private citizens of the United States may be allowed travel expenses, including a per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the Government service under sections 5701 through 5707 of title 5, United States Code.

(c) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated in advance and such rules as may be adopted by the Commission and without

regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service or the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to the classification and General Schedule pay rates, the Chairman of the Commission may appoint and fix the compensation of a director and such additional staff personnel as the Commission determines are necessary to carry out duties and functions of the Commission.

(d)(1) On the request of the Commission, the Secretary of Agriculture shall furnish the Commission with such personnel and support services as are necessary to assist the Commission in carrying out duties and functions of the Commission.

(2) On the request of the Commission, the heads of other executive agencies and the General Accounting Office may furnish the Commission with such personnel and support services as the head of the agency or Office and the Chairman of the Commission agree are necessary to assist the Commission in carrying out duties and functions of the Commission.

(3) The Commission shall not be required to pay or reimburse an agency or the Office for personnel and support services provided under this section.

(e)(1) In accordance with section 12 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall maintain records of—

(A) the disposition of any funds that may be at the disposal of the Commission; and

(B) the nature and extent of activities of the Commission.

(2) The Comptroller General of the United States shall have access to such records for the purpose of audit and examination.

(f) The Commission shall be exempt from sections 7(d), 10(e), 10(f), and 14 of the Federal Advisory Committees Act and sections 4301 through 4308 of title 5 of the United States Code.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1727. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

(b) To the maximum extent practicable, this subtitle shall be carried out using funds otherwise available to the Secretary of Agriculture for the expenses of advisory committees.

TERMINATION

SEC. 1728. This subtitle and the Commission shall terminate five years after the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—National Aquaculture Improvement Act of 1985

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1731. This subtitle may be cited as the "National Aquaculture Improvement Act of 1985".

FINDINGS, PURPOSE, AND POLICY

SEC. 1732. Section 2 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2801) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (a)(3)—

(A) by striking out "10 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "13 percent", and

(B) by striking out "3 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "6 percent";

(2) by amending subsection (a)(7) by inserting "scientific," before "economic," and by inserting "the lack of supportive Government policies," immediately after "management information,";

(3) by amending subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2),

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4), and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) establishing the Department of Agriculture as the lead Federal agency with respect to the coordination and dissemination of national aquaculture information by designating the Secretary of Agriculture as the permanent chairman of the coordinating group and by establishing a National Aquaculture Information Center within the Department of Agriculture; and"; and

(4) by amending subsection (c) by inserting "for reducing the United States trade deficit in fisheries products," immediately after "potential" in the first sentence.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1733. Section 3 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2802) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following new paragraph:

"(8) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture."

NATIONAL AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

SEC. 1734. Section 4 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2803) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries" each place it appears in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary";

(B) by amending the first sentence of paragraph (2) by inserting "the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior," immediately after "shall consult with".

(C) by striking out paragraph (3).

(2) Subsection (b) is amended—

(A) by inserting "to" immediately after "determine" in paragraph (1);

(B) by striking out "Secretaries deem" in paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary deems"; and

(C) by striking out "Secretaries" in the matter following paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary".

(3) Subsection (c) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries determine" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary determines";

(B) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2)(A);

(C) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and

(D) by inserting immediately after paragraph (2)(B) the following new subparagraph:

“(C) the concurrence of the Secretaries.”.

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF SECRETARIES

SEC. 1735. Section 5 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2804) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) **INFORMATION SERVICES.**—(1) In addition to performing such other mandatory functions under this Act—

“(A) the Secretaries shall collect and analyze scientific, technical, legal, and economic information relating to aquaculture, including acreages, water use, production, marketing, culture techniques, and other relevant matters;

“(B) the Secretary shall—

“(i) establish, within the Department of Agriculture, a National Aquaculture Information Center that shall serve as a repository for the information generated under subparagraph (A) and other provisions of this Act and shall, on a request basis, make that information available to the public,

“(ii) arrange with foreign nations for the exchange of information relating to aquaculture and support a translation service, and

“(iii) conduct a study of the extent to which the United States aquaculture industry has access to relevant Federal programs which assist the agricultural sector and report to Congress on the findings of such study by December 31, 1986;

“(C) the Secretary of Commerce shall conduct a study, and report to Congress thereon by December 31, 1987, to determine whether existing capture fisheries could be adversely affected by competition from products produced by commercial aquacultural enterprises and include in such study an assessment of any adverse effect, by species and by geographical region, on such fisheries and recommend measures to ameliorate any such effect; and

“(D) the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall undertake a study, and report to Congress thereon by December 31, 1987, to identify exotic species introduced into the United States waters as a result of aquaculture activities, and to determine the potential benefits and impacts of the introduction of exotic species.

“(2) Any production information submitted to the Secretaries under paragraph (1)(A) shall be confidential and may only be disclosed if required under court order. The Secretaries shall preserve such confidentiality. The Secretaries may release or make public any information in any aggregate or summary form that does not directly or indirectly disclose the identity, business transactions, or trade secrets of any person who submits such information.”.

(2) Subsection (d) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary";

(B) by inserting "and in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior," immediately after "group" in the first sentence;

(C) in the second sentence by—

(i) striking out "Each such" and inserting in lieu thereof "Such"; and

(ii) striking out "under section 4(d)";

(D) by striking out "deem" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "deems"; and

(E) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "The report required by this subsection shall be submitted to the Congress not later than February 1, 1988."

