

## The National Agricultural Law Center

nationalaglawcenter.org | nataglaw@uark.edu | @nataglaw

# USDA's United States Grain Standards Act: *Maine*



This material is based upon work supported by the National Agricultural Library, Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture

### A National Agricultural Law Center Research Publication

#### USDA's United States Grain Standards Act: Maine

Me. Rev. Stat. tit. 7, §§ 441 and 442 Me. Rev. Stat. tit. 7, §§ 444 through 448

#### **§ 441.** Rules.

The commissioner may prescribe, in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, rules for carrying out this subchapter, including the fixing of fees to be charged any individual, firm or organization requesting an inspection pursuant to section 446 or receiving an inspection pursuant to section 951. These fees must, as nearly as possible, cover the costs of the inspection services for the commodity inspected. All fees collected must be paid by the commissioner to the Treasurer of State and are appropriated for the purposes of this subchapter. Any unexpended balance from the funds thus appropriated may not lapse, but must be carried forward to the same fund for the next fiscal year.

#### § 442. Hearings.

The commissioner may establish and promulgate official grades and standards for farm products, excepting dairy products produced within the State for the purposes of sale, and may from time to time amend or modify such grades and standards. Before establishing, amending or modifying any such grades or standards, the said commissioner shall hold public hearings in such places within the State as shall be most convenient to producers of the commodity under consideration. Notice of such hearings shall be provided in the manner specified in the Maine Administrative Procedure Act and shall further be provided in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the county where the hearing is to be held.

#### § 444. Publicity

Upon the establishment of the grades or standards, brands, labels or trademarks, the commissioner shall give due publicity through the newspapers of the State, setting forth the grade or grades so established and the date on which such establishment is to become effective, and distribute information explaining the same and their use.

#### § 445. Permits

 Violation. After notice of the establishment of grades or standards and the determination of brands, labels or trademarks, a person may not use a brand, label or trademark to identify farm products and sardines as being of a grade established before a permit is granted or after the revocation of the right to use such brand, label or trademark by the commissioner.

- 2. Penalty. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
  - A. A person who violates subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$50 may be adjudged.
  - B. A person who violates subsection 1 after having previously violated subsection 1 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$200 may be adjudged.

#### § 446. Inspections

The commissioner or the commissioner's duly authorized agents may inspect any fruits, vegetables, poultry, eggs, farm products, livestock or other commodities that are marked, branded or labeled in accordance with official grades or standards established and adopted by the commissioner for the purpose of determining and certifying the quality and condition thereof and other material facts relative thereto. Certificates issued in pursuance of that inspection and executed by the inspector must state the date and place of inspection, the grade, condition and approximate quality of the fruits, vegetables, poultry, eggs, farm products, livestock or other commodities inspected and such other pertinent facts as the commissioner may require. Such a certificate relative to the condition or quality of the farm products is prima facie evidence in all courts of the State of the facts required to be stated in the certificate.

#### § 447. Access for inspection purposes

The commissioner, in person or by deputy, has free access at all reasonable hours to any building or other place wherein it is reasonably believed that farm products are marked, branded or labeled in accordance with official grades established and promulgated by the commissioner or are being marketed or held for commercial purposes. The commissioner has power in person or by deputy to open any bags, crates or other containers containing such farm products and examine the contents thereof and may, upon tendering the market price, take samples therefrom. Whoever obstructs or hinders the commissioner or any of the commissioner's duly qualified assistants in the performance of the commissioner's duties under this subchapter commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 must be adjudged.

#### § 448. Quality assurance

The commissioner shall, in conjunction with the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, the Cooperative Extension Service and other public or private agencies, maintain a program of quality assurance by the diligent enforcement of all provisions of this Part which pertain to grading, labeling, licensing and advertising of agricultural products, and by providing direct and indirect assistance to the industry in the adoption of those new technologies and methods of production which will improve the quality of Maine agricultural products.

