



States' Biofuels Statutes

STATE OF IOWA

This project was undertaken in partnership with the USDA Office of the Chief Economist, The Office of Energy Policy and New Uses. For information on the full project, visit [States' Biofuels Statutory Citations](#). These statutes are placed in reverse chronological order using the date of the most recent amendment to the statute. Many biofuels laws were enacted as amendments to previously passed laws.

Current through the 2013 Legislative Session of the Iowa General Assembly.

455G.31. E-85 gasoline storage and dispensing infrastructure

1. a. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) “Dispenser” includes a motor fuel pump, including but not limited to a motor fuel blender pump.

(2) “E-85 gasoline”, “ethanol blended gasoline”, and “retail dealer” mean the same as defined in section 214A.1.

(3) “Gasoline storage and dispensing infrastructure” means any storage tank located below ground or above ground and any associated equipment including but not limited to a pipe, hose, connection, fitting seal, or motor fuel pump, which is used to store, measure, and dispense gasoline by a retail dealer.

(4) “Motor fuel pump” means the same as defined in section 214.1.

b. Ethanol blended gasoline shall be designated in the same manner as provided in section 214A.2.

2. A retail dealer may use gasoline storage and dispensing infrastructure to store and dispense ethanol blended gasoline classified as E-9 or higher if the department of natural resources under this subchapter or the state fire marshal under chapter 101 determines that it is compatible with the ethanol blended gasoline being used.

3. A retail dealer may use a dispenser that does not satisfy the requirement in subsection 2 to dispense ethanol blended gasoline classified as higher than E-10 if any of the following applies:

a. (1) The dispenser is listed by an independent testing laboratory as compatible for use with ethanol blended gasoline classified as E-9 or higher. In addition, the retail dealer must visually inspect the dispenser and the dispenser sump daily for leaks and equipment failure and maintain a record of such inspection for at least one year after the inspection. The record shall be located on the premises of the

retail dealer and shall be made available to the department of natural resources or the state fire marshal upon request. If a leak is detected, the department of natural resources shall be notified pursuant to section 455B.386.

(2) The state fire marshal shall issue an order as soon as practicable after determining that a commercially available dispenser is listed as compatible for use with E-85 gasoline by an independent testing laboratory. The state fire marshal shall publish the order in the Iowa administrative bulletin.¹ A person shall not install a dispenser which would otherwise be permitted under subparagraph (1) after sixty days following the date that the order is published. A person who installed such dispenser before the sixty-day period expired may use the dispenser as provided in subparagraph (1) until four years after the date that the order is published.

(3) This paragraph “a” is repealed four years following the date that the order issued by the state fire marshal is published in the Iowa administrative bulletin as provided in subparagraph (2).

b. (1) The dispenser’s manufacturer has submitted the dispenser to an independent testing laboratory to be listed as compatible for use with E-85 gasoline. In addition, the retail dealer must install an under-dispenser containment system with electronic monitoring. The under-dispenser containment system shall comply with applicable rules adopted by the department of natural resources and the state fire marshal.

(2) If within ten years from the date that a dispenser described in subparagraph (1) is installed, the same model of dispenser is listed as compatible for use with E-85 gasoline by an independent testing laboratory, the dispenser shall be deemed as compatible for use with ethanol blended gasoline classified as E-9 or higher up to and including E-85 by the department of natural resources and the state fire marshal. However, if after that time, the same model of dispenser is not listed as compatible for use with E-85 gasoline by an independent testing laboratory, subparagraph (1) no longer applies, and the retail dealer must do any of the following:

(a) Upgrade or replace the dispenser as necessary to be listed as compatible for use with E-85 gasoline.

(b) Comply with the requirements in paragraph “a”.

Credits: Added by Acts 2006 (81 G.A.) ch. 1142, H.F. 2754, § 25. Amended by Acts 2006 (81 G.A.) ch. 1185, H.F. 2797, § 122; Acts 2007 (82 G.A.) ch. 22, S.F. 272, § 80; Acts 2007 (82 G.A.) ch. 211, S.F. 551, §§ 47 to 49; Acts 2008 (82 G.A.) ch. 1169, H.F. 2689, §§ 22 to 25, eff. May 12, 2008; Acts 2009 (83 G.A.) ch. 105, S.F. 423, § 1; Acts 2011 (84 G.A.) ch. 34, S.F. 475, § 104; Acts 2013 (85 G.A.) ch. 90, H.F. 556, § 136.