COORDINATION OF NATIONAL ACTIVITIES REGARDING AQUACULTURE

SEC. 1736. Section 6 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2805) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (a) is amended by inserting ", who shall be the permanent chairman of the coordinating group" immediately after "Agriculture" in paragraph (1).

(2) Subsection (c) is repealed.

(3) Subsections (d), (e), and (f) are redesignated as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively.

(4) Subsection (e), as redesignated by paragraph (3), is amended by striking out "subsection (d)" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (c)".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1737. Section 10 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2809) is amended by striking out "1985" in each of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "1985, and \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988".

Subtitle E—Special Study and Pilot Projects on Futures Trading

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 1741. (a) Congress finds that there is a need for investigation and development of alternative price support programs carried out by the Department of Agriculture; that agricultural producers and others have insufficient knowledge concerning the nature and extent of price stabilization available in the private sector; and that more information is needed to accurately assess the Federal budgetary impact of producer participation in such private sector risk avoidance services.

(b) It is declared to be the policy of the United States that the Department of Agriculture conduct economic research to develop more information concerning the manner in which producers might utilize agricultural commodity futures markets and options markets in connection with their marketing of the agricultural commodities of their own production; and to determine the nature and effect widespread utilization of such markets by producers would have on the prices they receive for their agricultural commodities, and to deter-

mine the feasibility of interfacing traditional Federal price support programs with private sector risk avoidance services.

STUDY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1742. The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study utilizing the services of the various agencies of the United States, including, but not limited to, the United States Department of Agriculture and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, to determine the manner in which agricultural commodity futures markets and agricultural commodity options markets might be used by producers of agricultural commodities traded on such markets to provide such producers with price stability and income protection; the extent of the price stability and income protection producers might reasonably expect to receive from such participation; and of the Federal budgetary impact of such participation compared with the cost of the applicable established price support programs for agricultural commodities. The Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry of the Senate and to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives on or before December 31, 1988.

PILOT PROGRAM

SEC. 1743. In connection with the study to be undertaken by the Secretary as required by section 1742 of this subtitle, the Secretary shall conduct a pilot program with respect to the crops of wheat, feed grains, soybean, and cotton in at least 40 counties which actively produce reasonable quantities of such major agricultural commodities traded on the commodity futures markets and the commodity options markets. The Secretary shall, in cooperation with the futures and options industry and the Chairman of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, conduct an extensive educational program for producers in the counties selected for the pilot program. The program shall, among other things, provide that a reasonable number of producers, as determined by the Secretary, may at their election and in accordance with pilot program requirements developed by the Secretary, participate in the trading of designated agricultural commodities on a futures market or options market in a manner designed to protect and maximize the return on agricultural commodities of their own production marketed by them in accordance with program requirements. Participating producers shall be assured by the Secretary under the terms of the program, using funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, that the net return received for the agricultural commodities that such producers allocate to the program in the manner specified by the Secretary is no less than the price support loan level for such agricultural commodity in the county where it is produced. In the formulation of the pilot program the Secretary shall utilize the services of an advisory panel selected by the Secretary consisting of producers, processors, exporters, and futures and options traders on organized futures exchanges.

Subtitle F—Animal Welfare

FINDINGS

SEC. 1751. *For the purposes of this subtitle, the Congress finds that—*

(1) *the use of animals is instrumental in certain research and education for advancing knowledge of cures and treatment for diseases and injuries which afflict both humans and animals;*

(2) *methods of testing that do not use animals are being and continue to be developed which are faster, less expensive, and more accurate than traditional animal experiments for some purposes and further opportunities exist for the development of these methods of testing;*

(3) *measures which eliminate or minimize the unnecessary duplication of experiments on animals can result in more productive use of Federal funds; and*

(4) *measures which help meet the public concern for laboratory animal care and treatment are important in assuring that research will continue to progress.*

STANDARDS AND CERTIFICATION PROCESS

SEC. 1752. (a) *Section 13 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2143) is amended by—*

(1) *redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (f) through (h) respectively; and*

(2) *striking out the first two sentences of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentences: "(1) The Secretary shall promulgate standards to govern the humane handling, care, treatment, and transportation of animals by dealers, research facilities, and exhibitors.*

"(2) The standards described in paragraph (1) shall include minimum requirements—

"(A) for handling, housing, feeding, watering, sanitation, ventilation, shelter from extremes of weather and temperatures, adequate veterinary care, and separation by species where the Secretary finds necessary for humane handling, care, or treatment of animals; and

"(B) for exercise of dogs, as determined by an attending veterinarian in accordance with general standards promulgated by the Secretary, and for a physical environment adequate to promote the psychological well-being of primates.

"(3) In addition to the requirements under paragraph (2), the standards described in paragraph (1) shall, with respect to animals in research facilities, include requirements—

"(A) for animal care, treatment, and practices in experimental procedures to ensure that animal pain and distress are minimized, including adequate veterinary care with the appropriate use of anesthetic, analgesic, tranquilizing drugs, or euthanasia;

"(B) that the principal investigator considers alternatives to any procedure likely to produce pain to or distress in an experimental animal;

"(C) in any practice which could cause pain to animals—

"(i) that a doctor of veterinary medicine is consulted in the planning of such procedures;

"(ii) for the use of tranquilizers, analgesics, and anesthetics;

"(iii) for pre-surgical and post-surgical care by laboratory workers, in accordance with established veterinary medical and nursing procedures;

"(iv) against the use of paralytics without anesthesia; and

"(v) that the withholding of tranquilizers, anesthesia, analgesia, or euthanasia when scientifically necessary shall continue for only the necessary period of time;

"(D) that no animal is used in more than one major operative experiment from which it is allowed to recover except in cases of—

"(i) scientific necessity; or

"(ii) other special circumstances as determined by the Secretary; and

"(E) that exceptions to such standards may be made only when specified by research protocol and that any such exception shall be detailed and explained in a report outlined under paragraph (7) and filed with the Institutional Animal Committee."

(b) Section 13(a) of such Act is further amended—

(1) by designating the third and fourth sentences as paragraph (4);

(2) by designating the fifth sentence as paragraph (5); and

(3) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(6)(A) Nothing in this Act—

"(i) except as provided in paragraphs (7) of this subsection, shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to promulgate rules, regulations, or orders with regard to the design, outlines, or guidelines of actual research or experimentation by a research facility as determined by such research facility;

"(ii) except as provided subparagraphs (A) and (C) (ii) through (v) of paragraph (3) and paragraph (7) of this subsection, shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to promulgate rules, regulations, or orders with regard to the performance of actual research or experimentation by a research facility as determined by such research facility; and

"(iii) shall authorize the Secretary, during inspection, to interrupt the conduct of actual research or experimentation.

"(B) No rule, regulation, order, or part of this Act shall be construed to require a research facility to disclose publicly or to the Institutional Animal Committee during its inspection, trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential.

"(7)(A) The Secretary shall require each research facility to show upon inspection, and to report at least annually, that the provisions of this Act are being followed and that professionally acceptable standards governing the care, treatment, and use of animals are being followed by the research facility during actual research or experimentation.

"(B) In complying with subparagraph (A), such research facilities shall provide—

"(i) information on procedures likely to produce pain or distress in any animal and assurances demonstrating that the principal investigator considered alternatives to those procedures;

"(ii) assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that such facility is adhering to the standards described in this section; and

"(iii) an explanation for any deviation from the standards promulgated under this section.

"(8) Paragraph (1) shall not prohibit any State (or a political subdivision of such State) from promulgating standards in addition to those standards promulgated by the Secretary under paragraph (1)."

(c) Section 13 of such Act is further amended by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:

"(b)(1) The Secretary shall require that each research facility establish at least one Committee. Each Committee shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of each such research facility and shall be composed of not fewer than three members. Such members shall possess sufficient ability to assess animal care, treatment, and practices in experimental research as determined by the needs of the research facility and shall represent society's concerns regarding the welfare of animal subjects used at such facility. Of the members of the Committee—

"(A) at least one member shall be a doctor of veterinary medicine;

"(B) at least one member—

"(i) shall not be affiliated in any way with such facility other than as a member of the Committee;

"(ii) shall not be a member of the immediate family of a person who is affiliated with such facility; and

"(iii) is intended to provide representation for general community interests in the proper care and treatment of animals; and

"(C) in those cases where the Committee consists of more than three members, not more than three members shall be from the same administrative unit of such facility.

"(2) A quorum shall be required for all formal actions of the Committee, including inspections under paragraph (3).

"(3) The Committee shall inspect at least semiannually all animal study areas and animal facilities of such research facility and review as part of the inspection—

"(A) practices involving pain to animals, and

"(B) the condition of animals,

to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Act to minimize pain and distress to animals. Exceptions to the requirement of inspection of such study areas may be made by the Secretary if animals are studied in their natural environment and the study area is prohibitive to easy access.

"(4)(A) The Committee shall file an inspection certification report of each inspection at the research facility. Such report shall—

"(i) be signed by a majority of the Committee members involved in the inspection;

"(ii) include reports of any violation of the standards promulgated, or assurances required, by the Secretary, including any deficient conditions of animal care or treatment, any deviations of research practices from originally approved proposals that adversely affect animal welfare, any notification to the facility regarding such conditions, and any corrections made thereafter;

"(iii) include any minority views of the Committee; and

"(iv) include any other information pertinent to the activities of the Committee.

"(B) Such report shall remain on file for at least three years at the research facility and shall be available for inspection by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and any funding Federal agency.

"(C) In order to give the research facility an opportunity to correct any deficiencies or deviations discovered by reason of paragraph (3), the Committee shall notify the administrative representative of the research facility of any deficiencies or deviations from the provisions of this Act. If, after notification and an opportunity for correction, such deficiencies or deviations remain uncorrected, the Committee shall notify (in writing) the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and the funding Federal agency of such deficiencies or deviations.

"(5) The inspection results shall be available to Department of Agriculture inspectors for review during inspections. Department of Agriculture inspectors shall forward any Committee inspection records which include reports of uncorrected deficiencies or deviations to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and any funding Federal agency of the project with respect to which such uncorrected deficiencies and deviations occurred.

"(c) In the case of Federal research facilities, a Federal Committee shall be established and shall have the same composition and responsibilities provided in subsection (b), except that the Federal Committee shall report deficiencies or deviations to the head of the Federal agency conducting the research rather than to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. The head of the Federal agency conducting the research shall be responsible for—

"(1) all corrective action to be taken at the facility; and

"(2) the granting of all exceptions to inspection protocol.

"(d) Each research facility shall provide for the training of scientists, animal technicians, and other personnel involved with animal care and treatment in such facility as required by the Secretary. Such training shall include instruction on—

"(1) the humane practice of animal maintenance and experimentation;

"(2) research or testing methods that minimize or eliminate the use of animals or limit animal pain or distress;

"(3) utilization of the information service at the National Agricultural Library, established under subsection (e); and

"(4) methods whereby deficiencies in animal care and treatment should be reported.

"(e) The Secretary shall establish an information service at the National Agricultural Library. Such service shall, in cooperation with the National Library of Medicine, provide information—

"(1) pertinent to employee training;

"(2) which could prevent unintended duplication of animal experimentation as determined by the needs of the research facility; and

"(3) on improved methods of animal experimentation, including methods which could—

"(A) reduce or replace animal use; and

"(B) minimize pain and distress to animals, such as anesthetic and analgesic procedures.

"(f) In any case in which a Federal agency funding a research project determines that conditions of animal care, treatment, or practice in a particular project have not been in compliance with standards promulgated under this Act, despite notification by the Secretary or such Federal agency to the research facility and an opportunity for correction, such agency shall suspend or revoke Federal support for the project. Any research facility losing Federal support as a result of actions taken under the preceding sentence shall have the right of appeal as provided in sections 701 through 706 of title 5, United States Code."

INSPECTIONS

SEC. 1753. Section 16(a) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2146(a)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "The Secretary shall inspect each research facility at least once each year and, in the case of deficiencies or deviations from the standards promulgated under this Act, shall conduct such follow-up inspections as may be necessary until all deficiencies or deviations from such standards are corrected."

PENALTY FOR RELEASE OF TRADE SECRETS

SEC. 1754. The Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131-2156) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following section:

"SEC. 27. (a) It shall be unlawful for any member of an Institutional Animal Committee to release any confidential information of the research facility including any information that concerns or relates to—

"(1) the trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, or apparatus; or

"(2) the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses, or expenditures, of the research facility.

"(b) It shall be unlawful for any member of such Committee—

"(1) to use or attempt to use to his advantages; or

"(2) to reveal to any other person, any information which is entitled to protection as confidential information under subsection (a).

"(c) A violation of subsection (a) or (b) is punishable by—

"(1) removal from such Committee; and

"(2)(A) a fine of not more than \$1,000 and imprisonment of not more than one year; or

"(B) if such violation is willful, a fine of not more than \$10,000 and imprisonment of not more than three years.

"(d) Any person, including any research facility, injured in its business or property by reason of a violation of this section may re-

cover all actual and consequential damages sustained by such person and the cost of the suit including a reasonable attorney's fee.

"(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any other rights of a person injured in its business or property by reason of a violation of this section. Subsection (d) shall not be construed to limit the exercise of any such rights arising out of or relating to a violation of subsections (a) and (b)."

INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF THE ACT

SEC. 1755. (a) Subsection (b) of section 19 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2149(b)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by striking out "\$1,000 for each such violation" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$2,500 for each such violation"; and

(2) in the sixth sentence by striking out "\$500 for each offense" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$1,500 for each offense".

(b) Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking out "\$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$2,500".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1756. (a) Section 2 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2132) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" after the semicolon in subsection (i);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subsection (j) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) adding after subsection (j) the following new subsections:

"(k) The term 'Federal agency' means an Executive agency as such term is defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code, and with respect to any research facility means the agency from which the research facility receives a Federal award for the conduct of research, experimentation, or testing, involving the use of animals;

"(l) The term 'Federal award for the conduct of research, experimentation, or testing, involving the use of animals' means any mechanism (including a grant, award, loan, contract, or cooperative agreement) under which Federal funds are provided to support the conduct of such research.

"(m) The term 'quorum' means a majority of the Committee members;

"(n) The term 'Committee' means the Institutional Animal Committee established under section 13(b); and

"(o) The term 'Federal research facility' means each department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States which uses live animals for research or experimentation."

(b) For purposes of this Act, the term "animal" shall have the same meaning as defined in section 2(g) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2132(g)).

CONSULTATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

SEC. 1757. Section 15(a) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2145(a)) is amended by adding after the first sentence the following: "The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services prior to issuance of regulations."

TECHNICAL AMENDMENT

SEC. 1758. Section 14 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2144) is amended by changing "section 13" to "sections 13 (a), (f), (g), and (h)" wherever it appears.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 1759. This subtitle shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle G—Miscellaneous

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION STORAGE CONTRACTS

SEC. 1761. Section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h)) is amended by inserting, after the colon at the end of the second proviso, the following: "And provided further, That any contract entered into by the Corporation for the use of a storage facility shall provide at least that (1) the rental rate charged for an extended term in excess of one year shall be at an annual rate less than that which is charged for a one-year contract, (2) any obligation of the Corporation to pay for the use of any space in a facility shall be relieved to the extent that the Corporation does not use the space and payment is made by another person for the use of such space, and (3) if the Corporation determines that it no longer needs the space reserved in the facility, the Corporation may be relieved, for the remaining term of the contract, of its obligations to an extent and in a manner that will provide significant savings to the Corporation while permitting the owner of the facility reasonable time to lease such space to another person."

WEATHER AND CLIMATE INFORMATION IN AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1762. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) agricultural and silvicultural operations are vulnerable to damage from atmospheric conditions that accurate and timely reporting of weather information can help prevent;

(2) the maintenance of current weather and climate analysis and information dissemination systems, and Federal, State, and private efforts to improve these systems, is essential if agriculture and silviculture are to mitigate damage from atmospheric conditions;

(3) agricultural and silvicultural weather services at the Federal level should be maintained with joint planning between the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Department of Agriculture; and

(4) efforts should be made, involving user groups, weather and climate information providers, and Federal and State governments, to expand the use of weather and climate information in agriculture and silviculture.

(b) It, therefore, is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to maintain an active Federal involvement in providing agricultural and silvicultural weather and climate information and that efforts should be made, among users of this information and among private providers of this information, to improve use of this information.

EMERGENCY FEED PROGRAM

SEC. 1763. (a) Paragraph (2) of section 1105(b) of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2267(b)) is amended by striking out "feed for such person's livestock" and inserting in lieu thereof "feed that has adequate nutritive value and is suitable for each of such person's respective particular types of livestock".

(b) Section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by inserting after the fifth sentence the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section relating to the authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make available to certain persons in certain areas during emergencies feed for livestock, the Commodity Credit Corporation (1) may make such feed available to such persons in areas in which feed grains are normally produced and normally available for feed purposes, but in which they are unavailable because of a catastrophe described in the fourth sentence of this section, (2) may make such feed available to such persons through feed dealers in the areas, (3) shall make such feed available at a price not less than the price prescribed in the fourth sentence of this section, and (4) shall bear any expenses incurred in connection with making such feed available to such persons under this sentence, including transportation and handling costs."

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PRODUCTION CONTROL

SEC. 1764. (a) As used in this section:

(1) The term "controlled substance" has the same meaning given such term in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801(6)).

(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(3) The term "State" means each of the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, following the date of enactment of this Act, any person who is convicted under Federal or State law of planting, cultivation, growing, producing, harvesting, or storing a controlled substance in any crop year shall be ineligible for—

(1) as to any commodity produced during that crop year, and the four succeeding crop years, by such person—

(A) any price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act;

(B) a farm storage facility loan made under section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h));

(C) crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.);

(D) a disaster payment made under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); or

(E) a loan made, insured or guaranteed under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) or any other provision of law administered by the Farmers Home Administration; or

(2) a payment made under section 4 or 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b or 714c) for the storage of an agricultural commodity that is—

(A) produced during that crop year, or any of the four succeeding crop years, by such person; and

(B) acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(c) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as the Secretary determines are necessary to carry out this section, including regulations that—

(1) define the term "person";

(2) govern the determination of persons who shall be ineligible for program benefits under this section; and

(3) protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

STUDY OF UNLEADED FUEL IN AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

SEC. 1765. (a)(1) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly conduct a study of the use of fuel containing lead additives, and alternative lubricating additives, in gasoline engines that are—

(A) used in agricultural machinery; and

(B) designed to combust fuel containing such additives.

(2) The study shall analyze the potential for mechanical problems (including but not limited to valve recession) that may be associated with the use of other fuels in such engines.

(b)(1) For purposes of the study required under this section, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture are authorized to enter into such contracts and other arrangements as may be appropriate to obtain the necessary technical information.

(2) The Secretary of Agriculture shall specify the types and items of agricultural machinery to be included in the study required under this section. Such types and items shall be representative of the types and items of agricultural machinery used on farms in the United States.

(3) All testing of engines carried out for purposes of such study shall reflect actual agricultural conditions to the extent practicable, including revolutions per minute and payloads.

(c) Not later than January 1, 1987—

(1) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture shall publish the results of the study required under this section; and

(2) the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register notice of the publication of such study and a summary thereof.

(d)(1) After notice and opportunity for hearing, but not later than 6 months after publication of the study, the Administrator shall—

(A) make findings and recommendations on the need for lead additives in gasoline to be used on a farm for farming purposes, including a determination of whether a modification of the reg-

ulations limiting lead content of gasoline would be appropriate in the case of gasoline used on a farm for farming purposes; and

(B) submit to the President and Congress a report containing—

(i) the study;

(ii) a summary of the comments received during the public hearing (including the comments of the Secretary); and

(iii) the findings and recommendations of the Administrator made in accordance with clause (1).

(2) The report shall be transmitted to—

(A) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives;

(B) the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate;

(C) the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives; and

(D) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(e)(1) Between January 1, 1986, and December 31, 1987, the Administrator shall monitor the actual lead content of leaded gasoline sold in the United States.

(2) The Administrator shall determine the average lead content of such gasoline for each 3-month period between January 1, 1986, and December 31, 1987.

(3) If the actual lead content falls below an average of 0.2 of a gram of lead per gallon in any such 3-month period, the Administrator shall—

(A) report to Congress; and

(B) publish a notice thereof in the Federal Register.

(f) Until January 1, 1988, no regulation of the Administrator issued under section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545) regarding the control or prohibition of lead additives in gasoline may require an average lead content per gallon that is less than 0.1 of a gram per gallon.

(g) To carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated \$1,000,000, to be available without fiscal year limitation.

POTATO ADVISORY COMMISSION

SEC. 1767. It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the Secretary of Agriculture should consider the recommendations of the potato advisory commission established by the Secretary on an ad hoc basis;

(2) such commission should address industry concerns including trade, quality inspections, and pesticide use, to the extent practicable;

(3) such commission should meet periodically; and

(4) the recommendations and actions of such committee should be reported to the Chairmen of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and to the public.

VIRUSES, SERUMS, TOXINS, AND ANALAGOUS PRODUCTS

SEC. 1768. (a) The first sentence of the eighth paragraph of the matter under the heading "BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY" of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen", approved March 4, 1913 (21 U.S.C. 151), is amended by striking out "from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia" and inserting in lieu thereof "in or from the United States, the District of Columbia, any territory of the United States, or any place under the jurisdiction of the United States".

(b) The fourth sentence of such paragraph (21 U.S.C. 154) is amended by inserting "or otherwise to carry out this paragraph," after "animals," the first place it appears.

(c) Such paragraph is amended by inserting after the fourth sentence the following new sentences: "In order to meet an emergency condition, limited market or local situation, or other special circumstance (including production solely for intrastate use under a State-operated program), the Secretary may issue a special license under an expedited procedure on such conditions as are necessary to assure purity, safety, and a reasonable expectation of efficacy. The Secretary shall exempt by regulation from the requirement of preparation pursuant to an unsuspended and unrevoked license any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product prepared by any person, firm, or corporation—

"(1) solely for administration to animals of such person, firm, or corporation;

"(2) solely for administration to animals under a veterinarian-client-patient relationship in the course of the State licensed professional practice of veterinary medicine by such person, firm, or corporation; or

"(3) solely for distribution within the State of production pursuant to a license granted by such State under a program determined by the Secretary to meet criteria under which the State—

"(A) may license virus, serum, toxin, and analogous products and establishments that produce such products;

"(B) may review the purity, safety, potency, and efficacy of such products prior to licensure;

"(C) may review product test results to assure compliance with applicable standards for purity, safety, and potency, prior to release to the market;

"(D) may deal effectively with violations of State law regulating virus, serum, toxin, and analogous products; and

"(E) exercises the authority referred to in subclauses (A) through (D) consistent with the intent of this paragraph of prohibiting the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of worthless, contaminated, dangerous, or harmful virus, serum, toxin, or analogous products."

(d) The seventh sentence of such paragraph (21 U.S.C. 157) (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) is amended by striking out "licensed under this Act".

(e) Such paragraph is amended by inserting after the eighth sentence (21 U.S.C. 158) (as it existed before the amendments made by

this section) the following new sentences: "The procedures of sections 402, 403, and 404 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 672, 673, and 674) (relating to detentions, seizures and condemnations, and injunctions, respectively) shall apply to the enforcement of this paragraph with respect to any product prepared, sold, bartered, exchanged, or shipped in violation of this paragraph or a regulation promulgated under this paragraph. The provisions (including penalties) of section 405 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 675) shall apply to the performance of official duties under this paragraph. Congress finds that (i) the products and activities that are regulated under this paragraph are either in interstate or foreign commerce or substantially affect such commerce or the free flow thereof, and (ii) regulation of the products and activities as provided in this paragraph is necessary to prevent and eliminate burdens on such commerce and to effectively regulate such commerce."

(f)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

(2)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) through (D), in the case of a person, firm, or corporation preparing, selling, bartering, exchanging, or shipping a virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product during the 12-month period ending on the date of enactment of this Act solely for intrastate commerce or for exportation, such product shall not after such date of enactment, as a result of its not having been licensed or produced in a licensed establishment, be considered in violation of the eighth paragraph of the matter under the heading "BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY" of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen", approved March 14, 1913 (as amended by this section), until the first day of the 49th month following the date of enactment of this Act.

(B) The exemption granted by subparagraph (A) may be extended by the Secretary of Agriculture for a period up to 12 months in an individual case on a showing by a person, firm, or corporation of good cause and a good faith effort to comply with such eighth paragraph with due diligence.

(C) The exemption granted by subparagraph (A) must be claimed by the person, firm, or corporation preparing such product by the first day of the 13th month following the date of enactment of this Act, in the form and manner prescribed by the Secretary, unless the Secretary grants an extension of the time to claim such exemption in an individual case for good cause shown.

(D) On the issuance by the Secretary of a license to such person, firm, or corporation for such product prior to the first day of the 49th month following the date of enactment of this Act, or the end of an extension of the exemption granted by the Secretary, the exemption granted by subparagraph (A) shall terminate with respect to such product.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FEDERAL INSECTICIDE,
FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT

SEC. 1768. Section 31 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136y) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 31. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act for the period beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1986, \$68,604,200 of which not more than \$11,993,100 shall be available for research under this Act."

USER FEES FOR REPORTS, PUBLICATIONS, AND SOFTWARE

SEC. 1769. Section 1121 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 2242a) is amended to read as follows:

"USER FEES FOR REPORTS, PUBLICATIONS, AND SOFTWARE

"SEC. 1121. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture may—

"(1) furnish, on request, copies of software programs, pamphlets, reports, or other publications, regardless of their form, including electronic publications, prepared in the Department of Agriculture in carrying out any of its missions or programs; and

"(2) charge such fees therefor as the Secretary determines are reasonable.

"(b) The imposition of such charges shall be consistent with section 9701 of title 31, United States Code.

"(c) All moneys received in payment for work or services performed, or for software programs, pamphlets, reports, or other publications provided, under this section—

"(1) shall be available until expended to pay directly the costs of such work, services, software programs, pamphlets, reports, or publications; and

"(2) may be credited to appropriations or funds that incur such costs."

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

SEC. 1770. (a) In the case of information furnished under a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), neither the Secretary of Agriculture, any other officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture or agency thereof, nor any other person may—

(1) use such information for a purpose other than the development or reporting of aggregate data in a manner such that the identity of the person who supplied such information is not discernible and is not material to the intended uses of such information; or

(2) disclose such information to the public, unless such information has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow the identification of the person who supplied particular information.

(b)(1) In carrying out a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), no department, agency, officer, or employee of the Federal Government, other than the Secretary of Agriculture, shall require a

person to furnish a copy of statistical information provided to the Department of Agriculture.

(2) A copy of such information—

(A) shall be immune from mandatory disclosure of any type, including legal process; and

(B) shall not, without the consent of such person, be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose in any action, suit, or other judicial or administrative proceeding.

(c) Any person who shall publish, cause to be published, or otherwise publicly release information collected pursuant to a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), in any manner or for any purpose prohibited in section (a), shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

(d) For purposes of this section, a provision of law referred to in this subsection means—

(1) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple length of cotton", approved March 3, 1927 (7 U.S.C. 471) (commonly referred to as the "Cotton Statistics and Estimates Act");

(2) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929 (7 U.S.C. 501);

(3) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of peanuts by the Department of Agriculture", approved June 24, 1936 (7 U.S.C. 951);

(4) section 203(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622(g));

(5) section 526(a) of the Revised Statutes (7 U.S.C. 2204(a));

(6) the Act entitled "An Act providing for the publication of statistics relating to spirits of turpentine and resin", approved August 15, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 2248);

(7) section 42 of title 13, United States Code;

(8) section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor", approved February 14, 1903 (15 U.S.C. 1516); or

(9) section 2 of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution relating to the publication of economic and social statistics for Americans of Spanish origin or descent", approved June 16, 1976 (15 U.S.C. 1516a).

LAND CONVEYANCE TO IRWIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

SEC. 1771. The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to execute and deliver to the Board of Education of Irwin County, Georgia, its successors and assigns, a quitclaim deed conveying and releasing unto the said Board of Education of Irwin County, Georgia, its successors and assigns, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a tract of land, situate in said Irwin County, Georgia, containing 0.303 acres together with improvements in Land Lot Number 39 in the 3rd Land District of Irwin County, Georgia, being more particularly described in a deed dated July 13, 1946, from the United States conveying said land to

Irwin County Board of Education, recorded in the land records of the office of the Clerk of Court for Irwin County, Georgia, in deed book 20, page 117.

NATIONAL TREE SEED LABORATORY

SEC. 1772. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, fees received by the National Tree Seed Laboratory, administered by the Forest Service, United States Department of Agriculture, for the provision of a tree seed testing service, shall be retained and deposited as a reimbursement to current appropriations used to cover the costs of providing such service.

CONTROL OF GRASSHOPPERS AND MORMON CRICKETS ON FEDERAL LANDS

SEC. 1773. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out a program to control grasshoppers and Mormon Crickets on all Federal lands.

(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Agriculture shall expend or transfer, and upon request, the Secretary of the Interior shall transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture, from any no-year appropriations, funds for the prevention, suppression, and control of actual or potential grasshopper and Mormon Cricket outbreaks on lands under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government.

(2)(A) Appropriated funds made available to the Secretary of the Interior shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred on Federal lands subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.

(B) Funds transferred pursuant to this paragraph shall be requested as promptly as possible by the Secretary of Agriculture.

(C) Funds transferred pursuant to this section shall be replenished by supplemental or regular appropriations which shall be requested as promptly as possible.

(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), from any funds made available to the Department of the Interior until expended, moneys shall be made available for the transfer by the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Agriculture for the prevention, suppression, and control of grasshoppers and Mormon Cricket outbreaks on Federal lands under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) No funds shall be made available under this authority, until contingency funds specifically available to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service for grasshopper emergencies have been exhausted.

(d) On request of the administering agency or the Department of Agriculture of an affected State, the Secretary of Agriculture shall immediately treat Federal, State, or private lands that are infested by grasshoppers or Mormon crickets at levels of economic infestation, unless the Secretary determines that delaying treatment will optimize biological control and not cause greater economic damage to adjacent landowners.

(e) The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) pay out of appropriated funds made available to the Secretary or transferred to the Secretary by the Secretary of the Inte-

rior—100 percent of the cost of grasshopper or Mormon cricket control on Federal lands;

(2) pay out of appropriated funds made available to the Secretary—

(A) 50 percent of the cost of such control on State lands; and

(B) 33.3 percent of the cost of such control on private rangelands; and

(3) participate in prevention, control, or suppression programs for grasshoppers and Mormon Crickets in conjunction with other Federal, State and private prevention, control or suppression efforts.

(f) From appropriated funds made available or transferred by the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Agriculture for such purposes, the Secretary of Agriculture shall provide adequate funding for a program to train personnel to effectively accomplish the objective of this section.

STUDY OF A STRATEGIC ETHANOL RESERVE

SEC. 1778. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the cost effectiveness, the economic benefits, and the feasibility of establishing, maintaining, and utilizing a Strategic Ethanol Reserve relative to the existing Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

(b) The study shall be completed within one year after the enactment of this section and shall include, among other considerations—

(1) the benefits and losses related to the U.S. economy, farm income, employment, government commodity programs, and the trade deficit of utilizing a Strategic Ethanol Reserve, as opposed to the Strategic Petroleum Reserve; and

(2) the savings from storing ethanol as opposed to storing the amount of CCC-held grain necessary to produce the ethanol.

(c) If the study shows that the Strategic Ethanol Reserve is cost effective, beneficial to the U.S. economy, and feasible in comparison with the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, the Secretary of Agriculture may establish, maintain, and utilize a Strategic Ethanol Reserve.

TITLE XVIII—GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 1801. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

And the Senate agree to the same.

From the Committee on Agriculture:

E DE LA GARZA,
THOMAS S. FOLEY,
ED JONES,
CHARLES ROSE,
BERKLEY BEDELL

(on all matters except title VIII of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

LEON E. PANETTA,
 JERRY HUCKABY,
 CHARLES WHITLEY

(on all matters except subtitle A of title X, section 1022, section 1314, and subtitle C of title XVIII of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference, and section 1947 and title XX of the Senate amendment),

TONY COELHO,
 EDWARD R. MADIGAN,
 JAMES M. JEFFORDS,
 E. THOMAS COLEMAN

(on all matters except titles II, IV, V, IX, XVI, and XVII, and section 1862 of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

RON MARLENEE,
 LARRY J. HOPKINS,
 ARLAN STANGELAND,
 CHARLES HATCHER

(in lieu of Mr. BEDELL, solely for consideration of title VIII of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

CHARLES W. STENHOLM
 (in lieu of Mr. WHITLEY, solely for consideration of subtitle A of title X of the House bill and section 1314 and modifications committed to conference; and additional conferee solely for consideration of subtitle D of title XI of the House bill and modifications committed to conference),

TERRY L. BRUCE
 (in lieu of Mr. WHITLEY, solely for consideration of section 1022 of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

HAROLD L. VOLKMER

(in lieu of Mr. WHITLEY, solely for consideration of subtitle C of title XVIII of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

RICHARD H. STALLINGS

(in lieu of Mr. WHITLEY, solely for consideration of section 1947 of the Senate amendment),

GEORGE E. BROWN, Jr.

(in lieu of Mr. WHITLEY, solely for consideration of title XX of the Senate amendment),

BILL EMERSON

(in lieu of Mr. COLEMAN of Missouri, solely for consideration of titles IX, XV, XVI, and XVII of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

STEVE GUNDERSON

(in lieu of Mr. COLEMAN of Missouri, solely for consideration of title II of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

SID MORRISON

(in lieu of Mr. COLEMAN of Missouri, solely for consideration of section 1862 of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

BOB SMITH

(in lieu of Mr. COLEMAN of Missouri, solely for consideration of titles IV and V of the House bill and modifications thereof committed to conference),

PAT ROBERTS

(additional conferee, solely for consideration of subtitle D of title XI of the House bill and modifications committed to conference),

From the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries:

(Additional conferees, solely for consideration of subtitle D of title XI of the House bill and modifications committed to conference):

WALTER B. JONES

(and additional conferee,
solely for consideration of
title XX, section 1434, and
sections 1201-1203 of the
House bill and modifica-
tions committed to confer-
ence),

MARIO BIAGGI,
GLENN M. ANDERSON,
JAMES L. OBERSTAR,
WILLIAM J. HUGHES,
MIKE LOWRY,
NORMAN F. LENT

(and additional conferee,
solely for consideration of
title XX, section 1434, and
sections 1201-1203 of the
House bill and modifica-
tions committed to confer-
ence),

GENE SNYDER,
DON YOUNG

(and additional conferee,
solely for consideration of
title XX, section 1434, and
sections 1201-1203 of the
House bill and modifica-
tions committed to confer-
ence),

ROBERT W. DAVIS,

(Additional conferees, solely for consideration of title XX, section 1434, and sections 1201-1203 of the House bill and modifications committed to conference):

JOHN BREAUX,
GERRY E. STUDDS,
JACK FIELDS,

From the Committee on Foreign Affairs:

(Additional conferees, solely for consideration of title XI, sections 1025, 1421, 1423, and 1431 of the House bill, title I, sections 903, 1932, 1943, 1949, and 1952 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference):

DANTE B. FASCELL,
LEE H. HAMILTON,
DON BONKER,
SAM GEJDENSON,

PETER H. KOSTMAYER
(except subtitle D of title XI
of the House bill and
modifications committed
to conference),

BUDDY MACKEY
(except subtitle D of title XI
of the House bill and
modifications committed
to conference),

WM. BROOMFIELD,
BENJAMIN A. GILMAN
(except subtitle D of title XI
of the House bill and
modifications committed
to conference),

TOBY ROTH,
DOUG BEREUTER,

From the Committee on Ways and Means:

(Additional conferees, solely for the consideration of sections
107(d), 108(b), 113, 1002, 1929, 1952, 1953, and 1955 of the Senate
amendment and modifications committed to conference):

SAM GIBBONS,
ED JENKINS,

Managers on the Part of the House.

JESSE HELMS,
ROBERT DOLE,
RICHARD G. LUGAR,
THAD COCHRAN,
RUDY BOSCHWITZ,
EDWARD ZORINSKY,
PATRICK J. LEAHY,
JOHN MELCHER,
DAVID PRYOR,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.